Zeitschrift:	Das Werk : Architektur und Kunst = L'oeuvre : architecture et art
Band:	50 (1963)
Heft:	11: Bauten des Bundes
Rubrik:	Summaries in English

Nutzungsbedingungen

Die ETH-Bibliothek ist die Anbieterin der digitalisierten Zeitschriften auf E-Periodica. Sie besitzt keine Urheberrechte an den Zeitschriften und ist nicht verantwortlich für deren Inhalte. Die Rechte liegen in der Regel bei den Herausgebern beziehungsweise den externen Rechteinhabern. Das Veröffentlichen von Bildern in Print- und Online-Publikationen sowie auf Social Media-Kanälen oder Webseiten ist nur mit vorheriger Genehmigung der Rechteinhaber erlaubt. <u>Mehr erfahren</u>

Conditions d'utilisation

L'ETH Library est le fournisseur des revues numérisées. Elle ne détient aucun droit d'auteur sur les revues et n'est pas responsable de leur contenu. En règle générale, les droits sont détenus par les éditeurs ou les détenteurs de droits externes. La reproduction d'images dans des publications imprimées ou en ligne ainsi que sur des canaux de médias sociaux ou des sites web n'est autorisée qu'avec l'accord préalable des détenteurs des droits. En savoir plus

Terms of use

The ETH Library is the provider of the digitised journals. It does not own any copyrights to the journals and is not responsible for their content. The rights usually lie with the publishers or the external rights holders. Publishing images in print and online publications, as well as on social media channels or websites, is only permitted with the prior consent of the rights holders. <u>Find out more</u>

Download PDF: 15.07.2025

ETH-Bibliothek Zürich, E-Periodica, https://www.e-periodica.ch

The present issue has been arranged by Jakob Ott, architect FAS/SIA, former Director of the Swiss Federal Office of Works.

The Swiss Confederation Builds by Jakob Ott

Since 1878 most Federal construction projects have come under the Department of the Interior. The Swiss Federal Office of Works is entrusted with the carrying out of the actual construction and maintenance of all Federal Buildings. Fortifications and the buildings of the Swiss Federal Railways do not fall within this classification.

Very frequently it happens that the drafting of the plans and the actual erection of Federal buildings require more time and are more complex than building projects for private owners. The Swiss Federal Office of Works in every case sets up a pilot project. Once this has been accepted, the actual construction can be assigned to firms of architects. Largescale projects must be submitted to both houses of the Federal Assembly, who have them studied by their expert committees. All these are conditions that have not always resulted in happy architectural solutions and ones that are in keeping with the spirit of the age. Recently, however, there has begun to emerge a better understanding of the State's responsibilities regarding architectural problems.

1959. Architects: W. Gantenbein FAS/SIA, Zurich; Scherrer & Moham,

In addition to housing the routine public health services, this building

Main building of three stories for laboratories and measuring apparatus.

can, if need be, accommodate refugees.

Weather Observatory of Locarno/Monti

1958. Plan: Swiss Federal Office of Works, Berne

Buchs

Telephone Exchange in Lucerne 4 1950. Architect: Swiss Federal Office of Works, Berne 4	Three symmetrically inverted floors, plus a hall beneath a roof suspend- ed from four masts.
The urban site of the building required that in the planning the prestig factor be taken into account.	ge Embassy of Switzerland in New Delhi 430 1957–63. Architect: the late Prof. Hans Hofmann, Dr. h.c., FAS/SIA; asso- ciate: Walter Rüegg SIA, New Delhi; annexes: architects: Kanvinde & Ray, New Delhi
Post, Telegraph and Telephone Building on the Säntis 4 1961. Architects: Hohl & Rohner, Herisau 4	18 Except for the annexes, the entire building is accommodated beneath one broadly overhanging roof.
At an altitude of 2,500 m a cable-railway station has been combined with a radio transmitting station.	New Interior Renovation in the Federal Palace 436
	Architect: Swiss Federal Office of Works, Berne
Institutes of Agronomy and of Forestry of the Federal Institute Technology, Zurich 4 1958. Architect: Prof. William Dunkel FAS/SIA, Zurich	of 19 The renovation of the Federal Palace also falls within the competence of the Swiss Federal Office of Works.
Main building of five stories (plus ground floor) and experimental gree houses.	Modern Ecclesiastical Art in the Jura 437 by Max Huggler
Houses for Frontier Police at Castasegna 4 1958. Architect: Bruno Giacometti FAS/SIA, Zurich 4 Each house comprises two flats of four rooms; heating by stoves.	20 There were created in the Bernese Jura during the 50's several impor- tant examples of church art, which are still not so well known as they deserve: modern church windows in village churches. They were in- spired by the churches in Assy (Savoy) and in neighbouring Audincourt
	and Les Bréseux in the French Jura. For these works we have to thank the initiative of the Delsberg architect Jeanne Bueche, who succeeded
Railway Station Post Office at Buchs (St. Gall) 4 1958. Architect: W. Gantenbein FAS/SIA, Zurich 4	in getting Fernand Léger to do the stained-glass windows and Jean Lurçat a large tapestry in the church of Courfaivre enlarged by her. She could also induce Roger Bissière to create the stained-glass windows in the baroque churches she restored in the villages of Cornol and Deve- lier. Finally, Maurice Estève helped her on her new chapel of Berlincourt There should also be mentioned here the coloured glass compositions
This frontier post office is well designed to handle postal parcels.	
Swiss Confederation Government Building, Papiermühlestrass Berne	created by the Fribourg painter Bernard Schorderet for the new church of Vicques (architect: Fernand Dumas, Romont).
Plan: Swiss Federal Office of Works, Berne; prefabrication: IGECO S Etoy, Vaud	A., Ceramics of Irma Bamert 443 by Ursula Isler
The building, which comprises twenty-three construction axes and fistories, was erected and poured in ten weeks.	
Frontier Sanitary Inspection Building at Buchs (Canton of St. Ga	

424

425

413

426

428

445

Radar Tower, Lägern-Hochwacht

1962. Architects: Knecht & Habegger, Bülach

Tower of reinforced concrete with freight lift.

Radar Tower and Television Relay Station, Albis-Felsenegg 426 1961, Architect: Edwin Schoch, Zurich

Tower of ten stories in reinforced concrete.

Frontier Sanitary Inspection Building at Chiasso

Architects: P. and H. Wenger FAS/SIA. Brig

Two Government Buildings in the Ticino: Post Office at Airolo, 1950, and District Office of the Customs Bureau in Lugano, 1962 427 Architect: Rino Tami FAS, Lugano

A small post office designed for multiple functions and a large office building housing the district headquarters of the Customs Bureau and the Federal Office of Highways and Rivers.

sists in their coloured glaze, which lifts them above the handicrafts level

When Edvard Munch died at the age of 80 in 1944, he left to his native city of Oslo 1,026 oils, 4,473 drawings and water-colours and 15,391

graphic works. The Museum, which the municipality of Oslo had built

from 1960 to 1963 by the architects Einar Myklebust and Gunnar Fougner, has no intention of displaying the entire enormous bequest at once. New

selections from ever differing points of view are to be exhibited. The museum building is distinguished by a combination of simplicity and great precision with regard to the dimensioning, the materials, the colour

and makes of them truly expressive works of art.

The Munch Museum in Oslo

scheme and the lighting.

by J.P.Hodin