World Wild Life Fund

Autor(en): [s.n.]

Objekttyp: Article

Zeitschrift: The Swiss observer : the journal of the Federation of Swiss Societies in the UK

Band (Jahr): - (1964)

Heft 1457

PDF erstellt am: 21.09.2024

Persistenter Link: https://doi.org/10.5169/seals-694272

Nutzungsbedingungen

Die ETH-Bibliothek ist Anbieterin der digitalisierten Zeitschriften. Sie besitzt keine Urheberrechte an den Inhalten der Zeitschriften. Die Rechte liegen in der Regel bei den Herausgebern. Die auf der Plattform e-periodica veröffentlichten Dokumente stehen für nicht-kommerzielle Zwecke in Lehre und Forschung sowie für die private Nutzung frei zur Verfügung. Einzelne Dateien oder Ausdrucke aus diesem Angebot können zusammen mit diesen Nutzungsbedingungen und den korrekten Herkunftsbezeichnungen weitergegeben werden.

Das Veröffentlichen von Bildern in Print- und Online-Publikationen ist nur mit vorheriger Genehmigung der Rechteinhaber erlaubt. Die systematische Speicherung von Teilen des elektronischen Angebots auf anderen Servern bedarf ebenfalls des schriftlichen Einverständnisses der Rechteinhaber.

Haftungsausschluss

Alle Angaben erfolgen ohne Gewähr für Vollständigkeit oder Richtigkeit. Es wird keine Haftung übernommen für Schäden durch die Verwendung von Informationen aus diesem Online-Angebot oder durch das Fehlen von Informationen. Dies gilt auch für Inhalte Dritter, die über dieses Angebot zugänglich sind.

Ein Dienst der *ETH-Bibliothek* ETH Zürich, Rämistrasse 101, 8092 Zürich, Schweiz, www.library.ethz.ch

http://www.e-periodica.ch



WORLD WILD LIFE FUND

It has been found more and more in the course of the past decades that far-reaching measures were necessary to protect nature. For this reason, the World Wild Life Fund was created in 1961. This international organisation has its seat in Switzerland. From 15th to 30th April, an appeal was sent to all households in the German- and French-speaking parts of Switzerland. In a message the Committee of Patrons which includes eminent personalities like the former Federal Councillors Etter, Petitpierre, Streuli and Lepori, the Presidents of the Swiss Federation for the Protection of Nature, of the Commission for the "Heimatschutz", of the National Park authorities, Prince Heinrich of Liechtenstein, etc., stated that unspoilt nature was not only an irreplaceable source of inspiration, relaxation and scientific knowledge, but its upkeep was essential also for oecological and economic reasons - one only had to think of clean air and pure water; quite apart from ethical obligations towards all things alive. [A.T.S.]

THE OLDEST PENSION SCHEME IN SWITZERLAND

Four hundred years ago the Parochial Chapter of the Sisgau (to which the middle and upper part of the Baselbiet, as well as several communes of the Fricktal belonged) decided at its meeting at Sissach on 1st May 1564 to care for widows and orphans of ministers and to start a fund called "Kammergut". The plague had brought terrible distress, but it needed the initiative and drive of one man, Leonhard Struebin, founder of the nearly three-hundredyear-old dynasty of ministers at Bubendorf and Ziefen. He was the son of the famous Schultheiss Heini Struebin of Liestal who had brought back the drinking vessel of Charles the Bold after the Burgundian Wars. Leonhard Struebin was the only Archdeacon in Baselland and worked for fifty-seven years in his double parish.

The "Kammergutskorporation" dates back to an even older institution, the brotherhood of the Sisgau Chapter which was mentioned for the first time in 1375. Leonhard Struebin himself donated twenty florins to start the fund. This was later enriched so much that many widows and orphans could be helped. Even today, annuities are paid to retired ministers, widows and orphans, though owing to devaluation, pensions are of necessity only very small.

Thus this oldest pension fund in Switzerland still does good work after several hundred years. [A.T.S.]

TEN YEARS OF SWISS MISSION IN KOREA

The Neutral Commission in Korea can look back on ten years of active work. Switzerland has belonged to it since the signing of the cease fire treaty in Panmunjom, together with Sweden, Poland and Czecho-Slovakia. During the past ten years, a total of 542 Swiss have been on duty in Korea. The Federal Council considers in its report that the area is still a danger zone, but thanks to the peaceful activities the Neutral Commission is able to exercise a stabilising influence.

[A.T.S.]

NEWS FROM THE FEDERAL MINT

In 1963, the Federal Mint produced 115 million coins for the Federal Treasury. In addition, a further 220,000 Red Cross special coins were produced. The total value of all the coins minted for the Federal Treasury amounted to 48.2 million francs.

For Israel the Federal Mint produced six million aluminium coins, 45,000 one-pound and half-pound coins, and 3,200 gold coins each at 50 and 100 Israeli pounds. For the Republic of Liberia, 10,200 twenty-dollar gold coins were minted in Berne.

Out of a total of 736 coins tested, 444 proved to be forged.

[A.T.S.]

THE ANGLO-SWISS INSURANCE & REINSURANCE AGENCY LTD.

in collaboration with

THE SWITZERLAND GENERAL INSURANCE COMPANY (LONDON) LTD.

52 Leadenhall Street, London E.C.3 Telephone Royal 7200

extend to you the benefit of their long experience in all insurance matters. The "SWITZERLAND" through the parent company "SCHWEIZ" ALLGE-MEINE VERSICHERUNGS-AKTIEN-GESELLSCHAFT, ZURICH have a world-wide organisation in touch with present-day business conditions throughout the world. If you have any enquiries please do not hesitate to approach us.

> ELIZABETH HOUSE, FULWOOD PLACE HIGH HOLBORN, LONDON, W.C.I Telephone CHAncery 8554 (5 lines)