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ISOPERIMETRIC INEQUALITIES AND THE ASYMPTOTIC GEOMETRY OF HADAMARD SPACES

by Urs LANG and Stefan WENGER

The conjecture we describe here deals with isoperimetric fillings of k -cycles in a proper cocompact CAT(0)-space X , where it is assumed that k is greater than or equal to the *Euclidean rank* of X , i.e. the maximal $n \in \mathbf{N}$ for which \mathbf{R}^n isometrically embeds into X . In order to state the conjecture let us fix the following notation. Given a complete metric space X and $k \in \mathbf{N}$ we define the *filling volume function* FV_{k+1} of X by

$$FV_{k+1}(s) := \sup \{ \text{FillVol}(T) : T \text{ is a } k\text{-cycle in } X \text{ with } \text{Vol}(T) \leq s \},$$

where $\text{FillVol}(T)$ is the least volume of a $(k+1)$ -chain with boundary T . In this generality, a suitable chain complex is provided by the metric integral currents introduced by Ambrosio and Kirchheim in [1]. Alternatively, one may work with a simplicial approximation (e.g. a Rips complex) of X and then use Lipschitz chains or simplicial chains.

In his seminal paper [2] Gromov proved that every *Hadamard manifold*, i.e. complete simply-connected Riemannian manifold of non-positive sectional curvature, admits a Euclidean isoperimetric inequality for k -cycles for every $k \geq 1$, thus

$$FV_{k+1}(s) \leq Cs^{\frac{k+1}{k}}$$

for all $s \geq 0$ and for some constant C . More generally, this holds true for CAT(0)-spaces, and even for metric spaces admitting cone type inequalities for l -cycles, $l = 1, \dots, k$, as was shown by Wenger in [7]. The latter property is shared for example by all geodesic metric spaces with convex distance function and all Banach spaces.

If X is a CAT(κ)-space with $\kappa < 0$, i.e. has a strictly negative upper curvature bound, then it is not difficult to show, see [8], that X admits a linear isoperimetric inequality for k -cycles for every $k \geq 1$, i.e.

$$FV_{k+1}(s) \leq Cs$$

for all s and for some constant C .

Now, one of the rough guiding principles in the theory of non-positively curved spaces is that their asymptotic geometry should exhibit hyperbolic behavior in the dimensions above the rank. The following conjecture appears, though somewhat implicitly, in Gromov's book [4].

CONJECTURE 47.1. *Every proper cocompact CAT(0)-space X of Euclidean rank r admits a linear isoperimetric inequality for k -cycles for every $k \geq r$.*

Instead of assuming X to be proper, cocompact and of Euclidean rank $\leq k$, one may also look at the larger class of CAT(0)-spaces all of whose asymptotic cones have geometric dimension at most k . For a proper cocompact CAT(0)-space X , the Euclidean rank r equals 1 if and only if X is hyperbolic in the sense of Gromov. Then, for $k = 1$, a linear isoperimetric inequality holds, as is well known, see [3]. More generally, in geodesic Gromov hyperbolic spaces satisfying suitable conditions on the geometry on small scales (not necessarily CAT(0)), linear isoperimetric inequalities for k -cycles hold for all $k \geq 1$. This was shown, in a simplicial setup, by Lang in [5]. In particular, the conjecture holds in the case $r = 1$, as follows from [5] and the Lipschitz extension results of [6].

As for the case $r > 1$, the conjecture is known to hold for symmetric spaces of non-compact type. In fact, if X is a symmetric space of non-compact type and $F \subset X$ is a maximal flat of dimension r , the orthogonal projection onto F decreases r -dimensional volume exponentially with the distance from the flat. This can be used to produce fillings with a linear volume bound.

A consequence of the above conjecture would be that isoperimetric inequalities detect the Euclidean rank. This also follows from the following result, which has recently been proved by Wenger in [9]: Let $k \in \mathbf{N}$ and let X be a quasiconvex metric space admitting cone type inequalities for l -cycles for $l = 1, \dots, k$. Then X admits a 'sub-Euclidean' isoperimetric inequality for k -cycles, i.e.

$$\limsup_{s \rightarrow \infty} \frac{FV_{k+1}(s)}{s^{\frac{k+1}{k}}} = 0,$$

if and only if every asymptotic cone of X has dimension at most k . As it stands the conjecture remains open for most cases even in the context of Hadamard manifolds.

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