# ICRC operations in 2001: a few facts and figures

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### **ICRC OPERATIONS IN 2001: A FEW FACTS AND FIGURES**

# People deprived of their freedom

To prevent or put an end to forced disappearances and summary executions, torture and ill-treatment, to restore family links and to improve conditions of detention :

- 346,807 detainees were visited in
  - 1,988 places of detention in

72 countries, including

24,479 detainees who were registered and visited for the first time,

and

- 70,164 people visited detained relatives with help from the ICRC.
- 32,815 certificates of detention were issued.

#### **Restoring family links**

To re-establish family links in situations of armed conflict or internal violence:

- 447,004 Red Cross messages were collected;
- 418,461 Red Cross messages were distributed;
  - 1,897 people whose families had filed tracing requests were located;
  - 1,662 people were reunited with their families;
  - 7,463 people were issued with travel documents to allow them to return home or resettle elsewhere.

#### Assistance

To save lives, mitigate the worst effects of conflict and ultimately restore people's ability to provide for themselves, direct assistance was provided to up to:

- 1,000,000 people, and monthly assistance to an average of
  - 320,000 internally displaced people and some
  - 260,000 members of the resident population.
- A further
  - 96,000 people deprived of their freedom received regular assistance.
- In all,
  - 135,000 tonnes of food, clothing, blankets, tents, etc., worth
    - 128 million Swiss francs, and
    - 29 million Swiss francs' worth of medical, water/sanitation and orthopaedic materials were distributed in
    - 60 countries.

#### Water and habitat

To help ensure supplies of clean water and adequate sanitation, the ICRC provided technical and material assistance for the following activities, thereby catering for the water needs of some

- 2.5 million people worldwide at an annual cost of some
- 96 million Swiss francs.
- 35 water treatment plants were partially rehabilitated in major cities in
- 10 countries.
- 220 boreholes, wells and handpumps were brought back into commission in rural areas of
  - 17 countries.
- 6,500 household latrines were installed in
  - 12 countries.
  - 17 hospitals and their infrastructure and over
  - 33 dispensaries/health centres were renovated in
  - 11 countries.

Water and sanitation facilities were renovated in over

44 detention centres in

8 countries.

Note: Some figures have been rounded up or down.



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#### Care for war-disabled

#### Through

40 projects in

14 countries,

- 28,024 orthopaedic appliances were manufactured, comprising
- 16,501 prostheses to replace missing limbs, and
- 11,523 orthoses to support malfunctioning limbs.
- 7,418 people were fitted with prostheses for the first time;
- 6,722 people were fitted with orthoses for the first time.

1,163 wheelchairs and

- 16,637 pairs of crutches were produced.
- 9,779 amputees were victims of landmines.

#### Health services

The ICRC provided substantial assistance on a regular basis to:

- 134 hospitals in
- 22 countries around the world to treat
- 286,309 patients admitted (including
- 18,189 war-wounded), carry out
- 161,832 operations and provide consultations for

#### 2,330,699 outpatients.

The ICRC's permanent war-surgery teams worked in

- 8 of these hospitals, performing more than
- 13,500 operations on
- 10,500 patients, and treating a further
- 69,850 people as outpatients.
- More than

150 other hospitals received ad hoc assistance.

Other ICRC surgical teams carried out short war-surgery training assignments in

- 15 hospitals in
- 7 countries, and
- 15 war-surgery seminars were held in
- 13 countries for national civilian and military surgeons, in addition to the annual warsurgery seminar held in Geneva.
- The ICRC supported :
  - 23 first-aid posts in
  - 11 countries which treated more than
  - 10,200 war-wounded.

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#### Human resources

At the end of 2001 the ICRC employed

- 10,857 staff, consisting of:
- 1,161 expatriates (including
  - 176 National Society personnel),
- 8,896 people recruited locally and

800 staff at its Geneva headquarters.

