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«What about critical thought within the design studio, Mr. Lütjens, Mr. Padmanabhan?»

tain realities that we would not accept.»

«Before being able to be critical, I think that discussion.» you should be able to truly and without restraints, love only be critical about something, including the things you like, if you know what they are.»

«Our cultural situation as a civilization is very confusing. There are no canonic rules anymore in architecture. They have been lost. We do not believe in the reconstruction of a set of rules. We believe in their critical contemplation, case by case. What can you and what can you not do with them? Where are your limits? For us, criticality means understanding the logic of the architectural production, to partially accept it, and partially go against it.»

«How does this take place in your teaching?»

«Even though we are quite young and do not have much experience, I think that we have confidence critical operation. We feel that it's always an obligation in what we do and in the way we do it. We put a lot of to think of a possibility of the city in every single project.» thought and discussion into it. In the end, we stand in front of the students as the persons that we are, with little distance and a lot of enthusiasm of what architecture could be today. We believe that our teaching is highly optimistic and motivating for the students. We are almost the students' accomplices when we teach. We are not very critical; we do not sit back and say: You should really have to look at that façade because it's not really working. We try to engage in a precise way to help the students to make a better project. Thus, when the critiques are over they know what to do next. We do not give them tasks as we would do in the office, but we are feeding them with ideas. We believe that the students should come as far as possible so that there is, in the end, an artifact that they can contemplate and really learn from. We believe that they should make five steps rather than one within the short amount of time of a semester.»

«The architectural culture that surrounds us is not always strong enough to support a critical discourse. In other words, we like to feed our students with great examples of architecture so that they look at them, speak Vincent Bianchi and Yann Salzmann.

about them and make friends with them. If they stare at them long enough they will get a feeling of how great, how dense architecture can be in terms of its expression, sensuality, and ideas. We like to surround our students with what is for us the best buildings. Sometimes they are «I find it very interesting that you mention the idea of not from this place and sometimes they are not even from critical thought in relation to architecture and architecture. After they have befriended these examples they tural education. Every citizen should train his or her can try to work with them. Because we do not give them critical thinking. However, when you are an architect or directions on how to do it, their critical mind has to be when you train to be one, critical thought can be devel- super active. They have to make lots of tiny decisions in a oped inside the architectural work rather than as an atti-very short time, they have to ask themselves: «What tude supplied from outside. As designers, our personal makes it good? Is it the construction, is it the form, is it experience was that our critical thinking was formed or the way it casts a shadow, is it the proportion, the texture challenged the most when we were confronted with cer- or the figure? We think that the immersion into the material is a precondition for any critical discourse or

«We had this student who was always quessomething. We show buildings that we love to students, tioning everything. In the end, I had this feeling that he we talk about them, use them as references. Through did not have a clue but that he was very good at quesour work we try to aspire to them, to push the students tioning things. That also does not lead anywhere. There to engage with them. Of course, this does not mean are a lot of briefs in competitions that you have to fulthat they will necessarily love the same thing, as we fill. Of course, you have to look for the possibilities, for doubt that they will figure out what they like. You can the potential to produce something amazing. But if you do a (Genossenschaft) housing, they really know what they want, and it's not so boring. You can fulfill it and find out that something in this brief makes a possibility for amazing architecture.»

«We do not think that competition briefs should be changed. Rather we know that the brief does not ask for what we call architecture. It does not require the urbanity that is essential to our profession. We know that we have to fulfill it in the best possible way, better than anybody else. At the same time, we feel obliged to do architecture as we understand it. It's like another burden, another brief that's always there. If you do not do it your life is much easier. You can just glue things that function together and end up with a product to which you give a façade. For us saying: (no, it's not enough) is a profoundly

This text is taken from the interview with Oliver Lütjens and Thomas Padmanabhan led at their office in Zurich the 13th of June 2017 by