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Creative campaigns meet zeitgeist

World events always play a role in the marketing of Switzerland. Switzerland Tourism stays up-to-date by devising skilful campaigns that pick up on current trends – but also by creating new trends of their own.

In 1945, pictures of happy soldiers spending time in Switzerland at the SNTO's invitation went right around the world. Gls smiling and waving from a chairlift, gazing through the windows of clock shops and conquering summits on touring skis. Of course Switzerland's invitation to US troops stationed in Europe was not without an ulterior motive: it was hoped that the uniformed guests would help reinvigorate foreign tourism. The idea was a hit: with over 20 million overnight stays in hotel and spa businesses, in 1947 tourism in Switzerland reached heights never before attained. Much of the success

was also due to later arrivals from the US, who in a 1968 survey voted Switzerland their "dream travel destination".

"Attack is the best form of defence"

Creative inspiration was already in demand in the crisis-ridden 1930s, when the image of Switzerland as an expensive enclave weighed heavily on the entire country. Quick as a flash, motor tourists were tempted into Switzerland with "cut-price tourist petrol", package offers were created for "wedding couples", and fees for mountain guides were brought down. In the 1970s, amidst the oil crisis, Switzerland's creative tourism minds were once again put to the test. SNTO director Kämpfen's rallying cry was loud and clear: "Attack is the best form of defence!" Within a short time a catalogue of 300 summer offers was created, and a new hotel guide was distributed to all Swissair passengers. Messages such as "Switzerland – treat your money to a well-earned holiday" clearly set out the way in which Switzerland intended to sell itself. Campaigns courted quality-conscious individual travellers with "Tailor-made holidays, not mass tourism".



A new chapter for Swiss tourism began with the construction of Zurich International Airport.



Swissair's first transatlantic flight flew from Geneva to New York (diverted to Washington due to weather).

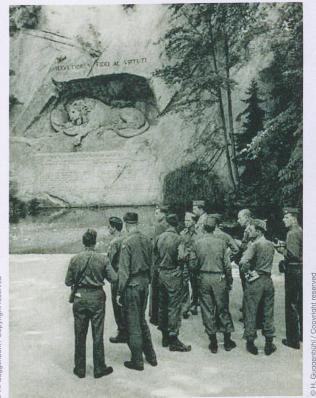
1946

1947

1948

St. Moritz hosted the Winter Olympics for the second time.







4 Guadanhühl



Creative courage pays off: US soldiers acted as advertising ambassadors, helping to kick-start foreign tourism after World War II.

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