

Zeitschrift: Swiss express : the Swiss Railways Society journal
Herausgeber: Swiss Railways Society
Band: 2 (1988-1990)
Heft: 3

Artikel: Bern SVB - Städtische Verkehrsbetriebe Bern
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DOI: <https://doi.org/10.5169/seals-855289>

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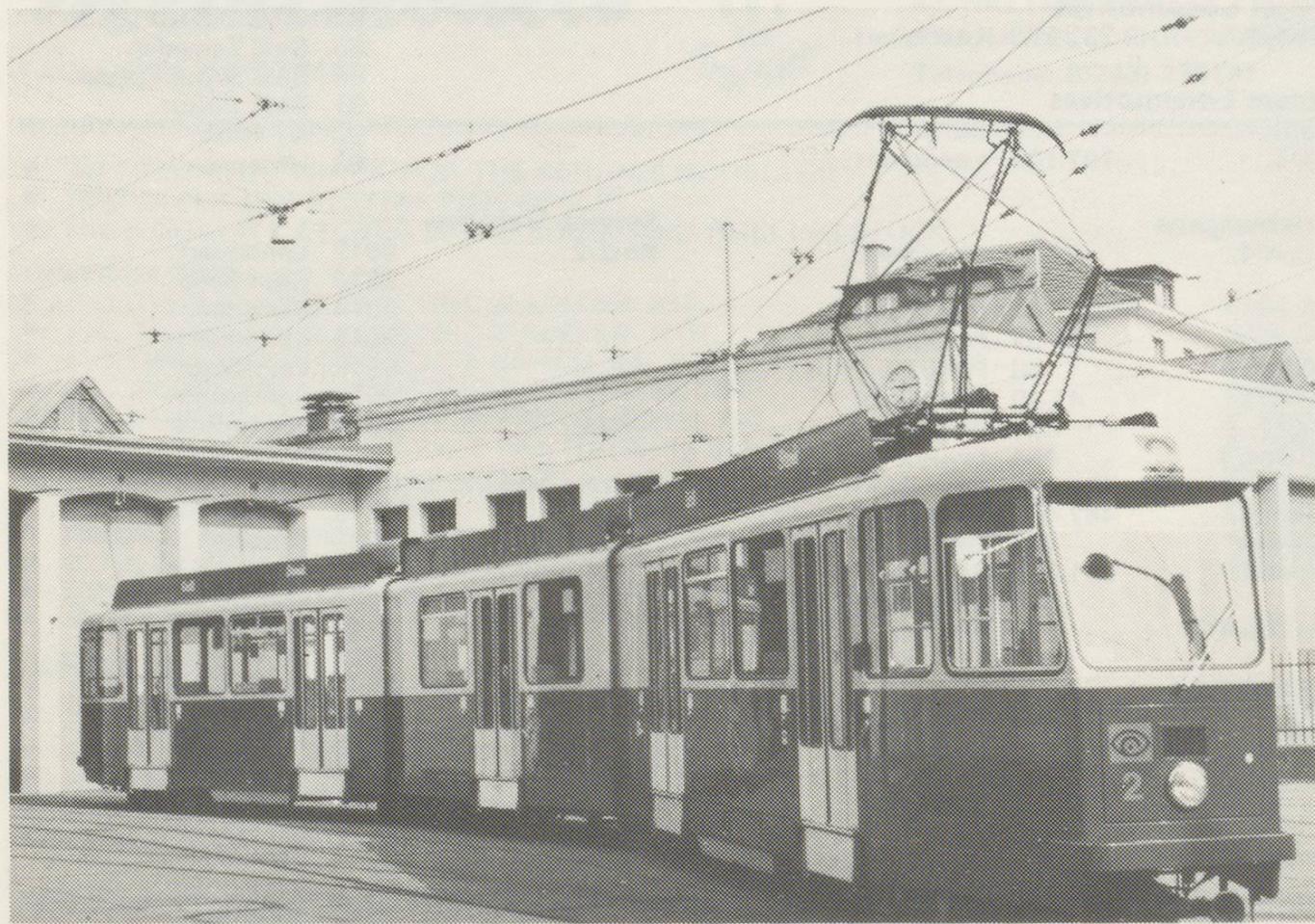
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SWITZERLAND'S OTHER RAILWAYS
AN INTRODUCTION TO THE SWISS URBAN TRAMWAYS
Bern SVB — Städtische Verkehrsbetriebe Bern
By N.P. Wheelwright

Switzerland's capital retains its tramway system which, whilst suffering closures, still retains a network of three cross city routes. The system is noteworthy for the through running of the VBW 'blue' trains into the city streets. At one time the city had the unusual combination of (compressed) air, steam and electric trams operating concurrently on the one system.

The system's maximum extent of over 17 Km in 1932/5 was only a little greater than its current length as the closure of the three routes to Güterbahnhof, Länggasse and Brückfeld, have been balanced by the opening of a new extension, to Saali, in 1974.

The heart of the network, common to all routes, is from Hauptbahnhof to Zytglogge, the now pedestrianised main street Spitalgasse/Marktgasse. Here trams and trolleybuses can be photographed passing the fountains and against a backdrop of arcaded buildings. The quiet approach of the electric vehicles has necessitated the painting of a green line on each side of the 'danger' area as a warning to jaywalking pedestrians and transport photographers.



SVB New Artic Tram Unit. No. 2. Route 9

Photo: SVB

The tram stop at Hauptbahnhof, linked to the station by a maze of subterranean thoroughfares, is the main interchange for the SVB services, with many trolley/bus routes terminating in adjacent streets. In order to cater for the traffic volume there are two platforms for each direction, in a staggered arrangement to take up the minimum road width. The loading platforms are also used by trolleybuses. The terminal loop around the nearby church appears to be almost unused, but the loop towards the west does see some occasional use.

The majority of the routes are traditional road centre running. Fortunately, most of the roads beyond the city centre are wide enough to allow this without obstruction from parallel road traffic. Where there is insufficient space for passenger islands at tram stops traffic lights have been installed to protect the passengers crossing the road to reach the tram. Much of the southern part of route 9 has been modernised and moved to a roadside reservation as has the non traffic section, from Weissenbühl to route 9, which allows more direct access to Eigerplatz depot.

The principal exception is the 1974 extension of route 3 to Saali. This follows the VBW, still road running, from Burgernziel as far as Egghölzli and then diverges along Stadtbahn style right of way to the terminus in a newish housing development. The terminal layout indicates unfulfilled ambition to extend towards Gümmlingen, although the town is already served by the VBW and SBB.

The VBW currently enters Bern along route 3 to terminus tracks at Kirchenfeld (SVB Helvetiaplatz), short of the river, and thus some distance from the city centre. There are plans to extend the route through the city over SVB tracks, possibly onto the southern section of route 9. This route, VBW line G, uses the 'blue trains' which include some trailers from the OEG (Mannheim, West Germany). This entire fleet is due for replacement within the next few years, probably with articulated tram style vehicles.

Prior to the building of the new Hauptbahnhof and the underground route in from Worblaufen the VBW and SZB interurbans entered Bern over other SVB routes. The VBW followed the northern section of route 9 from Stadion to a terminus in Kornhausplatz and the SZB joined the now closed route from Brückfeld at Tierspital. This terminated in Bahnhofplatz, on the town side of the new station building.

The SVB system is run from three depots although that at Weissenbühl, terminus of route 3, is only used for stored vehicles. The depot at Burgernziel, eastern junction of routes 3 and 5, is the P.W. depot and houses many of the departmental cars. The depot is home to the preserved stock whilst also providing some cars for the daily service. The principal tram depot is at Eigerplatz, on route 3, which shares the site with the SVB central works, trolleybus and main bus garages. The works are almost self-sufficient and includes wheel profiling equipment. SVB also carries out 99% of the maintenance on its approximately 330 (Autelca) ticket machines.

The fleet consists of two batches of Swiss standard bogie cars with matching trailers and a fleet of 8-axle double articulated cars which run, without trailers, predominantly on route 9. The prototype double articulated car, No. 401, is unique in its use of 4, single axle, radial bogies. This design was not sufficiently successful to be perpetuated but it can be seen during peak hours, operating with a trailer, on route 3.

A series of 'double ended' bogie cars and trailers remain 'on the books'. The power cars are supposedly stored although one car was noted 'available for service' as recently as mid 1985. These cars were built for predominantly singled ended working which meant that the offside sliding doors remained manually operated whilst the nearside folding doors were air operated. The trailers, which are distinguishable for their air operated sliding doors, remain in operation until replaced with standard bogie trailers purchased from Zürich (VBZ) in late 1986.