

Zeitschrift: The Swiss observer : the journal of the Federation of Swiss Societies in the UK

Herausgeber: Federation of Swiss Societies in the United Kingdom

Band: - (1967)

Heft: 1525

Artikel: Elections in the canton of Lucerne

Autor: [s.n.]

DOI: <https://doi.org/10.5169/seals-693599>

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largest in the chemical industry (+19%) and in the watch-making industry (+14%), while output in the textile industry decreased (-4%) and that in the clothing industries remained practically stationary.

In agriculture, the gross output was 3,864 million francs, which represents an increase of 6.4% compared with 1965.

Finance

On the money and financial market, the tension has increased still further. The official discount rate, which had been 2.5% since the beginning of July 1964, was raised to 3.5% by the Swiss National Bank, from July 6th, 1966.

On the whole, the evolution of the situation allows us to deduce that the growth will continue in 1967 but at a slower pace. It is likely that demand will remain in excess of supply although less so than before: consequently, the trend towards higher prices and costs will continue in various sectors of the economy. The role incumbent on financial policy will take on even greater importance in the fight against inflation.

(*Swiss Office for the Development of Trade — O.S.E.C.*)

ELECTIONS IN THE CANTON OF LUCERNE

In the elections in the Canton of Lucerne on 7th May, all seven members of the Government were confirmed in office, and thus the representation of the Parties remains the same: Conservatives three, Liberals two, Socialists and Christian Socialists one each. Voting participation was surprisingly high with 85.44%.

A similar participation was recorded for the elections to the Cantonal Parliament. This, for Lucerne, was, however, rather on the low side.

Like in the recent Zurich elections, the big surprise was the increase in popularity of the "Landesring der Unabhängigen". They managed to increase their seats from five to twelve in the Parliament of 170. In Lucerne alone, they doubled their numbers. All twelve of their candidates were elected. The picture now is the following: Conservatives 70 seats (as thitherto), Christian-Socialists 17 (-2); Liberals 59 (-4); Social Democrats 11 (-2), Landesring 12 (+7), Farmers and Citizens (BGB) 1 (+1). The Liberals are the biggest losers, whilst the BGB are now represented for the first time. The dissident young Liberals "Junges Luzern" and the group "Freiheit und Recht" were not successful.

[A.T.S]

NEW SWISS R.C. CARDINAL

Amongst the 27 new Cardinals chosen by H.H. the Pope is a Swiss, Dr. P. Benno Gut. He was born in 1897 at Reiden (Lucerne). As Benedictine Pater of Einsiedeln he was Professor at the International Benedictine University in Rome. Then he became Prefect at the *Stiftsschule* Einsiedeln and later Abbot of the Monastery. For the last few years he has been once more in Rome as Abbot *Primas* of the Benedictines.

(*"Basler Nachrichten".*)

FEDERAL MOSAIC

In a comment in the "Basler Nachrichten" on 15th April, the writer reflects on the travelling which the Federal Councillors do nowadays. He remembers the pertinent remarks made in dailies when Federal Councillor Escher went to Paris for the first time, and, when his successor, Federal Councillor Lepori undertook a personal journey to East Asia, the critics were very vociferous. Now, the members of the Federal Government travel far and wide, and nobody voices any objection; the journeys of Ministers to EFTA Conferences have made the public used to them. Recently, Federal Councillor Schaffner was in Japan to represent Switzerland at the International Trade Fair, and later to pay an official visit to Hong Kong. Federal Councillor Tschudi gave an address at the opening of the extension of the Swiss Institute in Rome. Later, Federal Councillor Schaffner represented Switzerland at the 20th anniversary celebrations of the European Trade Commission, and, at the end of April, the Swiss Foreign Minister, *Bundesrat* Spuehler, paid a visit to Austria, during which he discussed problems common to the two countries.

Federal Councillor Spuehler also represented Switzerland at the 40th meeting of the Committee of Ministers of the Council of Europe. He and his colleague Dr. Schaffner attended the EFTA meeting in London at the end of April, the latter having been at the EFTA meeting in Stockholm in early March.

The Vice-President of the Confederation, Federal Councillor Spuehler, will represent Switzerland at the centenary celebrations in Canada; he will also attend the 1st August celebrations of the Swiss Colony at the Montreal World Exhibition. At the funeral of the West German Federal Chancellor, Dr Adenauer, the Swiss Government was represented by a former member, Dr. Max Petitpierre.

* * *

Switzerland signed the international agreement for the peaceful use of space. Israel and the Confederation have signed an agreement to cancel the requirement of visas for journeys of three months or less. The Federal Council have rejected an appeal by the Swedish Communist Nils Andersson who had been expelled on account of subversive political activities.

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At the end of 1966, 1,336 extra-territorial persons lived in the Swiss capital (1965: 1,275), members of foreign diplomatic missions accredited to the Swiss Confederation. There were 88 Embassies and 6 Legations, 65 of which in Berne. The actual number of diplomats totals 454, whilst officials number 431. There were 70 Consulates General, 94 Consulates, 9 Vice-Consulates and 14 Consular Agencies.

At the end of last year, the number of international officials in Switzerland totalled 7,650, of them 1,750 were Swiss. This is an increase of 750 within a year. To this figure must be added about 500 temporary workers. The number of permanent missions and delegations accredited to the Geneva seat of the United Nations has been increased from 67 to 73.

(Mainly by courtesy of *Agence Télégraphique Suisse*.)