

**Zeitschrift:** The Swiss observer : the journal of the Federation of Swiss Societies in the UK

**Herausgeber:** Federation of Swiss Societies in the United Kingdom

**Band:** - (1963)

**Heft:** 1439

**Artikel:** Switzerland signs Moscow test ban treaty

**Autor:** [s.n.]

**DOI:** <https://doi.org/10.5169/seals-695025>

#### **Nutzungsbedingungen**

Die ETH-Bibliothek ist die Anbieterin der digitalisierten Zeitschriften auf E-Periodica. Sie besitzt keine Urheberrechte an den Zeitschriften und ist nicht verantwortlich für deren Inhalte. Die Rechte liegen in der Regel bei den Herausgebern beziehungsweise den externen Rechteinhabern. Das Veröffentlichen von Bildern in Print- und Online-Publikationen sowie auf Social Media-Kanälen oder Webseiten ist nur mit vorheriger Genehmigung der Rechteinhaber erlaubt. [Mehr erfahren](#)

#### **Conditions d'utilisation**

L'ETH Library est le fournisseur des revues numérisées. Elle ne détient aucun droit d'auteur sur les revues et n'est pas responsable de leur contenu. En règle générale, les droits sont détenus par les éditeurs ou les détenteurs de droits externes. La reproduction d'images dans des publications imprimées ou en ligne ainsi que sur des canaux de médias sociaux ou des sites web n'est autorisée qu'avec l'accord préalable des détenteurs des droits. [En savoir plus](#)

#### **Terms of use**

The ETH Library is the provider of the digitised journals. It does not own any copyrights to the journals and is not responsible for their content. The rights usually lie with the publishers or the external rights holders. Publishing images in print and online publications, as well as on social media channels or websites, is only permitted with the prior consent of the rights holders. [Find out more](#)

**Download PDF:** 08.01.2026

**ETH-Bibliothek Zürich, E-Periodica, <https://www.e-periodica.ch>**

### BIBERIST

The Commune of Biberist also showed a favourable balance in their accounts. When the Commune Assembly accepted them they were informed that the Commune had made considerable land purchases during 1962. This industrial village with its 7,500 inhabitants is a classical example of a scattered community without a real centre. A zoning plan has now been worked out which visualises a new Commune with about 16,000 inhabitants by 1983.

The tiny village of NUGLAR-ST. PANTALEON was the first village of the Canton of Solothurn to have a water purification plant. A new task with considerable financial consequence is facing the village this year, as the roads will have to be rebuilt.

In connection with the proposed new marshalling yard at Olten-Niederamt, the Commune of GRETZENBACH has to surrender 400,000 square metres. Considerable opposition has been made.

Another Commune who had budgeted a deficit for 1962 is SCHOENENWERD. It, too, managed to have a surplus of nearly half a million francs.

The Commune of TRIMBACH also agreed to join the waste water scheme of the Olten district. A new Justice of the Peace, Hans Merk, was elected for the remainder of the period of office 1961-1965.

The largest Rural Commune of the Canton is ZUCHWIL, outside Solothurn, which counted 7,846 inhabitants at the end of June. It thus leaves Biberist behind with its 7,500 inhabitants.

### EDUCATION

There is a shortage of teachers in Solothurn. Some 45 positions were vacant at the beginning of the scholastic year in spring. New scales of improved teachers' salaries have been proposed with effect from 1st January last. A second course for the training of teachers from amongst other occupations has been decided on. It will begin in spring 1964 and will last 2½ years. This is in addition to the usual training classes for primary teachers.

The Solothurn watchmakers' college, the only school of its kind in the German-speaking part of Switzerland, showed a slight decrease in students in 1962. The testing office checked the quality of nearly 44,000 watches.

The "Schülerkosthaus" (school meal house) of the Cantonal School in Solothurn which burned down in January is to be rebuilt and enlarged.

Solothurn has one full-time and six part-time vocational guidance offices for boys and girls. This service is to be enlarged. The service for child psychiatry and school psychology is also to be improved.

### ART

Several art exhibitions took place in Solothurn, amongst them one of the works of the local painter Hans Jauslin (1909-1958) and another of Solothurn artists belonging to the Association of Swiss Artists. At the same time, an unusual exhibition of 150 artists' self-portraits from five centuries took place at the Central Library.

Olten has decided to create an art prize, and Open-Air Plays were started for the first time in Solothurn at the end of August. The magnificent steps of the St. Ursen Cathedral formed the stage. "David and Goliath" was produced, and it is hoped to organise such Solothurn Festivals on biblical themes every two or three years.

The 21st Cantonal Singing Festival of Solothurn was held at Grenchen when 3,000 singers belonging to eighty

choirs took part in the 21st contest. It was also the centenary of the "Kantonalgesangverein" of Solothurn.

### VARIOUS

The Canton of Solothurn issued a decree last year which put all historic monuments under state protection. The Canton subsidises restaurations of churches, castles and other historic buildings. After the thirteenth century Zeitglockenturm in the Market Square was renovated last summer, a Roman villa has now been excavated and restored. A further credit has been granted to renovate well-preserved Roman baths in Olten which was originally built on the remains of a Roman Castrum.

The State of Solothurn has become the owner of the Castle of Waldegg, at Feldbrunnen near Solothurn, built in 1682/3 by Johann Victor Peter Besenval. A hundred and eighty years later the von Sury Family purchased it and has been living in it ever since. The Castle is beautifully furnished and reflects the history of Solothurn. The Castle will be used as a museum.

The teachers of the Canton of Solothurn have been asked to instill love of nature into the youth of today. On 27th June the traditional "Nature Day" was celebrated when the "Storchenbatzen" was collected for the preservation of the stork reserve at Altreu. At present sixty storks live there, and last year four stork couples built their nests and hatched their young.

The Solothurn Tourist Office reported that owing to systematic propaganda more and more foreign visitors now came to the Canton. 113 hotels with a total of 1,800 beds were registered in 1962. Solothurn was thus above the average for North-Western Switzerland.

(Based on reports received by courtesy of the Agence Télégraphique Suisse.)

### SWITZERLAND SIGNS MOSCOW TEST BAN TREATY

On Friday, 23rd August, the Federal Council issued the following communiqué:

"The Federal Council, at its meeting of 23rd August, has decided to sign the Treaty to ban atomic experiments in the air, in space and under water signed by the United Soviet Socialist Republics, the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland, and the United States of America on 5th August in Moscow. This agreement is subject to acceptance by the National Council and the Council of States.

The Treaty is significant as it aims at putting an end to further radio-active pollution of the elements vital to the human race. To guarantee the success of the Treaty will be the task of the states which can effectively or potentially dispose of nuclear weapons. The joining of the Treaty by other countries is of moral and symbolic value."

The Communiqué continues to say that the Federal Council is well aware of certain inadequacies in the agreement, but, on the other hand, appreciates the psychological and humanitarian value of Swiss participation in the Treaty. This aspect is decisive for the Federal Council as the question of Switzerland's neutrality is not affected.

"If the Federal Council, by signing the partial agreement to ban tests, wishes to express the desire that the world should live in real peace, it considers it important to state that Switzerland keeps its freedom to decide on atomic armaments. Further development in this field will influence its decisions."

(*"Basler Nachrichten".*)