Zeitschrift: The Swiss observer: the journal of the Federation of Swiss Societies in

the UK

1401

Herausgeber: Federation of Swiss Societies in the United Kingdom

Band: - (1962)

Autor: [s.n.]

Heft:

Artikel:

DOI: https://doi.org/10.5169/seals-687441

The Fame of Basel

Nutzungsbedingungen

Die ETH-Bibliothek ist die Anbieterin der digitalisierten Zeitschriften auf E-Periodica. Sie besitzt keine Urheberrechte an den Zeitschriften und ist nicht verantwortlich für deren Inhalte. Die Rechte liegen in der Regel bei den Herausgebern beziehungsweise den externen Rechteinhabern. Das Veröffentlichen von Bildern in Print- und Online-Publikationen sowie auf Social Media-Kanälen oder Webseiten ist nur mit vorheriger Genehmigung der Rechteinhaber erlaubt. Mehr erfahren

Conditions d'utilisation

L'ETH Library est le fournisseur des revues numérisées. Elle ne détient aucun droit d'auteur sur les revues et n'est pas responsable de leur contenu. En règle générale, les droits sont détenus par les éditeurs ou les détenteurs de droits externes. La reproduction d'images dans des publications imprimées ou en ligne ainsi que sur des canaux de médias sociaux ou des sites web n'est autorisée qu'avec l'accord préalable des détenteurs des droits. En savoir plus

Terms of use

The ETH Library is the provider of the digitised journals. It does not own any copyrights to the journals and is not responsible for their content. The rights usually lie with the publishers or the external rights holders. Publishing images in print and online publications, as well as on social media channels or websites, is only permitted with the prior consent of the rights holders. Find out more

Download PDF: 10.12.2025

ETH-Bibliothek Zürich, E-Periodica, https://www.e-periodica.ch

The Swiss Observer

FOUNDED IN 1919 BY PAUL F. BOEHRINGER.

The Official Organ of the Swiss Colony in Great Britain

Advisory Council: R. J. KELLER (Chairman), GOTTFRIED KELLER (Vice-Chairman), O. F. BOEHRINGER, J. EUSEBIO, A. KUNZ, A. STAUFFER, G. E. SUTER. EDITED BY P. HOFSTETTER WITH THE CO-OPERATION OF MEMBERS OF THE SWISS COLONY IN GREAT BRITAIN.

Telephone: CLERKENWELL 2321/2.

Published Twice Monthly at 23, LEONARD STREET, E.C.2.

Telegrams: Freprinco, London.

Vol. 48. No. 1401

FRIDAY, 26th JANUARY 1962

THE FAME OF BASEL

In the very heart of Europe, at the point where France, Germany and Switzerland meet, the city of Basel lies, steeped in tradition, on the River Rhine at the junction of the main traffic routes.

A centrally-situated venue for congresses, Basel was, at the time of the Oecumenical Council of Basel (1431 to 1448), already renowned for her hospitality, and the foundation of the University in 1460 ensured her place as a city of culture. As early as 1471 Basel was granted the

(Photo: Swiss National Tourist Office)
"On the River Rhine . . ."

right to hold fairs, and since the First World War the town has housed, for eleven days each Spring, the comprehensive official exhibition of the country's industrial production.

The industrial and commercial city of Basel — with her numerous large and small Banks, the Bank for International Settlements, world-famous insurance companies and big Swiss chemical manufacturing firms — is favoured both by her position at the traffic junction of the road and rail routes from north to south and east to west and by her extensive dock facilities at the end of the navigable waterway from the North Sea.

The unique position of the second-largest city in Switzerland (220,000 inhabitants) in forming the meeting-place for three European countries is underlined by the fact that the national railway systems of three countries have a terminus station within her walls, and by the fact that the international airport of Basel-Mulhouse (only 4 miles from the centre of the city) is on French soil.

Basel can look back on a past stretching over two thousand years. The centuries have laid an individual and enchanting stamp on the city; here we come across houses, churches, gateways and alleys dating from the Middle Ages, side by side with terraced streets displaying all the dignity of the 17th and 18th centuries — there, we find new buildings soaring skywards, signs of the modern age. A tour round the streets will unearth a veritable treasure-house for the keen photographer and the lover of contrasts.

Basel's fame as a home of museums and art collections began long ago, in 1661, when the Amerbach Collection became public property; this collection, which includes a number of works by Hans Holbein and a representative selection of modern paintings, is numbered by connoisseurs among the leading art galleries of the world. The unique treasures of the Historical Museum (which includes those of the Minster), the collections of Basel researchers in the Museum of Natural History and Ethnology, and the Kirschgarten Museum, which mirrors the charm of the 18th century, are also very well known. The enthusiast in the history of pharmacy, in sport, music, shipping or firebrigades, will find a special museum in Basle dealing with his special interest.

Lovers of art — old or new style — will be more than satisfied by the constantly-changing exhibitions and the widely-varied frescoes and statues.

One of the most popular attractions for many visitors is the Zoological Gardens, which is famous for the animals it has succeeded in rearing.