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only type of democracy capable of functioning efficiently. The country is administered rather than governed. At the peak of the pyramid is the Federal Council of seven-members, representing the major political parties in a permanent coalition. Virtually, they are elected for life, resigning — voluntarily but reluctantly — when old age sets in.

In the past twenty years only two Federal Councillors have been forced out of office by public opinion. The first (a French-Swiss) was deemed too weak a personality to stand up to Nazi arrogance during the last war; the second (a German-Swiss) was regarded as too irresolute to make a good Minister of Defence after the war was ended.

Each of the seven is head of a Department, or Ministry, and one is elected President — or rather Chairman of the Federal Council — for a year, meanwhile retaining his Department. Then he goes back to the end of the line and is succeeded by the Vice-President, who usually belongs to a different party. And so it goes on. There is no ballyhoo about the annual presidential elections, no TV cheesecake, no honeyed promises, for the result is a foregone conclusion. Half-way through the year the citizen has to think hard before he can remember the current President's name.

The Federal Council submits recommendations to the two chambers — the Council of States (representing the Cantons), and the National Council (representing the constituencies). These motions are tabled in Parliament as the collective findings of the Federal Council and seven members are jointly responsible. If Parliament turns one down, back it goes to the seven with the mute reproach: "Look, boys, you can do better than that if you put your heads together." And even when a bill is passed, a petition signed by 30,000 citizens can force the Government to have the issue submitted to the vote of the people.

The Swiss voter goes to the poll five or six times a year. Not only does he have a say in the election of his local and cantonal representatives, he also votes on such matters as roadbuilding and other public works, the appointment of schoolteachers and pastors, the spending of public funds, etc. That is why Switzerland has been so slow in introducing votes for women — the males think that many of the problems at issue would be too complicated for them to understand. But women's franchise is now on the way and will probably be an accomplished fact within the next decade. It will have very little effect in Switzerland, which is essentially a man's country.

Despite their differences in race, language and character, all Swiss have one thing in common: An urge towards perfectionism. They advertise their products without superlatives — merely as "Swiss made," which they say is a less crude way of claiming "the best quality and craftsmanship in the world".

It would be a mistake to suppose that they will live by milking cows and putting the milk into cans, cheese or chocolate. Nowadays these products, as well as half the nation's food, are imported. Switzerland has become an industrial country, with chemicals, machines, apparatus, textiles, watches and everything technical that calls for technical skill and precision as her staple products. The tourist trade (roughly ten million visitors every year) and worldwide insurance and commercial interests add the invisible exports which have raised the nation's standard of living to the

highest in Europe. Industry is decentralised. There are few large plants and thus no dense concentrations of labour or city slums. Healthy contact between town and country has never broken off — few Swiss are more than a few generations removed from the soil. At one end of Zurich's smartest shopping street, in front of the windows of the dignified Swiss National Bank building — whose vaults are rumoured to store the other half of the world's gold — the peasants of the surrounding countryside still hold their vegetable, fruit and flower market twice weekly. Nobody finds it incongruous.

When the Lord had created the first Swiss, he looked kindly upon him and spoke: "How wouldst thou like to live? I will grant thee three wishes."

"Then let me have high mountains, that I may live nearer Heaven," answered the Swiss piously.

Pleased at having created such a paragon of virtue in human form, the Lord said: "They first wish is granted. What else wouldst thou like?"

"Lush pastures and fine cattle that give an abundance of milk."

This wish, too, was granted and the Swiss set about tilling his fields and milking his cows.

"Is the milk good?" asked the Lord.

"It is indeed. Here, try this mugful Thyself."

The Lord quaffed from the mug, found it good and said: "Now, what is thy third wish?"

"One franc twenty, please!"

## 1st OF AUGUST IN THE WEST OF ENGLAND

Swiss from Bristol, Bath and Warminster celebrated their national day at 2 Sussex Place Bath, hostess and host, Mrs. Frieda Maddox-Mueller and Mr. A. Wepf. Mr. Wepf was lucky enough to record the talk of our "Bundespräsident" Mr. Petitpierre, which he played back from his tape-recorder.

We had the opportunity to speak French and Italian, amongst much "Schwyzerdütsch"; to begin with, the atmosphere was a little strange, but a good cup of tea and a delicious Swiss-Torte soon put everyone at ease.

The afternoon sun encouraged us to go for a short walk to Beechencliff, from where we enjoyed a lovely view of Bath.

Returning through a field in which cows were grazing, we felt really and truly at home!

On our return we sat down to a Spaghetti-napolitaine dish, followed by lettuce and Swiss-dressing; a macedoine of fresh fruit was the dessert.

Red and white wines were served; all eatables were contributed by those present, in a truly Swiss spirit.

During the meal we enjoyed Swiss folk-music, "Chum Bueb" and "lueg dis Ländli a" amongst other popular tunes.

We ended the meal with café and home-made Opfelfchueche.

After the meal we entertained each other with our own voices, singing Swiss-songs in three languages; all the performances were tape-recorded and played back. This caused great mirth.

Time passed quickly; we were amazed to realize we had spent six happy hours together.

The evening was concluded by the playing of the national hymn on a melodeon by Mr. A. J. Maddox, and it was time to part with a hearty "au revoir".