### The bears of Berne

Autor(en): J:J.F.S.

Objekttyp: Article

Zeitschrift: The Swiss observer: the journal of the Federation of Swiss

Societies in the UK

Band (Jahr): - (1953)

Heft 1210

PDF erstellt am: **21.09.2024** 

Persistenter Link: https://doi.org/10.5169/seals-693143

#### Nutzungsbedingungen

Die ETH-Bibliothek ist Anbieterin der digitalisierten Zeitschriften. Sie besitzt keine Urheberrechte an den Inhalten der Zeitschriften. Die Rechte liegen in der Regel bei den Herausgebern. Die auf der Plattform e-periodica veröffentlichten Dokumente stehen für nicht-kommerzielle Zwecke in Lehre und Forschung sowie für die private Nutzung frei zur Verfügung. Einzelne Dateien oder Ausdrucke aus diesem Angebot können zusammen mit diesen Nutzungsbedingungen und den korrekten Herkunftsbezeichnungen weitergegeben werden.

Das Veröffentlichen von Bildern in Print- und Online-Publikationen ist nur mit vorheriger Genehmigung der Rechteinhaber erlaubt. Die systematische Speicherung von Teilen des elektronischen Angebots auf anderen Servern bedarf ebenfalls des schriftlichen Einverständnisses der Rechteinhaber.

#### Haftungsausschluss

Alle Angaben erfolgen ohne Gewähr für Vollständigkeit oder Richtigkeit. Es wird keine Haftung übernommen für Schäden durch die Verwendung von Informationen aus diesem Online-Angebot oder durch das Fehlen von Informationen. Dies gilt auch für Inhalte Dritter, die über dieses Angebot zugänglich sind.

Ein Dienst der *ETH-Bibliothek* ETH Zürich, Rämistrasse 101, 8092 Zürich, Schweiz, www.library.ethz.ch

#### THE BEARS OF BERNE.

Berne, delightful old town with its cool arcaded streets, its magnificent Renaissance fountains, its fine historic buildings and churches — what a wonderful evocation of the past it is!

The enchanted visitor will sooner or later find his way to the Nydegg Bridge close to which lie the famous bear-pits, the home of the beasts whose picture adorns the coat of arms of the town and canton.

There are other places in Switzerland which display a heraldic beast in their cantonal crests. Bâle has its fabulous basilik, Uri its steer, Zurich its lion, but none of them dominates the towns in the way the bear dominates Berne. You find it on the front of houses, on the fountains, on the wood carvings of the choir stalls in the Minster, it appears on documents, it fills the shops. And, above all, it lives in the pit, an attraction to natives and visitors alike, an attraction of which they never tire. As M. D. Hottinger puts it: "What the banks are to Bâle, the bear is to Berne ".

What is the origin of this ursine cult? Tradition has it that Berchtold of Zaehringen, the founder of Berne, having organised a great chase, vowed to call his town after the first quarry he should slay. It is doubtful though whether in the 12th century there were any bears in the vicinity. It may well be that the cult goes far back into Celtic or Roman times since in the Historical Museum can be seen a bronze, probably Roman, showing "Dea Artio", the godess with the bear.

Going Home?



#### You can fly Night Tourist £21 Return (Geneva & Basle)

If you are Swiss you'll know exactly what we mean when we say that every Swissair plane is a little bit of Switzerland, with an efficient crew to get you home swiftly, surely and - with the new TOURIST fares may we add — as cheaply as any other comfortable mode of travel.

# Fly SWISSAIR



### You'll enjoy it

You can fly Swissair from London to Zurich, Geneva, Basle and Berne on the new Tourist services — and direct from Manchester to Zurich or Geneva. There is also 'The Super Swiss', the luxurious service to Zurich, with magnificent Swiss food, wines and liqueurs. Ask your travel agent for details. SWISSAIR, 126, REGENT ST., LONDON, W.1. Also Manchester, Glasgow

By the 14th century the bear was well established in the history of Berne. The earliest chronicles show it and it appears in all the drawings and miniatures that have come down to us from the middle ages. In the famous drawing by Diebold Schilling which shows the men of Berne setting out for the battle of Laupen (1339) the bear is boldly displayed on their banners and armour; he appears on every occasion when the Bernese warriors went into battle, at Granson, Morat, Marignano and right through history to the present time. The importance of the bear to the Swiss from Berne was well understood by their allies. Returning from the battle of Novara in 1513, the captain of the Bernese regiment serving in the French army brought back a young bear presented to him by the French Marshal.

At least one live bear was kept in captivity in the 15th Century. In 1549 the first pit was constructed, a new and larger pit was made in 1764; the present pit near the Nydegg bridge was opened in 1857.

Today some 20 bears are kept in the best possible conditions. Climbing trees, a bathing pool and comfortable stabling are provided. The animals breed and bring up their young. The largest of them, called Moritz, weighs some 500 lbs. When he was supplied with a mate he seemed dissatisfied and used to climb the tree looking wistfully across the partition which separated him from another female. In due course he was allowed into the adjoining enclosure and was happy ever afterwards.

Many distinguished visitors have watched the bears, from Fenimore Cooper to Field Marshall Montgomery.

Is it too far-fetched to see in the ponderous strength and the unhurried dignity of these bears something of the characteristics of the human Bernese?

We were prompted to write this short sketch by an attractive illustrated brochure published by the Verlag Hans Huber, Berne under the title "Der Mutz und sein Graben" by Paul Senn.

J.J.F.S.

# RIBBONS are made under SWISS MANAGEMENT

. . . hence their exclusive touch. Where else would you find such a galaxy of checks, spots, stripes and tartans in fine quality Hair Ribbons?... to mention but a few of the qualities which we weave.



STOKE-ON-TRENT SELECTUS LTD · BIDDULPH

> Telephone: Biddulph 3316 and 3317 Telegrams: Selectus WHOLESALE & SHIPPING