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THE BATTLE OF ST. JACOB ON THE BIRS. (26 August, 1444)

(A poem by "Gallus" published in the Swiss Observer, 28 July, 1944).

When Zürich was invested and civil war was rife, She sought from mighty Austria assistance in her strife.

The Swiss sent out their foot-troops, they marched toward the Rhine,

Laid siege to Farnsburg castle, stronghold of Falkenstein.

Whilst Frederick, the Emp'ror, looked westward where that day

All powerful and dreaded, the King of France held sway.

Commanded by the Dauphin, his host of Armagnacs Should bring to heel those yokels who'd dared such rash attacks.

The allies' aim was Basel, a proud and wealthy town, They'd raise the siege of Zürich and strike the en'my down,

Destroy and smash his forces wherever he may stand, Then conquer, aye, and plunder that much desired land.

As dull and grey the morning dawned on a sultry night The Dauphin's mighty army from Sundgau hove in sight.

Soon Muttenz fell and Pratteln, helpless against the foe.

An easy prey seemed Basel, she'd fall without a blow.

Meantime the Swiss were marching, the river Birs they crossed,

Expecting but a vanguard, o'ercome at little cost.

Instead it was the main force they found, to their dismay,

As David faced Goliath, so now they stood at bay.

At this the en'my gloated, his hopes indeed ran high, There seemed no need to worry about such paltry fry. The Swiss took earnest counsel, they weighed the heavy odds:

"We'll give the foe our bodies, our souls, howe'er, are God's ".

A grim and bloody struggle raged till the noontide sun Shone as the foreign legions swarmd o'er the ground they'd won.

At last the Swiss retreated, contesting ev'ry pace, They fough like angry lions and suffered no disgrace.

St. Jacob, wayside chapel and hospital beside, By solid walls surrounded, a strongpoint did provide. Within, the Swiss found cover, these weary men, hard pressed,

Where they could tend their wounded, refresh themselves and rest.

But shortlived was the respite, for soon the wall was breached.

The Armagnacs surged forward, the danger point was reached.

Yet worse was still to follow, the en'my's fire grew And set ablaze the buildings, the scorching flames swept through. The gallant Swiss were striving to stem the dreadful flood.

But many of them perished, gave willingly their blood. While others, nothing daunted, although their halberds broke.

Continued grimly fighting amidst the fire and smoke.

For though the hafts were splintered, these halberds, used with skill

As makeshift battle-axes, were deadly weapons still. And other deeds of valour does History report:

How arrows from their bodies they tore when theirs ran short.

How, not content with trying their stronghold to defend,

They launched repeated sallies, the en'my's line to bend.

Great were the French troops' losses, by thousands were they slain,

Till they became disheartened, their efforts seeming vain.

But as the day was waning, Von Rechberg's troops drew near.

The Armagnacs, thus strengthened, forgot their transient fear.

The Swiss, well nigh exhausted, few being whole and sound,

Determined and unyielding, held stubbornly their ground.

A knight, 'twas Munch von Landskron, in shining armour plate,

Approached the crumbling ruins, beheld the broken gate

And as he, high on horseback, the bloody field surveyed: "To-day we bathe in roses" with scornful laugh he said.

At which one of the warriors within that stricken place Picked up a jagged wall-stone and hurled it in his face. "Here", cried he, "feed on roses". — He'd thrown it with such force

That, stunned, the haughty rider fell dying from his horse.

Reduced to but two hundred, those heroes gave not way, Unflinching and unconquered, they held the French at bay.

Whilst of the Dauphin's army eight thousand men were lost,

His confidence was shaken, too great he found the cost.

For him the fight was over, he sounded the retreat, He cannot now reach Basel, he dare not court defeat. A treaty signed soon after in Alsace close at hand At last brought peace with honour into the war-torn land.

Now, after five long cent'ries, St. Jacob points anew What fortitude, devotion and faithfulness can do. When on these deeds we ponder, our hearts with wonder fill

And praised be God Almighty that Switzerland lives still.

—(Translated by J.J.F.S.)