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#### PROPAGANDA.

### Its Technique and how to combat it.

"The success of any advertisement, whether in business or politics, is due to the continuity and consistency with which it is employed."

So declares Hitler in his autobiography, "Mein Kampf"; he sums up in these few words the reason for the continual use of State advertisement which in our time poisons the whole international atmosphere.

The word "propaganda" has in our days assumed a sinister significance and it is this malignity which I propose to analyse in this article.

The nefarious evolution of propaganda has been rapid since its inception during the Great War. The hymns of hate which poured out of Moscow to proclaim to an exhausted world a different warfare of classes seem now but child's play when compared with the technique of modern dictatorships.

Propaganda is essentially the instrument of despots; it is important for the dictator to explain in his own fashion the why and wherefore of the policy he is pursuing. He generally has two versions—one for his people and the other for external purposes, hence the need in totalitarian states of a strict censorship. The dictator's greatest worry is TRUTH, which at all costs must not reach the people of which he is requisibly the head. of which he is nominally the head.

Incidentally, of late, certain individuals have Incidentally, of late, certain individuals have made capital out of the activities or proposed designs of the distatorships. These elements, operating on the bourses and stock exchanges of the world, have deliberately spread false rumours in order to further their own ends—politically and financially. These people should be called before the bar of public opinion and severely punished. These war-mongers are the authors of the fits of jitters which have recently been registered on all financial markets.

Propaganda demands before anything else—psychology. The German Chancellor praises in his book the wartime technique of the British and Americans: this consisted in showing the Germans in a very detestable light. The British Tommy was told that the enemy was a barbarian and a Hun, and when he met him on the battle-field he was prepared for this villaimous foe. On the other hand, German propaganda was fundamentally wrong in underrating and ridiculing the enemy; when the Prussian came face to face with these so-called "degenerates" he discovered at a terrible cost how he had been deceived. he had been deceived.

"If your lie is big enough and often enough repeated," says Hitler, "people will begin to believe it." This is true. An immense majority of people are so feminine in nature and point of view that their thoughts and actions are governed more by feeling and sentiment than by reasoned considera-tion. This sentiment is, however, not complicated, but very simple and consistent. It does not differen-tiate much, but it is either positive or negative, love or hate, truth or lies, never half one and half the other and so on.

It is on this assumption that Propaganda Minister Goebels acts. He reiterates time after time the same lies. Many are those in the Reich who firmly believe Messrs. Churchill, Eden, Duff Cooper and others to be paid agents of Moscow.

I am happy to state, however, that during a I am happy to state, however, that during a séjour in Germany, I discovered that among the more intelligent Germans, Goebels is treated as an outstanding joke. The recent expulsion of certain German humorists from the Berlin stage bears out my statement.

A book could be written on all the little tricks of propaganda, suffice it to say that cartoons, caricatures and horror-pictures (usually out of date) go a long way towards convincing the mass. It is a known fact that certain gruesome pictures have already served to illustrate four or five different wars. A photo was shown to me of a cruiser sinking in Far East waters after having been hit by a bomb; the same picture was given to me subbomb; the same picture was given to me, sub-sequently, as depicting a sinking warship in the present Spanish Civil War (the camera never lies, you know!).

Slogans often enough repeated will first numb the brain and then be accepted without demur by the tired mind.

If we who are fortunate enough to live in a democratic country only pause to consider how often an information, an article or some news has affected us, influenced our opinions, increased some prejudice or augmented our intolerance of something, how greater then must be the reactions in a state where the Press is day in and day out skilfully doctored and prepared as carefully as a salad

It is perhaps happy for us that sudden recent volte-face in the dictators' press have quickened the suspicions of the more critical minded readers. In time of war these suspicions might magnify and rapidly gain ground in the mass, which might suddenly wake up to realities.

# **★SWISS NATIONAL EXHIBITION**

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INFORMATION from the Swiss Railways & State Travel Bureau, 11-B Regent Street, London, S.W.1. 'Phone: WHItehall 9851.

Hence the immense care taken by propa-gandists to prevent their work turning against them-

Nowadays, diplomatic battles are supported by broadsides from the Press—the radio steps in with garbled versions of events.

The short-wave war is no myth. Countries are broadcasting "news" in half-a-dozen languages besides their own. Central Europe, the Near East and South America seem to be the more favoured soils in which to sow all this glut of discordancy.

Daventry, Stuttgart, Zeesen and Bari all contribute towards this incessant babel.

Propaganda has been particularly disruptive in Spain; Belgium (Walloon-Flemish dispute); Poland, Czecho-Slovakia and Rumania (over the Ukrainian question) and has been fomenting discord between Croats and Serbs, Czechs and Slavs and is even now attempting in Sub-Carpathian Russia (Ruthenia) to create the new Ukrainian state out of the 40,000,000 Ukrainians at present living in the adjacent countries. in the adjacent countries.

Anti-semitism is one of the chief instruments of modern propagandists. The Communist peril has been exaggerated beyond all bounds.

The continuous cacophony and mass production of lies and distortions augur ill for the future; if this ritournelle continues at the same tempo, it is evident that they will lead to but one result—another conflagration. Polemics have never in hisanother conflagration. Potenties have never in nis-tory been conducive to peace and what is taking place now is much more than controversy.

In the light of what has just been written, let us examine the position of Switzerland with regard

to the vortex of propaganda at present undermining confidence in Europe.

Switzerland—one of the remaining countries of freedom—is geographically and culturally hemmed in on all sides by puissant neighbours.

Quite recently it was alleged in certain reliable Quite recently it was alleged in certain reliable quarters that the German and Italian governments had attempted to bring pressure to bear upon the Swiss Federal Council with the object of "aligning" the democratic Swiss press to the standards and likings of Berlin and Rome.

Switzerland has never in the past submitted her press-policy to the dictates of an external force. She has thus established for herself a world-wide reputation for the fearlessness and independence of her views. It has never been more necessary than It has never been more necessary than to-day to maintain this reputation.

Latterly the Swiss authorities have been anxious as to the sources of news abroad which supply the country with its foreign information.

More and more-and although it is an expen-More and more—and although it is an expensive affair—Swiss papers' tend to rely on Swiss correspondents abroad for their news. However trustworthy a foreign source may be it can never be as satisfactory as a purely Swiss one.

Unfortunately, certain foreign elements in that grand little democracy can cause much harm by their writings which they represent as being Swiss opinions. This must be ended at all costs if Helopinions. This must be ended at all vetia wishes to maintain her integrity.

The position of Holland is very similar to that of Switzerland and the former country is now pursuing the same policy of complete independence.

Now that we have reviewed the whole field of the technique of propaganda, let us examine what Great Britain is doing to counteract it.

Up to a few years ago the British Government only spent annually a few paltry thousand pounds to spread English culture abroad.

It has been realized since, that in front of the millions spent on propaganda by the totalitarian states, it was essential to combat this new threat.

Accordingly, that very energetic and capable authority, Sir Robert Vansittart, was appointed chairman of a committee in which are represented

the British Broadcasting Corporation, the British Council (for the spreading of British education abroad) and the Travel Association (which encourages tourists to visit this country). In this way courages tourists to visit this country). In this way the British Government wishes to show abroad English institutions and aims in their true light. These measures have already given very satisfactory results to their initiators.

TRUTH is now being circulated in the world and although it arrives tardily in certain quarters of the globe, it is better late than never.

There is one other factor of high importance to which I wish to allude before ending this analysis on a subject which is so very topical these days. It is this:

If we wish our TRUTH to bear fruit, we must If we wish our TRUTH to bear fruit, we must also for our part search the mote which is in our own eye. For we are not so innocent as many would believe, and it is incumbent on us to end all these baseless rumours, exaggerations and sensational stories that appear daily in our own Press. Adopting a correct attitude does not signify our abandoning freedom of the press or the ventilation of one's political opinions of whatever tint they may

So let TRUTH, HONESTY and FREEDOM be our maxim and let us hope that a new and rosier era will dawn on our globe, at present in the throes of MAN'S ignorance and intolerance.

(Gerald Meyer.)

### CITY SWISS CLUB.

The plans which have been made for the June meeting have now materialised, and it is with the greatest of pleasure that we now announce to all members and their friends, who have made up their minds to attend the monthly meeting at Pagani's, on June 6th, that we have been fortunate enough in getting Mr. Gilbert Carr to accept an invitation to attend this meeting.

Mr. Gilbert Carr, who is very well known to a number of our members, is Governor of the American Club in London. He is also Director of the American Chamber of Commerce in London.

From 1937-1938 he was Chairman of the American Society in London.

From 1933-1938 he was Commander of the American Legion in London.

From 1936-1938 he was Chairman of the Incorporated Sales Managers' Association.

Mr. Gilbert Carr is a personal friend of the writer. He is a very much travelled man, and one of the most experienced business men we have had the pleasure of meeting with. He has just returned from a long trip in America, and he makes frequent journeys throughout Europe including Germany, the Baltic States, etc. He has first-hand knowledge of the economic, financial and political situation, and I feel sure that all members who are so keenly interested in the international situation at the present moment will consider it a privilege to listen to what Mr. Gilbert Carr has to say when he addresses sent moment will consider it a privilege to listen to what Mr. Gilbert Carr has to say when he addresses the members on "European Affairs." The number of friends who have already heard of his coming to the forthcoming meeting are overjoyed at having such an opportunity of hearing an unbiassed opinion by such an expert, and I strongly recommend all our members and our friends to make early reservations to make the meeting are missed to make the meeting are misse vation, as the meeting promises to once more break all records as far as attendance is concerned at a monthly meeting of the City Swiss Club.

As usual, the meeting will be preceded by a dinner which will start at 7 o'clock, and I understand that Pagani's are going out of their way to give all the "boys" a real treat.

May I once more point out that this is the last monthly meeting before the autumn season, and our President with his colleagues of the committee looks forward to a "full house."

Please do not hesitate to let Mr. Boehringer or the Secretary know at the earliest possible moment

that you intend to be present, stating the number of your guests so as to facilitate the seating arrangements for the committee.

Members of the Legation have already indicated their intention of being present, and there is no doubt that we can look forward to one of the most interesting monthly meetings ever witnessed at the City Swiss Club.

Now, come on, Boys—make up your mind to-day, and ring up Clerkenwell 2321, and state the number of seats you require.

Bee.

### SWISS FEDERAL SHOOTING FESTIVAL, LUCERNE.

London, May, 1939.

To the Members of the Swiss Colony in London.

Dear Compatriots,

Early this year the Organisation Committee of the Federal Shooting Festival, which is taking place in Lucerne from June 16th—July 3rd, made an Appeal to all Swiss residing in Great Britain, to subscribe to a special Fund to defray the cost of the numerous prizes to be given to competitors, for the old traditional custom demands that the marksmen be rewarded for their skill, and encouraged for their endurance and the sacrifice made in our national interest. tional interest.

In view of the patriotic aims of this Festival and in accordance with the tradition of the Colony, it was decided to appoint a special committee to deal with this Appeal, and thus the Swiss Societies and members of the Colony have been recently approached by the Swiss Legation, the Committee and through the medium of the Swiss Observer to give their support to the request made by the Festival authorities in Lucerne.

The London committee is delighted to report that the Appeal made to the Colony has been a great success, no less than £107.0.0 having been collected towards the presentation of prizes.

In addition, the London Swiss Rifle Team, which will be represented at this Festival by a very strong team (each member defraying his own ex-penses) will present a very fine silver trophy to Lucerne, and the Swiss Culinary Society is also presenting a handsome silver cup.

The result of this Appeal, therefore, can be considered a splendid one, and not only greatly honours the individual donors, but the whole Swiss Colony in Great Britain, and the Committee takes this opportunity to express its most sincere thanks to all those who have so generously answered their Appeal.

With patriotic greetings,

For the Organising Committee:

(Sig.) L. HILPERT, Chairman. P. HILFIKER, Secretary.

### HUMORISTISCHES.

Preiswert:

Neureich kommt zur Landesausstellung nach Zürich. Geht durch die Bahnhofstrasse und sieht an einem Restaurant ein Schild: Mittages-sen 12 – 3 Uhr, Fr 2.20.— "Hier gehen wir rein!" sagt er zu seiner Frau. "Drei Stunden essen für zwei Franken zwauzig — das ist billig!"

Am Sonntag bin ich mit meiner kleinen Tochter in der Stadt spaziert. Ihr Augenmerk richtete sich auf die verschiedenen Hütchen der Damen. Beim Nachbausegehen meinte sie zu mir: "Gäll Vati, hütt ka e Frau uf der Kopf näh was sie will, 's isch immer noh e Huet?"

## NO INTRODUCTION NEEDED ....

You will be glad to know that MAGGIs SOUPS, made in the famous Kempttal Factory, are now on sale at all good-class grocers. If you have any difficulty in obtaining them, please write to the Sole Agents: Marber & Co. I., Stanhope Street, London, N.W.I.

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### CITY SWISS CLUB.

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### L'ASSEMBLEE MENSUELLE

aura lieu Mardi le 6 Juin au Restaurant PAGANI 42, Great Portland Street, W.1. et sera précédée d'un souper à 7h. 15 précises (prix 5/-).

ORDRE DU JOUR :

Procès-verbal.

Divers

Pour faciliter les arrangements, les participants sont priés de bien vouloir s'inscrire au plus tôt auprès de Monsieur P.F. Boehringer, 23, Leonard Street, E.C.2. (Téléphone: Clerkenwell 2321/2).

#### MISCELLANEOUS ADVERTISEMENTS

EXPERIENCED MATRON WANTED for the Home for Aged Swiss. Apply to Mrs. B. W. Sigerist, 89, Hillfield Court, Belsize Avenue,

### FORTHCOMING EVENTS.

Thursday, June 1st, at 7 p.m. — Swiss Y.M.C.A.
— Lecture by the Rev. C. Pummel, on "Burdens and What to do with them," at Westgate House, 28-29, Bedford Place, W.C.1. Ladies invited.

Saturday, June 3rd, at 2.45 p.m. — Swiss Sports and Garden Party — at Herne Hill Athletic Grounds, Burbage Road, S.E.24.

Wednesday, June 7th at 7.30 p.m. — Société de Secours Mutuels — Monthly Meeting — at 74, Charlotte Street, W.1.

Wednesday, June 7th, at 8 p.m. — Swiss Mercantile Society — last Philatelic Meeting of the season, at Swiss House, 34/35, Fitzroy Square W.1.

Thursday, June 8th, at 8.30 p.m. — Piano and Song Recital — Adda Heynssen and Eva Cattaneo, at the London Theatre Studio, Providence Place, Upper Street, Islington,

Thursday, June 8th, at 7 p.m. — Swiss Y.M.C.A. — Lecture by Mr. Forner on, "Die Stillen im Lande," St. Marks 13, at Westgate House, 28-29. Bedford Place, W.C.1. All young Swiss invited.

Friday, June 9th — Piano and Song Recital —
Adda Heynssen and Eva Cattaneo, at the
London Theatre Studio, Providence Place,
Upper Street, Islington, N.1.

Wednesday, June 14th, at 8p.m. — Swiss Mercantile Society — Monthly Meeting, followed by a lecture on "The European Situation," by Dr. G. P. Gooch, at Swiss House, 34/35, Fitzroy Square, W.1.

Thursday, June 15th — "70ème Fête Suisse," at Central Hall, Westminster.

Thursday, June 22nd, at 7 p.m. — Swiss Y.M.C.
A. — Lecture by Mr. Scheuermeier, on, "The
use of little things in the power of God,"
Exod. 4. 1-5, at Westgate House, 28-29 Bedford Place, W.C.1. All young Swiss invited.

Tuesday, June 27th at 7.30 p.m. — City Swiss Club — Réunion d'été — at Brent Bridge Hotel, Hendon. (Ladies invited.)

Tuesday, August 1st — National Day Celebration at St. Pancras Hall.

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Dimanche 28 mai 1939. PENTECOTE.

11h. Culte et Cène. M. M. Pradervand. Soliste.

11h. Ecole du dimanche.

7h. Culte et Cène. M. M. Pradervand. Choeur.

Lundi 29 mai. Promenade à la campagne. Rendez-vous 10h.15 à Waterloo Stn., devant quai 3. Invitation à tous.

### CONFIRMATIONS.

Le 21 mai, Doris Marguerite Deutsch, de St. Gall, et Lucien Fréderic JOBIN, de Saignelégier.

Pour l'instruction religieuse et les actes pastoraux, prière de s'adresser au pasteur, M. M. Pradervand, 65, Mount View Road, N.4. (Téléphone Mountview 5003) Heure de réception à l'église le mercredi de 11-12h.30.

### SCHWEIZERKIRCHE

(Deutschsprachige Gemeinde). St. Anne's Church, 9, Gresham Street, E.C.2. (Near General Post Office, St. Paul's and Aldersgate Street Tube Stations (Central London and Metropolitan).

Pfingstsonntag, den 28. Mai:

- 11 Uhr morgens, Gottesdienst, Pfr. E. Bommeli.
- 7 Uhr abends, Gottesdienst mit Abendmahl und Konfirmation. Pfr. E. Bommeli.

Pfingstmontag: Gemeinsamer Ausflug auf das Land mit den Welschschweizern, zu dem jedermann freundlich eingeladen ist. Samm-lung 10.15 vormittags Waterloo Station, Plattform No. 3, Abfahrt 10.30.

Anfragen wegen Religions — bezw. Konfirmanden Unterricht sind erbeten an Herrn Pfarrer E. Bommeli. Sprechstunden: Jeden Dienstag von 12-2 Uhr in der Kirche, Jeden Mittwoch von 5-6 Uhr im Foyer Suisse, 15, Bedford Way, W.C.1.

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