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CITY SWISS CLUB Annual Banquet & Ball

At the

Grosvenor House, Park Lane, W.I.

on FRIDAY, NOVEMBER 26th, 1937.

Not even the most confirmed pessimist will deny, that the last few months have shown a decided improvement, at least in the commercial sphere, in this country. The silver lining, for which we have all gazed heavenwards for many months, yea years, has at last set in, if only

For the last few years the City Swiss Club has held its Annual Banquet somewhat under a cloud, it was deemed advisable to fall in with the general trend of conditions then prevailing, it was considered to be nothing short of bad taste to indulge in extensive festivities, whilst the general economic conditions were still an uncertain factor, and whilst so many of our compatriots were labouring under untold difficulties.

Admittedly we are not out of the wood as yet, but there is but little doubt, that generally one can look forward, at present, to a more hopeful and more prosperous time, providing that no more "sudden surprises" upset the world's peace. — Our Minister, Monsieur C. R. Paravicini, struck a very optimistic note, in his remarkable speech made on the occasion of the Annual Banquet of the Swiss Mercantile Society, held last month at the Trocadero Restaurant.

Encouraged on all sides, the Committee of the City Swiss Club, has, with full approval of the members of the Club, decided to avert again to their old traditions to make their Annual Banquet one of the outstanding events of the Colony.

On former occasions the City Swiss Club has extended a cordial invitation to distinguished personalities in the public life of this country, and who have, at one time or another, rendered ser-vices to our country.

THE CONGRESS OF THE SWISS ABROAD IN BERNE

Second Part.

The writer regrets the error in the dates which appeared in the first part of this report. The Congress took place on the two days Saturday the 4th, and Sunday the 5th of September,

Second Day, September the 5th.

The Sunday morning session of the congress was held in the National atsaal of the Bundespalais, where the numerous and influential assembly was again presided over by Dr. Arnold Lätt. He warmly welcomed President Motta and many of the Ministers from home and abroad and expressed his appreciation of the presence of more than 400 representatives of the Swiss Abroad, their friends and the public press. There was again a very full programme to be disposed of and again a very full programme to be disposed of and the day's deliberations may be characterised as a public pronouncement by ten or more high au-thorities of the Swiss Abroad as forming Swit-zerland's cultural and economic potentialities in the wide world.

Chef-Redacteur E. Schurch developped the theme of the moral and cultural tasks of the Swiss Chef-Redacteur E. Schurch developped the theme of the moral and cultural tasks of the Swiss Abroad and emphasised their necessity of using the languages of their host countries for the purpose, while reserving their own patiots for more intimate home use. — Dr. G. Wagnière, previous Swiss Minister in Rome, in a magnificent and moving speech, chose the theme "The Swiss Abroad and our national prestige," in which he outlined the difficulties of the many thousands of Swiss who live in the rural districts in foreign countries, away from the possibility of contact with their countrymen, and whose potential value is therefore most likely to be lost in the course of time. He proposed two concrete remedies:— in the first place organised courses for young members of both sexes terminating with a journey to Switzerland, and secondly free literature on the cultural significance of Switzerland instead of, or together with, the abundant tourist propaganda.

A series of short addresses on "Kulturpolitik

A series of short addresses on "Kulturpolitik und Wirtschaftspropaganda" were then delivered by Dr. M. Kunz, Consul in Mannheim, Mr. A.

It is a happy thought, that owing to brighter aspects, the Club has included in their list of guests, apart from various representatives of the sister Societies, the Swiss and English Press, etc., etc., a number of distinguished personalities, such

Dr. Walter Stucki, the newly Swiss Minister to the French Republic. Walter Stucki, the newly appointed

Minister Stucki has, during the last few Minister Stucki has, during the last few years been sent by the Swiss Government on many special missions in connection with commercial treaties to various European countries. Previous to the City Swiss Club Banquet he will attend conferences to be held at the Board of Trade, some of his English colleagues might attend the Banquet as guests of the Swiss Minister.

Mr. Frank E. Fehr, C.B.E., Chairman of the Baltic Mercantile and Shipping Exchange.

Sir Malcolm Campbell, who recently has broken the World's water-speed record on the Lake Maggiore.

Mile. Ella Maillart, the well-known Swiss Explorer and Author, will be the special guest of the Swiss Minister.

Such a representative gathering is bound to add greatly to the success of this function.

The City Swiss Club is anxious that the Banquet should be in the real sense of the word a "Swiss Evening" heralding in a new and more prosperous era, and they extend their invitation not only to their members, but, to all the members of the Swiss Colony in the British Isles, and it is hoped that many members and friends will attend this function which promises to be one of the outstanding events during the social season 1937/1938.

>>>>>>>>>>>>>>>>>>>>>>>>>>>>>>>>>

Ziegler, President of the Chamber of Commerce in Brussels, Dr. Mariani, President of the "Pro Ticino" in Milan and engineer Mannfred Egger-mann of Bucarest. All the speakers further evolved the theme of the necessity of resistance to the loss of Swiss Abroad by assimilation, as well as the difficulty of counteracting this con-stant tendency in certain countries stant tendency in certain countries.

stant tendency in certain countries.

The speaker who followed, Mr. Mario Musso—Zurich of the Bundesfeiercomite, brought before the assembly a proposal which was greeted with tremendous enthusiasm and deep thankfulness. His theme:— "What can Switzerland do for the Swiss Abroad?" was most fittingly concluded by the declaration that the First of August Collection of 1938 shall be applied in its totality to the welfare of the Swiss Abroad, special consideration being given to the "Linderung der geistigen Not." Mr. Musso declared that all arrangements were already in train, that the badges would be prepared during the winter in the mountain valley of Onsernone in the Ticino, and that they would be made from straw.

The President of the Congress, Dr. Arnold

The President of the Congress, Dr. Arnold The President of the Congress, Dr. Arnold Lätt, then took the word and delivered an address which was chiefly directed towards the President of the Confederation and his Ministers. Speaking of the "Tasks of the Future" he implored the Government to grant the movement more pecuniary help, an increased subvention, for the work in hand, especially in view of the fact that private valentary assistance was also graying. private volontary assistance was also growing. The results of the increased efforts, he said, will be definite and of direct advantage to the State, the spirit of Switzerland and Swiss national economy. The speaker emphasised also the desirability of creating more books on Switzerland and good translations of existing Swiss literature into English; he expressed his warm thanks for the 1938 Bundesfeierspende and referred to the context of the switzerland of the s ferred to the opportunities offered by the Zurich national exhibition in 1939.

When Mr. Motta, the President of the Swiss When Mr. Motta, the President of the Swiss Confederation, rose to speak the audience instinctively sensed that he would employ his great gift of oratory not only to greet the Swiss from Abroad, but to enlighten them in a frank and open pronouncement regarding the Swiss point of view and Swiss political action in relation to the world position generally. The President spoke in German, surprising the audience with his fluidity and grace in the use of it. He spoke with deep feeling of the joy of re-union, the growth of the movement, the hopes of the future and the unity of the Swiss Abroad as a precept to the Swiss at

He then alluded to the relations between Switzerland and the two warring factions in Spain, explaining the reason for the former's political attitude. This attitude, he maintained, was identically the same as the one assumed vis-à-vis Soviet Russia in 1918 and was, furthermore, in full accord with that of every other nation. Mr. Motta spoke of certain attacks to which this policy had exposed him and greatly regretted that, at a time when the world position was particularly unsafe, this attitude, fully endorsed and directed by the Government, should have been the cause of high party feeling. have been the cause of high party feeling.

The position of Switzerland, he continued, was sound; she enjoyed a high reputation among all the other nations. Every thinking person in the world knew that, if Switzerland disappeared, a great light would have been put out. We should the world knew that, it Switzerland disappeared, a great light would have been put out. We should not be directed by anxiety, we had the right to feel strong. The passion of the political parties would again subside and the Swiss Abroad might continue to look upon their homeland without

After this great oration, Dr. Lätt contented himself with admirable tact with one single sentence to close the meeting.

The guests re-assembled later for the official banquet at the Schweizerhof which was graced with many a speech in lighter and more humorous vein in honour of the Swiss Abroad. The afternoon saw us all on the Gurten, each behind a tankard of good Swiss beer, anxious to renew old friendships and to make new ones, happy to listen to the religious tags from the second of the second to the stirring tales from the ends of the earth, proud of the light of patriotism which gleamed in every eve.

Year by year this Congress assumes more important proportions and a more influential character; it is an open parliamentary session to which every Swiss Abroad is invited, and at which he is at liberty to speak for himself or his colony; it is the day of direct contact with our political leaders and those influential compatriotes who feel for us as we feel for them.

NOTE. — The writer has been forced to report on the contributions of the various speakers in the briefest possible outline and he is much afraid that the picture thus presented is sketchy in the extreme. He has, however, done so in the know-ledge that the Sept./Oct. issue of the "Echo Suisse" contains the verbatim reports of all speeches at the Congress and he accordingly re-commends the reader to acquire a copy.

LA POLITIOUE.

Avant un important scrutin.

C'est donc le 28 novembre que le peuple suisse sera appelé à se prononcer sur l'initiative Fon-jallaz, tendant à interdire, sur le territoire de la jallaz, tendant à interdire, sur le territoire de la Confédération, toute activité aux loges maçonniques, aux Odd Fellows, à l'Union, et à toute association secrèts du même genre. Trois semaines seulement nous séparent de cet important scrutin; et il ne nous semble pas inutile de lui consacrer encore quelques commentaires, bien que nous ayons traité ce sujet à plus d'une reprise.

ayons traité ce sujet à plus d'une reprise.

La campagne électorale n'a pas eu jusqu'ici l'ampleur et l'ardeur accoutumées, lorsqu'un important principe démocratique est en jeu. Du côté des francs-maçons, on a donné une diffusion plus grande à l'organe spécial des loges, l'Alpina, de manière à le faire pénétrer dans des cercles jusqu'ici situés hors de son rayon de propagande. Le "Canard libre," petit journal humoristique, combat l'initiative et s'attache à en ridiculiser les protagonistes. Comme le parti radical s'est

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prononcé négativement, les journaux qui sont les interprètes de sa pensée recommandent le rejet, sans que l'on ait eu l'impression, jusqu'à présent, que cette affaire passionnât polémistes et chroniquenrs. Comme les socialistes se sont indignés de l'interdiction du parti communiste, il leur est difficile de se déclarer pour la proscription de la maçonnerie, bien qu'ils soient les adversaires traditionnels de cette société, qu'ils considèrent comme pratiquant le "pistonnage" au profit d'une caste de privilégiés. En somme, ils sont pris entre deux feux, et n'ont envie ni de voler au secours des fils d'Hiram, ni de faire le jeu des gens d'extrême-droite.

Le patronage d'un homme dont divers actes politiques ont semblé assez inquiétants nuit d'alleurs beaucoup au succès de l'initiative. Chez les libéraux, par exemple, qui ont décidé de laisser la liberté de vote sans faire aux citoyens de recommandation dans un sens ou dans l'autre, on discerne fort bien le souci, assez justifié du reste de ne pas s'associer à une manœuvre portant la marque évidente des imitateurs du nazisme et du fascisme. Sans compter que, du point de vue libéral, il est malaisé de justifier une loi d'exception quand aucune preuve de nocivité n'a été apportée à la charge des sociétés visées. Les conservateurs-catholiques, comme nous l'avons déjà laissé entendre, observeront la même tactique prudente. C'est d'autant plus probable, après la déclaration des évêques suisses, qui se sont refusés à prendre sous leur bonnet, ou, si l'on préfère, sous leurs barrettes violettes, la déclaration de guerre lancée aux loges. Encorque la position de l'Eglise catholique à l'égard de la franc-maçonnerie soit des plus nettes, ils ont sagement estimé que l'on est en présence d'une machination purement politique, sur laquelle ils n'ont pas à donner d'avis officiel. Nous croyons savoir que le souci, louable et légitime, d'éviter ce qui pourrait troubler la paix confessionnelle les a également inspirés.

C'est là une précaution justifiée. L'inter-

les a également inspires.

C'est là une précaution justifiée. L'interdiction qui frapperait les loges poserait un très dangereux précédent, et d'autres associations ne tarderaient pas à s'en apercevoir. Montesquieu l'a dit: Une injustice à l'égard d'un seul est une menace envers tout le monde. Beaucoup de gens ne se rendent pas compte de ce péril: à la mise hors la loi de la franc-maçonnerie succéderaient bientôt toutes sortes de tentatives analogues. Nous ne sommes personnellement pas éloigné de ceroire que l'on irait au devant d'un nouveau "Kulturkampf." Et si l'on songe au mal profond que firent à notre pays les événements d'il y a soixante ans, on recule devant une perspective aussi sombre.

Des raisons de principe d'abord, des motifs impérieux d'apportunité ensuite, militent en faveur du rejet. Tout bien pesé, nous avons le sentiment que le peuple le comprendra parfaitement et qu'il y aura une majorité négative le 28 novembre.

Léon Savary. (Tribune de Genève.)

ZURICH, SITE OF BIG SWISS NATIONAL EXPOSITION IN 1939.

The most ambitious National Exposition which Switzerland ever staged will be held at Zurich from April 29th-October 29th, 1939. Its object will be to acquaint the world with the progress the Swiss nation has made in recent years in her many fields of endeavour. The displays are to include the following groups homeland and people; electricity timber; Switzerland as the world's vacation paradise; agriculture; hunting and fishing; preparation of food; factory and work bench; building and living quarters; clothing; business management; traffic and transportation; bodily vigour and health; learning, thinking, poetry and art.

The Exposition will rise on a delightful site, covering a large area on both shores of the lake front and adjoining the city of Zurich. The buildings themselves will not be imposing as far as architectural style is concerned, but they will harmonize with their picturesque surroundings and each pavilion will enjoy an outlook on the beautiful lake of Zurich and the snow-capped Alps in the distance.

With a population of 330,000 Zurich is Switzerland's largest city. It has a fascinating historical background and is an eminent seat of culture and learning. Being one of the most important centres of travel in Switzerland, Zurich is quickly reached from all parts, by rail, automobile or aeroplane.

An extensive entertainment program is being planned for the period of the Exposition. Among the attractions will be a Costumes Festival, an International Music Festival, an Automobile Show, an Aviation Show, an International Rowing Regatta, a Horse Show, Open-Air Theatrical Performances, and an International Exhibition of Modern Art. An amuse-

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ment pier built out into the lake will be another feature.

The insignia of the Swiss National Exposition 1939 is an artistic combination of a wing and four joined rings. The wing is suggestive of the Swiss nation's efforts to soar always higher in its achievements and the rings, standing for the four Exposition elements: Agriculture, Handicrafts, Industry and Trade, and the country's four national languages and peoples, are emblems of Swiss unity.

HELVETIA CLUB

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FORTHCOMING EVENTS.

Tuesday, November 16th — from 8 p.m. till Midnight — Swiss Mercantile College — Dance, at the Royal Hotel, Southampton Row, W.C.1.

Friday, November 19th — Nouvelle Société Helvétique — at "Swiss House" 34/35, Fitzroy Square, W.1 at 7.45 p.m. Monthly Meeting to be followed by a causerie by J. Eusebio, Esq., on: "A few 'Ticinesi' worth talking about."

Thursday, November 25th — from 8.30 p.m. to 2 a.m. — Unione Helvetia Club — The "Old Friends" Dinner — at 1, Gerrard Place, W.1.

Friday, November 26th — City Swiss Club — Annual Banquet and Ball — at the Grosvenor House, Park Lane, W.1.

Wednesday, December 1st — at 7.30 p.m. — Société de Secours Mutuels — Monthly Meeting, at 74, Charlotte Street, W.1.

Wednesday, December 8th — Swiss Mercantile Society — Monthly Meeting — followed by a Film "Wintersport in the Alps," at 34/35, Fitzroy Square, London, W.

Wednesday, December 15th — Unione Ticinese — Concert and Ball, in aid of the Fonds de Secours, at Pagani's Restaurant, Great Portland Street, W.1.

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11 Uhr morgens, Gottesdienst. Predigt: Herr Pfarrer F. Hildebrandt.

Sonntagschule.

7 Uhr abends, Gottesdienst. Predigt: Herr Pfarrer F. Hildebrandt.

Die Sprechstunde am Dienstag, den 16. XI. fällt

Anfragen wegen Religions-bezw. Confirmandenstunden und Amtshandlungen sind erbeten an den Pfarrer der Gemeinde: C. Th. Hahn, 43, Priory Road, Bedford Park, W. 4 (Telephon: Chiswick 4156). Sprechstunden: Dienstag 12-2 Uhr in der Kirche.

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