Zeitschrift: The Swiss observer: the journal of the Federation of Swiss Societies in

the UK

Herausgeber: Federation of Swiss Societies in the United Kingdom

Band: - (1932)

Heft: 564

Rubrik: Notes and gleanings

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The Swiss Observer

The Official Organ of the Swiss Colony in Great Britain. EDITED WITH THE CO-OPERATION OF MEMBERS OF THE LONDON COLONY. Published every Friday at 23, LEONARD STREET, LONDON, E.C.2.

Telephone: CLERKENWELL 9595

Telegrams: FREPRINCO, LONDON

Vol. 12-No. 564

LONDON, AUGUST 13, 1932.

PRICE 3d.

PREPAID SUBSCRIPTION RATES

SWITZERLAND 6 Months (26 issues, post free) - Frs. 7.50 (Swiss subscriptions may be paid into Postscheck-Konto Basle V 5718).



HOME NEWS



(Compiled by courtesy of the following contemporaries: National Zeitung, Neue Zürcher Zeitung, St. Galler Tagblatt, Vaterland and Tribune de Genève).

FEDERAL.

STATE ASSISTANCE FOR THE SWISS HOTEL INDUSTRY.

The Federal Council has sanctioned a scheme The Federal Council has sanctioned a scheme involving the Confederation in a contribution of three million francs for the purpose of abating the crisis in the hotel industry. No new hotels can be built without an official "Permit" and the enjoyment of the subsidy is subject to the respective hotel concerns having instituted an unemployment fund on prescribed lines.

ARMY RESIGNATION.

Col. Hans Juchler, instructor of the fifth division, has tendered his resignation to the Federal Council, which has been accepted. Col. Juchler, a very able and talented officer, who is only 54, was for some years head of the military commission in Columbia. The resignation is said to be due to a somewhat unsavoury affair in Geneva in which the Colonel was implicated.

FIRST OF AUGUST BADGES.

The distribution of this year's First of August badges seems to have been somewhat dilatory, in some districts, notably Thun and Burgdorf, they were unobtainable during the festlytites. (We have noted a similar imperfection at the Hendon gathering in London. Ed. S.O.

POLAR EXPEDITION.

A Swiss expedition under the leadership of Professor Dr. Mercanton of Lausanne, has left on Angust 6th for Iceland, where a station is being erected on the Snaefells glacier; Mr. Th. Zingg, of Zurich, will be in charge of the meterological observations.

"THE BROWN SHIRTS."

The wearing of "Nazi" brown shirts in Switzerland has been prohibited by a special decree issued by the Federal Council.

THE "LIGHTER" SIDE OF THE AARAU FESTIVAL.

Though some of our London gymnasts seem to have been deprived of their fair share, the following catering figures indicate that the tastes and claims of the competitors at the Federal Gymnastic Festival were amply provided for; there were consumed in the four large halls: 500 hectoliter beer, 40,000 bottles of wine and 95,000 hettles of spinned water large halls: bottles of mineral water.

AUSLANDSCHWEIZER" IN THE LIME-LIGHT.

Dr. José P. Guggiari who since 1928 is the president of Republic of Paraguay, hails from the canton of Ticino; his father emigrated to South America in 1875. There is a considerable number of naturalised Swiss in Paraguay. A former president was Eduard Schärer. The Bertonis are another Ticinese family well represented and commanding much influence.

PROF. PICCARD'S SECOND ATTEMPT.

Professor Piccard's gondola has now arrived at Dubendorf, and he is expected to make another journey heavenwards at the beginning of next week. Special arrangements have been made for a continuous wireless communication and two stations in Zurich have been reserved for this purpose. Some scientists foretell the likelyhood of the professor being met by some unfriendly meteors.

LOCAL.

ZURICH.

Professor Charly Clerc, privat docent at the Geneva University, has been appointed professor of French literature at the Federal Polytechnic in Zurich. Born in Neuchâtel in 1882 he first studied theology, but later on developed great interest in classic literature. Before settling down in Geneva in 1914, he was a French teacher for six years at the local school in Glarisegg (Thurgau). Prof. Clerc is a prolific writer and has distinguished himself by his translation of modern German-Swiss authors, such as Gottfried Keller, C. F. Meyer and Spitteler.

The modern thief is nothing if not versatile. Early on Sunday morning an enterprising thief stole the hotel omnibus from the yard of one of the hotels, intending to motor to the Klausen race with a view of picking up sightseers. On the way there, somewhere in the canton Schwyz, the coach broke down; he left it to its fate and succeeded in stronging a passing motor, car. The obliging in stopping a passing motor car. The obliging owner unknowingly assisted the thief to get away.

BERNE.

The States Council has prepared a comprehensive scheme for relieving unemployment in the canton during the coming winter; it necessitates the expenditure of one million francs.

SCHWYZ.

The silk factory A. G. Stünzi Söhne in Lachen, which has been obliged to reduce its staff, has paid to each employee so dismissed, a gratuity of Frs. 100 per year of service, totalling Frs. 170,000.

Rudolf Suter-Oeri, a well-known architect, has died at the age of 60. After a prolonged stay at Berlin, Paris and Berne, he finally established himself in his native town where — amongst others — he designed and erected a number of Bank buildings and hospitals.

It is stated that the whole of the German-Swiss frontier from Lörrach to the Lake of Con-stance is practically lined with unemployed Ger-man workmen, chiefly of the building trade, who are anxiously — and we might add vainly — waiting for permits to enter Switzerland and ob-tain complement. tain employment.

GENEVA.

Ch. L. Empyta, the ploneer of Swiss motoring, died in Geneva at the age of 73. He was for many years president of the Swiss Automobile Club and member of the Grand Conseil in Geneva; during the mobilisation be was in charge of the motor transport service.

NEUCHATEL.

Some students at the Cantonal College have exhibited exceptional eleverness. During the recent examination of 24 candidates for the baccalaureate twelve managed, by some artifice, to obtain possession of the respective examination papers beforehald. Unfortunately for them the stratagem was discovered and the whole examina-tion has been concelled, whilst two of the supposed principal culprits were dismissed from the college.

ST. GALL.

The strike in the building trade which has lasted nearly two months seems to come to a natural end a large number of operatives having resumed work last week.

Work in the granite quarries of the canton has come to a complete standstill on account of

SWISS LEGATION, LONDON 32. QUEEN ANNE STREET, W.1.

The Swiss Legation have the honour to announce that on and after the 19th of August, 1932, the address of the Chancery of the Legation

19, MONTAGU PLACE, BRYANSTON SQUARE, LONDON, W.1.

Telephone: PADDINGTON 0701.

the proposed reduction in wages; about $470~\mathrm{work}$ -men are affected.

A large crowd witnessed the "first turn of the spade ') at Oria last Sunday, when the construction of the new Gandria road on the Italian side was officially inaugurated. The President of the province of Como delivered an oration.

NOTES AND GLEANINGS.

By KYBURG.

Our Readers will agree that our friend "ST."

Our Readers will agree that our friend "ST." has nobly earned a holiday, and from the fervent article of his anent the Swiss National Day, we know too, that he will fit in very nicely again into the life among our beloved Swiss Mountains, Valleys, Lakes and so on. And, to be sure, I too wish him a very happy holiday and, as we say down in outer Essex, "all the very best."

On the other hand it is rather hard on some of us left behind. Not only do we miss the holiday among beautiful and congenial surroundings, not only do we continue to breathe hot and stuffy London air, but we also continue or pretend at least to continue to work for a living. And work, in these days of Angust, when the day is hot, the sun strong, the wind off, and business stale because sensible people are away from it, work, I say, is awful.

Most of my big clients are away. Were away

say, is awful.

Most of my big clients are away. Were away last week and will be away this week. I had planned, therefore, to take it easy, to snatch a few days for Golf, to attend to jobs in my garden, to feel in short, akin to a more leisured sort of chappie and to try out, as it were, how one might feel, had one been able to retire on one's earned income and the accumulated wealth derived therefrom. That last idea, naturally, presupposed the sudden and untimely end of all income tax collectors, to whom, individually I wish no harm, but whom, as executive officers of an association of people which, as an association and against the wishes of the vast majority of its individual memwishes of the vast majority of its individual mem-bers persists in spending far too much money on

of people which, as an association and against the wishes of the vast majority of its individual members persists in spending far too much money on war and war-begetting preparations. I abhor.

Now, is it not interesting to watch, how Providence again saved me from the evils of idleness? Here is my good friend "ST." going for a holiday. As I said, I have nothing against it. I think he earned it. I am only a little wee bit envious, not so much even as to make it a sin, but, the mere fact of "ST." going for his holiday, well earned, as aforesaid, means that I, poor I, have to work extra time. Is it not funny? Of course, you, dear Reader, will say it is not funny at all, because one going on holiday generally means more work for another. That's quite beside the point, because, I am different and that not in a very flattering sense either. What I mean to convey to you is the feeling of slight personal injury which overcomes me when I think of my good friend "ST." penning that very nice article on Swiss National Day and saying to himself, "now just a line or two to Kyburg, to tell him what I expect him to do while I am away and then my work is finished for some weeks and off I go, for my holiday, my well-earned holiday."

I must say, "ST." wrote me a very charming letter, when asking me to try and fill a few columns of the S.O. while he is away. The sort of letter which fills you with secret pride, yes pride, and satisfaction, because it makes you feel as size larger, until, after due reflection you all of a sudden see the point and see that that point is "more work" and more work at a time when every right-thinking person is at the sea-side or on the hills or at the rivers and lakes or playing Golf.

(Editor's note: Well Kyburg, old boy, we think you have groused enough and you might now buckle to it and sear that point is

(Editor's note: Well Kyburg, old boy, we think you have groused enough and you might now buckle to it and start on your job!)

First place among this week's Notes from the

British Press is given to the following from "Aeroplane" 27th July, because in my present mood, as outlined above (stop it! Ed.) it gives me a vision of reaching Switzerland quickly:

Air Transport as it should be:

The first month of operations on the accelerated Zurich — Munich — Vienna route of the "Swissair" company with the recently-acquired Lockheed Orion monoplanes has shown some exceedingly interesting results.

Of the twenty-six return journeys between Of the twenty-six return journeys between Zurich and Vienna only one was cameelled by the bad weather which persisted during a greater part of the month. Only two arrivals at Vienna and one at Zurich were delayed by more than half an hour.

The schedule for the 280 miles between Zurich and Vienna was laid down at 140 minutes but throughout the month the Lockheed Orions maintained an average of 135 minutes, which represents an average speed of 168.4 m.p.h. In the reverse or east-to-west direction, against the prexailing unfavourable wind, the schedule time was laid down at 165 minutes. In practice this was reduced to an average of 144 minutes, equivalent to an average speed of 157 m.p.h. age speed of 157 m.p.h.

Eighty-five passengers were transported between Zurich and Vienna and seventy-nine in the opposite direction, which filled 82 per cent. of the total available accommodation.

In addition 1,982 lbs. of mail, 253 lbs. of freight, and 955 lbs. of baggage were carried, using 72.8 per cent. of the total available load

There is interest in noting that the best previous percentage of available space used on Swiss air lines was 39 per cent. — the figure obtained for the whole of 1931.

The speeded-up Zurich—Vienna service has been very popular with air travellers and one curious fact revealed is that air-sickness has been greatly reduced, a fact which is probably responsible for the popularity of the service.

The Lockheed Orions and their Wright Cyclone engines have given trouble-free service, and the undercarriage-retracting mechanism has functioned without any trouble.

The "Swissair" company is now examining the possibility of extending their express service to other lines.

Meanwhile, British air-mails travel at an average speed of about 30 m.p.h. to India and to the Cape.

to be followed by the actual time table for Air journeys from here to "QUEEN" 3rd August: here to Switzerland, vide

Thrills, as everyone should know, abound in Switzerland. There is one modern thrill which I have never sampled yet, but which looks very interesting and alluring, and that is aquaplaning. The following article will show you what is meant by that expression.

By Air to Switzerland:

The services by the Air Union now run three times a day on weekdays. The fare on the London—Paris—Geneva service from London at 9 a.m. has been reduced to £8 14s., and extended to reach Lausanne at 4 p.m. and Bern at 4.45. The through service, leaving London at noon, reaches Lausanne at 6.15 p.m., the route following the Seine Valley, Burgundy and the Jura Mountains. The departure is also at noon from London for Basle (5.30 p.m.) and Zurich (6.20).

As a matter of fact, I have put the above two paragraphs in first in the slender hope that one or the other of the Papers in question might send me a couple of complimentary tickets! in repayment of the enormous advertisement we give them in our paper. (Transport papers please copy!)

Once we get to Switzerland, we naturally look down from our fast moving aeroplane and try to espy familiar sights. There are some sights, however, which may not be familiar anymore to some of us who have been exiled for long years and a regular

Swiss Cow Fight:

(Eastern Daily Press 28th July) may be of interest:

finterest:

High up in the Swiss mountains above the Rhone Valley the sun rises pink on the snowtops and the air is filled with the clanging and jangling of cow bells! Being only five o'clock what can this unusual stir mean? It is the morning of the annual Cow Fight, the fight to decide who shall be Queen of the Herd this summer. This sounds very bloodthirsty, but is, in fact, quite the contrary, no bulls being present, and could be more accurately described as a pushing competition. The grass on the higher slopes has grown long, and all the cows of the little village of Chermignon are to be driven up there to graze together until Septem driven up there to graze together until September, when cold will force them back again in separate herds to their homes in the valley. Each village has its grazing rights on a special mountain, and from time immemorial the cows have been sent upon some fixed date in early summer to ensure that none of the cattle shall get more than their share. But before they amalgamate one of them must fight to gain or regain the title of "Queen." Hence the bustle, excitement, and early rising. Through the dew-soaked grass herds of dark brown, surly-horned cows, each with a large copper bell under her chin attached to a broad leather belt, are hurried from the valley, across the plateau of crans, and through mountain rivulets up into the grassy slopes above, until they reach the "battle field."

This is a large natural arena, a beautiful This is a large natural arena, a beautiful square field, ablaze with wild flowers, and surrounded by trees and rocks. There is a gap at one end through which the cows gradually push their way in, followed by whole families of peasants who have come up to see the fun. By eight o'clock the field is very full, two or three hundred animals in all, and what with the noise of bulk and lowing of the earth, it is almost. hundred animals in all, and what with the noise of bells and lowing of the cattle, it is almost deafening, but there is no excitement whatso-ever and the peasants stand silently around awaiting future developments. The cows walk about, but they seem restless and ill at ease, as if expecting something, making no attempt at grazing. Every now and then for some unknown reason two come to loggerheads, they push against each other, head on, horns interlocked, feet firmly planted against the slope, and after a short, sharp struggle the weakest turns away defeated. Soon this is happening all over the field, the recognised leader of each herd meets another and a struggle ensues. But these are only minor fights. these are only minor fights.

these are only minor fights.

Suddenly there is a stir in the crowd, last year's Queen is seen advancing! Head in the air, flanks heaving, this beautiful, shinycoated creature proudly leads her herd into the arena. She is easily to be recognised, for her leather collar beautifully studded with copper nails and ornaments, as well as her bell are larger than any other and her physique is more magnificent. These collars might almost be described as heirlooms, having been in the owner's hands for generations. Last year she was the leader, perhaps this year some other younger cow will come forward to try and usurp her place. Slowly she moves about, apparently disdainful of her companions and oblivious of what is expected of her. But not for long. Suddenly an angry light shines in her eyes and she attacks another cow and pushes her downhill. Sometimes the tussle is but short. Should, however, the opponent be strong, they remain interlocked for a considerable time, each trying to win supremacy. This able time, each trying to win supremacy. This often ends in the weaker being sent spinning down the slope on her side, much to the satisfaction of the onlookers. It is impossible to judge whom she will attack next as she passes proudly through the throng of cows, who in their turn have private and less important fights on their own.

By about ten o'clock the question seemed By about ten oxfock the question seemed settled, for some village wisearce, who has been judging the proceedings armed with paper and pencil, noting how many victories the various leaders have gained, now proclaims that the old "Queen" has retained her title. The herd, out "Queen" nas retained her title. The herd, who have stopped fighting and lowing, settle down peacefully to graze. At the end of the field they parch their thirst in pure mountain water which runs into a large hollowed tree trunk. Peace descends and the peasants move off, leaving but a few men and boys behind to tend their cattle until the autumn.

Joyce Rozendaal.

Aquaplane Women:

The Star, 29th July.

For the holidaymaker in search of thrills I know nothing finer than aquaplaning. The excitements of skimming behind a motor-boat at any speeds up to 50 miles an hour surpass, in my opinion, any of the thrills I have obtained from winter sports in Switzerland or elsewhere.

Not Everybody's Sport.

It must be admitted, however, that aquaplaning is not everybody's sport. To begin with, you must have a sense of balance, a strong physique, plenty of grit, and be able to swim respectively in case of mishaps.

Of these qualities balance or poise of body is the most vital. Lacking it, your enjoyment of aquaplaning is limited to a sequence of spills, well calculated to rattle every bone in your body.

The only way I know to learn aquaplan-The only way I know to learn aquaplaning, which differs from surf-riding both in the construction of the board and riding attitude adopted, is by actual practice. Before setting out, however, take good care that the driver of the motor-boat knows the difficulties of learning to aquaplane, for you are entirely in his horse. his hands.

15 Miles An Hour.

It is essential that he should start off at a It is essential that he should start off at a steady pace, keep the boat in a straight line and corner in wide circles. As a novice one is liable to think that the slower one goes at first, the easier it is to learn. But going slowly redoubles the difficulty of balancing on the board, and I advise the beginner to start at about 15 miles an hour.

When preparing to move off, kneel on the aquaplane, holding on to the rope attached to the board, and remain kneeling until the slack of the tow-rope, which should be about 180 feet in length, is taken up. But directly the aquaplane commences to flit over the water, rise to your feet, holding on to the rope the whole

Balance yourself, with your feet fairly batance yoursen, with your feet fairly wide apart, in such a position on the board that when moving the tow rope just skims the water right from the head of the aquaplane to the stern of the boat. This position you will find about 18 inches to 2 feet from the back of the board. Hold the rope in both hands so that when standing comfortably your arms are prac-tically at full length and you are almost in an upright position.

No Going To Sleep.

Although lands play an important part, you really ride the aquaplane with your legs, taking the bumps by varying the pressure on your knees. Sticking on is no easy matter, especially in choppy water. Look steadily at the V-shaped patch of water in front and try to anticipate the waves with their corresponding bumps before they reach the board. Experience will teach you how to deal with them.

There is no going to sleep while aquaplaning. Any sudden upheaval may well hurtle you into the water before you realise what's happened. But remember when falling to avoid toppling over backwards. The moment you feel yourself losing your balance, let go of the rope, and throw yourself off sideways.

Thrilling Upheavals.

On a long trip, like the double crossing of the Channel accomplished by Miss L. Copplestone, the famous New Zealand swimmer, and myself, thrills follow one another fast.

Four miles off Cape Gris Nez, Miss Copplestone ran into the wash of a trawler. At one moment she was lifted completely off the board. Only by magnificent riding was she able to regain her position and finish the trip in the record time of 1 hour 3 min.

On the return journey I had the thrill of speeding up to cross the bows of two boats coming up the Channel, running into the wash from a Channel boat leaving Dover, and innumerable breath-taking upheavals as the board -sawed over the tons of powerful waves

In the placid waters off the famous coasts of Florida, Australia and New Zealand, where aquaplaning and its sister sport surf-riding are much in vogue, expert riders give acrobatic exhibitions of their powers, performing all manner of tricks on the board.

For the beginner, however, there are more than enough thrills to be gained by simple straightforward aquaplaning, and the joy of mastering the art of riding the board is one of the most satisfactory any sport has to offer.

Emil Ludwig:

Most of my readers have read some of his books, I presume. If not, it is high time they did, because they are stimulating and well-informed. The "Manchester Guardian" on August 4th tells "Why he became a Swiss Citizen."

In an interview with "Paris-Soir," Emil Ludwig, the German author, explained why he had recently become a Swiss citizen.

"It is not true," he said, "that I took this decision as a result of the Nazi campaign against pacifists and Jews. I have lived in in Switzerland since 1907, and Switzerland has visitually been my home counter for trants fire virtually been my home country for twenty-five

In answer to a question what he thought of the situation in Germany, Herr Ludwig

"Germany to-day is a sick man with a temperature of 104. It is useless to ask a man in such condition about his plans. Germany has no longer the mentality which she had before the war. With the economic upheavals which followed the war she completely lost her head and threw herself into the arms of the man who knew how to exploit the situation best. I am all in favour of trying out the Hitler experiment for only then will Germany realise. the futility of Hitlerism and lose her insane illusions on the subject."

I like the concluding paragraph of the above. So like OTTAWA!

ALPINE FLOWER TOUR.

Owing to the success of the Alpine flower tour to the Bernese Oberland last June, a similar tour to the Rhaetian Alps district has been planned, again under the leadership of Dr. Hugh Roger-Smith, hon, secretary of the Alpine Garden Society.

The party, which still has vacancies, leaves London for St. Moritz on Wednesday, and returns on August 24th. Information can be obtained from Cook's Head Office in Berkeley Street.