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The Swiss Observer

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HOME NEWS

FEDERAL.

MILK PRICE.

The price of milk will be reduced by 1 centine per litre for the consumer from November 1st. At the same time, the price paid to dairy farmers will be reduced by 2cts. for milk to be retailed, and by 3 cts. for milk to be used for cheese. While the reduction is of little or no importance to the consumer, the farmers are badly hit. Although the cost of living index figure stands at 160 (1914—100), the price paid them for milk is only about 37% above the 1914 level. The reason for this discrepancy lies in the big stocks of cheese, for which export possibilities continue to be unsatisfactory.

St. G.T.

FEDERAL COUNCIL.

The announced resignation of President Haub has already caused much heartburning among the political parties. The Socialists are debating, if they should give up their past policy of keeping out of the Federal Council in order to maintain their "political liberty" and claim the seat. So far, opinions are very divided. According to the "Vaterland," the present political composition of the Federal Council is the following:

| | | |
|---------------|----------------|---------|
| Liberals | 230,000 voters | 5 seats |
| Socialists | 220,000 | 0 |
| Catholics | 180,000 | 2 |
| Farmers Party | 130,000 | 0 |

which it characterizes as anomalous.

LOCAL.

ZURICH.

Captain L. Bärtsch, the well-known military pilot and aviation expert, has succumbed to the severe injuries he sustained three weeks ago in a crash at Dübendorf.

V.

Professor Robert Seidel is retiring from the Federal Polytechnic and the Zurich University after 24 and 20 years service respectively. V.

At the end of September the Zurich Labour Exchanges had 897 unemployed on their registers, an increase of 140 in one month.

N.Z.Z.

Mr. Eric Kessler has been nominated London correspondent of the *Neue Zürcher Zeitung* in replacement of Mr. J. Halperin, who has again accepted the post of Berlin correspondent to the N.Z.Z.

N.

BERNE.

A fatal accident due to unbelievable negligence is reported from Brügg. The 3 year old son of J. Schneider climbed on a wardrobe to get at some walnuts. There he also found a loaded pistol, the butt end of which he used as nut-cracker. His manipulations fired the pistol, and the bullet lodged itself in the child's liver. He died in hospital.

N.Z.Z.

LUCERNE.

The cantonal accounts for the year 1928 show a surplus of 1,316,642 Franks.

N.

Mr. and Mrs. Kiefer-Hablitzel, of "Dreilinden," Lucerne, have undertaken to put two million Franks at the disposal of the Town Council for the erection of a building to be used as an arts gallery and concert hall. The only conditions are that the money is to serve exclusively for construction and interior installation, and that interest on the capital at 4½% p.a. be paid to the lenders during their lifetime. Afterwards the capital sum will become the absolute property of the town.

N.Z.Z.

AARAU.

The Poor Law is to be revised. The present Act dates from 1804!

N.

ST. GALL.

Engelbert Rüegg, of Rossfallen near Goldingen, has confessed that he persuaded his brother Johann to set fire to the house inhabited by Karl Ebnöther, his wife and his two small children. Rüegg's stocks of cheese were stored in the building and over-insured, and he was pressed for cash. The brother was promised a reward of

500 Franks for the successful completion of his task. The family Ebnöther have lost everything they possessed, and an appeal to public charity has had to be made on their behalf.

St. G.T.

BALE.

The beautiful and historic Deutschritter-Haus near the Johanniter bridge has been pulled down and replaced by a huge block of flats. A correspondent to the "National-Zeitung" wonders, what induced the Authorities to agree to this, as he cannot understand this wanton and senseless spoliation of the beautiful skyline hitherto presented by the historical buildings fronting the Rhine between Minster and St. Johann.

N.

FROM THE TICINO.

FRANCESCO MESCHINI.

Referring to what was published in a recent issue concerning Francesco Meschini, the famous architect, the following additional details are taken from an issue of the "Popolo e Libertà": When studying at the Academy of Arts, in Milan, he was specially liked by Grato Albertolli, the famous Ticinese professor of architecture at that Academy and when barely twenty years of age Francesco Meschini was entrusted by Piermarini with the drawing up of the plans and design for the Scala Theatre of Milan, which is considered a fine piece of architecture.

When patriotism bid Meschini return to the modest solitude of his native village the Ticinesi eagerly called upon him to fill the highest positions in the Councils of the Canton. He has been the inspirator and directing mind in the development of the system of main-roads in the Canton. He was nearly seventy years of age when he undertook the building of the road of the Gothard but he was undaunted by the arduous task and the hardships he had to endure in a strenuous life, at such altitudes. As chief engineer and contractor at one and the same time he never stinted the work for the sake of personal gain. His one desire was to make the road one of solidity and magnificence and the proof that gold did not seduce him is in the fact that, when the work was accomplished, he declared himself satisfied with a very modest profit and returned to the State 150,00 francs, then a very considerable sum, out of the contract price.

After very insistent requests from the authorities of the Cantons of Uri and Schwyz, Meschini made all the plans for the road which from the Gothard pass leads to the lake of Lucerne, so that the main road which crosses Switzerland, from Basle to the Italian frontier, over the Hauenstein and the Gothard, can be considered his work. As a token of their appreciation the authorities of Uri and Schwyz jointly made him a present of a beautiful and valuable pendulum clock, depicting the oath on the Grutli and decorated with the shields of the two cantons.

VAUD.

In the canton of Vaud there are some 200 apprentices who are unable to attend professional courses on account of living too far away from the cities, where such courses are held. In order to enable these people to avail themselves of professional tuition, experiments have been made since 1927 with courses given by wireless. The State Council have just decided definitely to adopt this means of instruction, and radio sets will be installed in all the communes where no professional classes can be held. All the students living within a radius of 5 kilometres must take part in these wireless lessons. The communes are charged with finding suitable space for them.

According to a tradition which dates from 1918, the University of Paris bestows, every year, a certain number of titles of "docteur honoris causa" to famous foreigners. This year a noteworthy choice is M. le Docteur Roux, professor of surgery at the University of Lausanne.

The death has just occurred at Lausanne of M. Paul Picard, at the age of 86 years. M. Picard, was professor of mechanics at the Academy of Lausanne between 1869 and 1881, has been honorary professor of the University of Lausanne since 1903, and was one of the founders of the firm Picard-Pietet of Geneva, which is renowned for the improvements made in the construction of hydraulic turbines. It was M. Picard who constructed the first turbines for Niagara.

MILITARY EXEMPTION TAX AND PASSPORTS.

It is a big jump but, having been recently to the Ticino, I feel I must say a few words in this connection. At the beginning of this month I had occasion to call at the offices of one of the Lugano dailies and eventually the talk drifted to the question of Military Tax and Passports. I was very pleased to hear that the editor and the controlling person of the paper (a clever lawyer and very active politician), fully shared the opinions of those who are protesting in this matter and I was further assured that the columns of that paper are wide open to Mr. Notari and his friends. So keen is the desire to help the Ticinesi resident abroad that I was informed an opportunity would no doubt arise to bring the matter before the Grand Council, at the suitable moment.

On my way back to London I had to call upon the publishers of the "Dovore" and here again, as soon as the Military Tax was mentioned, the gentleman appeared as keen about it as any of the Ticinesi in London. The question is considered of such general importance that I was assured the three or four leading dailies of the Ticino, representing the various shades of political opinion, would no doubt gladly cooperate to make the grievances and point of view of the Ticinesi abroad known to the population at home, so that effective action might be taken.

I knew that Mr. Notari had nothing to do with submitting to the "Dovore" a partial translation of his letter to the S.O. and when I pointed out that the comments of Mr. Carlo Maggiini, leader of the liberal-radical party of the Ticino and chief editor of the "Dovore" were, in part, based on a misunderstanding, I was informed there is the keenest desire on the part of that paper to have the fullest possible communications, so that they can help all they can.

As if this was not enough, I soon afterwards met one of the Government officials, well acquainted with what is happening about passports and he took the initiative to give me a few items of inside information, adding that the whole question of the restrictions on passports constitutes a scandal, which has embittered Ticinesi from all parts of the world, and that it is high time a radical change was made.

I naturally was not in the Ticino for the purpose of sounding public opinion about this matter, but judging from the opinions of the few individuals to whom the matter was mentioned I feel certain Mr. Notari underestimated the support he would receive in our home Canton. As the winter months are approaching I suppose he will consider that the suitable moment to strike out has arrived.

O.B.

The Swiss Chalet.

The following article on our pretty wooden chalets, recognised all over the world as one of the most charming and comfortable kinds of dwelling house, is reprinted from the "Illustrated Carpenter and Builder." On account of his otherwise appreciative account the author may be excused for his unkind remark on Swiss taste in matters of art. Judged by the general level of architecture in Switzerland and other countries, notably England, it can hardly be said that we Swiss compare unfavourably with most other nations.—THE EDITOR.

Originally, the chalet was the unpretentious home of the Swiss mountain herdsman. Later, well-to-do farmers and land owners, attracted by the scheme of construction, built their houses on much the same principle, the stone and timber being procured locally. Then, as the decade rolled by, the leading architects, convinced that no better model could be found, applied it to private buildings—large and small. Many delightful examples may be seen in St. Moritz, round about the Lake of Lucerne, where, as the inhabitants say, all is "froh und munter," in the Bernese Oberland and valleys, on the outskirts of Engelberg, and elsewhere. Beautiful though Switzerland is, the Schweizer often is absolutely

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