Zeitschrift:	The Swiss observer : the journal of the Federation of Swiss Societies in the UK
Herausgeber:	Federation of Swiss Societies in the United Kingdom
Band:	- (1927)
Heft:	287

Nutzungsbedingungen

Rubrik:

**Publications** 

Die ETH-Bibliothek ist die Anbieterin der digitalisierten Zeitschriften auf E-Periodica. Sie besitzt keine Urheberrechte an den Zeitschriften und ist nicht verantwortlich für deren Inhalte. Die Rechte liegen in der Regel bei den Herausgebern beziehungsweise den externen Rechteinhabern. Das Veröffentlichen von Bildern in Print- und Online-Publikationen sowie auf Social Media-Kanälen oder Webseiten ist nur mit vorheriger Genehmigung der Rechteinhaber erlaubt. Mehr erfahren

## **Conditions d'utilisation**

L'ETH Library est le fournisseur des revues numérisées. Elle ne détient aucun droit d'auteur sur les revues et n'est pas responsable de leur contenu. En règle générale, les droits sont détenus par les éditeurs ou les détenteurs de droits externes. La reproduction d'images dans des publications imprimées ou en ligne ainsi que sur des canaux de médias sociaux ou des sites web n'est autorisée qu'avec l'accord préalable des détenteurs des droits. <u>En savoir plus</u>

## Terms of use

The ETH Library is the provider of the digitised journals. It does not own any copyrights to the journals and is not responsible for their content. The rights usually lie with the publishers or the external rights holders. Publishing images in print and online publications, as well as on social media channels or websites, is only permitted with the prior consent of the rights holders. <u>Find out more</u>

# **Download PDF:** 13.08.2025

ETH-Bibliothek Zürich, E-Periodica, https://www.e-periodica.ch

## SWISS MERCANTILE SOCIETY.

EDUCATION DEPARTMENT.

In connection with the scholastic programme the following lectures were given by the students during last week:-

Miss Sylvia Renggli, Lucerne : "Benjamin Franklin." Miss Claire Drollinger Berti Miss Sylvia Renggli, Lucerne : "Benjamin Franklin." Miss Claire Drollinger, Frutigen : "Madame de Pompadour" (continuation). Miss Erika Stettler, Lucerne : "Fashion and Changes in General." Mr. John Staheli, St. Gall : "Music and Jazz." Mr. Erwin Kolly : "School Teaching." Miss Marguerite Fischer, Menziken : "Our News-papers." Miss Elly Reber : "Should Women Drive Cars?" Miss K. Z'Graggen, Lucerne : "Life in a Convent for Young Children." Mr. Max Jungi : "British Constitution." Mr. H. Moser : "A Free Alsace." Miss Gertrud Gaugler, Olten : "Heinrich Pestalozzi." Mr. Emil Garoni, Bern : "My First Speech." Mr. Arnold Strasser, Zurich : "Henry Ford." Mr. Emil Kellenberger, Zurich : "Why Britain is a Commercial Country." Mr. Hans Büchli, Basle : "Napoleon's Defeat at Waterloo in 1815."

The debating classes dealt with the following subject :-

"Are you in favour of Fascism in Italy or not?" Proposer Mr. Emil Lutz, Rheineck; Op-poser, Mr. Jean Jordi, Brugg.

A very interesting Lecture was given at the A very interesting Lecture was given at the School on Friday evening, under the auspices of the Swiss Institute. President : Mr. H. Joss, Subject : "The World of H. G. Wells," The audience packed the big Lecture Room, and after the lecture light refreshments were served, questions were replied to, and the evening was concluded with songs, music and card parties.

#### FROM THE COURTS.

After four days' trial before Mr. Justice Acton and a Common Jury, the latter returned a verdict in favour of Mr. Carl Henry Willi, a Swiss, described as being engaged in the business of "plastic surgery for the removal of facial defects," of Baker Street, W.

He was summoned by a former lady assistant for He was summoned by a tormer lady assistant or alleged breach of contract to employ her and for injury alleged to have been caused to her by his negligence. Mr. Willi denied the alleged breach, or that there was any negligence in an operation which had been performed on plaintiff with her consent. 

## FROM KINSHASA TO BANGUI.\*

By A. J. LUNGHI.

On January 5th of this year I set out from Kinshasa, the future capital of the Belgian Congo, on a trip to Bangui, the principal town in the Ubangi-Shari Province of French Equatorial Africa. In order to catch the steamer which was to convey us to Bangui we had to cross over the river Congo to Brazzaville on the French side. All the time our 'boys' were loading our baggage on to the small ferry-boat it was pouring with rain, but when we were leaving the Belgian shore the weather had cleared up. It took us about a quarter of an hour to cross the river, and then we came up alongside the sternwheel steamer which was to

of an hour to cross the river, and then we came up alongside the sternwheel steamer which was to take us to Bangui, the S.W. *Dolisie*. We had arrived a little late, and the other passengers were already having lunch on deck. I left my personal 'boy' in charge of my baggage, telling him to keep a careful eye on the rascally-looking "capita" to whose tender mercies it had to be entrusted, and went on board. If I had thought the journey was going to be a pleasure trip I was soon disillusioned. The European passengers, and the lower one reserved for negro passengers and the crew. There is accommodation for about twenty European passen-gers. My cabin, in common with the others, conaccommodation for about twenty European passen-gers. My cabin, in common with the others, con-tained two extremely narrow and uncomfortable bunks, one over the other, and no other furniture whatsoever—not even a wash-stand. Fortunately there was no other passenger with me, and so I had room to make a rough-and-ready wash-stand out of one of my steel trunks and a medicine chest, on which I placed my enamel wash-basin. Under the lower bunk I had just room to stow my tin bath, which is an essential part of one's travelling

the lower bunk I had just room to stow my tin bath, which is an essential part of one's travelling equipment in this part of Africa. Just as I was completing these arrangements my 'boy'.Pierre came up and told me that every-thing was on board, so I left him to tidy up my cabin and went out to join the other passengers at lunch. The "dining-room" consisted of a clear space of deck at the stern end of the vessel, on which two long tables had been placed. I sat down on one of the rough wooden benches and called for "chop." At the table at which I had sat down I found five other diners. Opposite me sat Mr. L—, the gentleman whom I was accom-panying on the trip to Bangui. On my right sat a young French planter, and his wife, whilst on

\*The above article has been sent by a young member of the Colony who recently took up a position in the Belgian Congo.

#### VACANCIES IN SWITZERLAND.

At the request of the Federal Labour Office (Eidgen. Arbeitsamt, 8, Bundesgasse, Bern) we are publishing, at regular intervals, lists of special vacancies in Switzerland for which suitable can-didates are not available at home. Whilst it is intended to fill these vacancies, whenever possible, with Swiss from abroad, applications are con-sidered from foreigners possessing the necessary qualifications. Offers, stating date of publication and reference number, should be addressed to the Swiss Consulate in whose district the applicant Swiss Consulate in whose district the applicant resides, and will then be forwarded to the proper quarter in Switzerland. We publish the list in the original text as received from the Labour Office Office.

L 272 Kartonage - Zuschneid:r; für Kartonagefabrik im Kanton Freiburg.

- Im Kanton Freiburg. L 374 Press Vergolder, fachtüchtiger, womöglich lediger Buchbinder und Schachtelmacher, spezialisiert in der Wiener- und der italie-nischen Presse- und Vergoldemethode ; für Artelier von kunstgewerblichen Leder-waren im Süd-Tessin.
- waren im Sud-Tessin.
   N 316 Contremaître outilleur/estampeur avant de la pratique et connaissant la fabrication de l'outillage moderne pr. la fabrication automobile, ainsi que l'estampage : pour fabrique d'autos dans la Suisse romande.
- fabrique d'autos dans la Suisse romande.
  N 317 Werkmeister für Glühlampendraht, zur Herstellung von Wolfram- und Molybändraht für elektrische Glühlampen ; für neu zu gründenden Betrieb im Kanton Aargau.
  S 302 Kinderpflegerin Erzieherin in Kinderkrank heiten bewanderte, womöglich im Kochen geübte, zur selbständigen Besorgung und zielbewussten Erziehung von 6-10 kleinen Kindern ; Methodistenschwester mit Praxis in Kinderkrippen wird bevorzugt ; für christliches Kinderheim im Kanton Appenzell. zell
- christliches Kinderheim im Kanton Appenzell.
   S 367 Kunstgewerbe Zeichner, beruflich schon längere Zeit in Beleuchtungskörper abrik tätig und befähigt, selbständig Entwürfe von Beleuchtungskörpen und andern kunstgeweblichen Gegenständen der Metallbranch herzustellen ; nach dem Kanton Aargau.
   U 407 Gesellschaftsdam2, mit Kenntnis der deutschen, französischen, jraleinischen sprachen Sprachen, stütklisch und tüchtig im Maschinenschreiben ; für Herrschaft in Zürich.
   E 491 Schneiderei Aufseher, mindestens 25 jähriger, auf Zivil- und Uniform-Gross und Kleinistück, selbständig im Zuschneiden; für kantonale Anstalt in St. Gallen.
   K 445 Dessinateur artistique, avec pratique, pour croquis, prospectus, affiches, etc.; pour imprimerie-lithographie à Genève.

Mr. L——'s left hand was a typical old French Colonial in the employ of the Government as a telegraphist, and his wife who was coming out to Africa for the first time. Most of the other passengers consisted of French civil servants, there being only one other trader besides Mr. L—— and myself.

myself. True to French tradition, it was not long be-fore we passengers were deeply engaged in conver-sation. The young Planter had not long left a French Agricultural College, and had entered the Colonial Service because of the greater scope it afforded him than the Home Service, and he and his wife were very eager to glean all the infor-mation possible regarding the new type of life they had embarked upon. This young couple's somewhat naive enquiries caused no little amuse-ment to the old colonial opposite us, as did the suspicion with which they treated all the food served to them by the 'boys.' To me there seemed something just a little pathetic about this young inexperienced couple, suddenly transplanted from a small French town and sent up into the Inferior before they had had time to acclimatise themselves. On arrival at Bangui they were proceeding to B——, about three weeks' journey by baleiniere (a small open boat constructed of metal sheets rivetted together). Still more pathetic was it to appear to me later, when at Bangui one evening I saw them leave in the twilight with about a dozen paddlers, embarking on the three weeks' journey, during which they would be out of touch with civilisation, with no protection from the blazing sun by day or the cold at night. There was some-thing incongruous about the girl—straight from France—in a fresh white frock sitting there with the dusky paddlers on either side. The last I saw of them was when they were shooting the rapids just above Bangui, though I could hear the soug True to French tradition, it was not long be-

the dusky paddlers on either side. The last I saw of them was when they were shooting the rapids just above Bangui, though I could hear the song of the paddlers for some little time afterwards. The telegraphist had many interesting experi-ences to recount—probably spiced with a little imagination—as he had done the journey from Brazzaville to Bangui by pirogue (a native dug-out cance) many years previously, when he helped to lay the telegraph wires connecting these two towns. The journey by nirogue had taken him several The journey by pirogue had taken him several months to accomplish, whereas a steamer does it in about twelve days.

Another inferesting passenger was a lieutenant, atttached to a native infantry regiment in the Lake Chad district. In order to regain his regi-ment he was to proceed from Bangui by lorry, pirogue, camel and horse, according to the nature of the land through which he passed.

- H 468 Betriebsleiter in Möbelfabrik, befähigt, einem Betriebe von ca. 20 Arbeitern für die Fabrikation harthölzerner Qualitätsmöbel vorzustehen und den Holz- und Material-einkauf, sowie das Kalkulationswesen selb-ständig zu besorgen ; für Möbelfabrik im Kanton Aargau.
  H 622 Menuisier chef d'atelier, expérimenté dans tous travaux de menuiserie, sachant tracer et débiter et pouvant diriger un atelier de 20-25 ouvriers ; pour entreprise à Genève.
- Genève.
   Genève.
   Genève.
   Genève.
   Genève.
   Genève.
   Möbel Beizmeister, im modernen Beiz-Verfahren selbständig und befähigt, einer Beiz-und Polierwerkstätte vorzustehen ; für verstklassige Möbelfabrik und Bauschrei-nerei in der Nähe von Zürich.
   J 624 Vorarbeiter für Spinmeriabtellung, selbstän-diger, charaktervoller Mann, befähigt, die Funktionen eines Schichtenführers zu über-nehmen und dem Personal mit Takt und Geschick vorzustehen, sowie den Betrieb der Abteilung zu leiten ; nach den Kanton Thurgau.
- der Abtehung zu feiten , Thurgau. K 471 Graveur similiste, qualifié pour moir et cou-leur ; pour atelier à La Chaux-de-Fonds. L 539 Kartonnage Zuschneider, Spezialist auf Fein-schachteln (Fantasie- und Bijouterieschach-teln); für Kartonnage-Fabrik im Kanton Freiburg.
- N 578 Schreiburg. Schreibmaschinenmechaniker, Spezialist auf Underwood-Maschinen, mit mindestens 4 jähriger Praxis bei Unterwood-Vertretung ; für Schreibmaschinen-Grosshandlung in ürich
- Sanitäts Instrumentenmacher/Geschäftsführer, N 599 Sanitäts - Instrumentenmacher Geschäftsführer, gelernter, junger in der Branche vollkommen bewanderter Instrumentenmacher, mit Praxis in Bureau und Verkauf und in der Lage, den Chef zu unterstützen; für Sanitätsgeschäft in St. Gallen.
   P 651 Geschäfts - Führer, kaufmännisch gebildeter mit unbedingter Kenntnis der Nährmittel- und Karamellenfabrikation; für die Filale einer Nährmittelfabrik im Kanton Basel-Land.
   S 480 Professeur d'anglais; pour pensionnat près de Lausanne.
   S 582 Zahnarzt - Assistent, diplomierter mit längerer Praxis; zu Zahnarzt in Zürich. N 599

#### PUBLICATIONS

- of the "Verein für Verbreitung Guter Schriften" and "Lectures Populaires."
- 137. Erinnerungen einer Grossmutter, von E. B.
- Meyer
   5d.

   139. Die Frühglocke—Das Ehe-Examen, von Adolf Schmitthenner
   5d.

We left Brazzaville at two o'clock in the afternoon with two large barges towed alongside, and I must confess to a little misgiving when I saw the shower of sparks from the funnel of the steamer falling on to a barge carrying hundreds of cases of petrol. Like practically all other vessels in the Congo the *Dolisie* is a wood-burning boat, and at dusk the cascade of sparks from the funnel resembles a miniature firework display. On this barge was also the Ford car which we were taking with us, and a couple of negroes were not long in discovering what a comfortable shelter it made. They spread out their mats under the tarpaulin which covered the car, crept underneath, and made themselves at home themselves at home. The lower-deck accommodation for the negroes

themselves at home. The lower-deck accommodation for the negroes being insufficient they swarmed over the two barges, on one of which they made a fire on which to cook their food. At night those who were not fortunate enough to have found a place to spread their mats on the lower-deck made themselves as comfortable as possible on the barges—generally two or three negroes huddling close together for warmth on one mat. The more lucky ones had a tattered blanket to wrap round themselves, but all seemed equally happy—especially the youngsters, who chased one another round the edge of the barges all day long, or else spread a mat and played a gambling game with a couple of dicc. The native seems to be a born gambler ; whilst the youngsters gambled with dice on the deck of the barge, the elder men, presided over by the "capita," who is in charge of the native crew and the lower deck, clustered round a mat amidships and played cards. As we had started late we were not able to reach the wood-post for which we were aiming, and had to tie up for the night in the bush. The boat steamed in as close as possible to the shore, and the two burget which we were its played to the barge the blayed in the bush.

and nad to tie up for the night in the bush. The boat steamed in as close as possible to the shore, and then two boys dived in, holding on to a couple of wire ropes, with which the boat is secured to the shore. Travelling is only possible by daylight, as at night there is nothing whatsoever to guide the boats on the river, and there is the ever-present danger of getting stuck on a sandbank. (To be continued.)



