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annually, the investment is not without its annually, the investment is not without its attractions. The skins, unmounted, fetch any-thing from £30 to £70 in the European market, while the pick of the young stock can be re-tained for breeding, or sold for this purpose.

Kandersteg

The following extract is taken from the Referee (Dec. 5th) and I select it on account of its personal and familiar touch :—

The Heirs, Executors and Assigns of the excellent Mr. Thomas Cook, the inventor of Switzerland, provide me and my family with tickets from door to door. I register the family baggage at Victoria and never see the infernal nuisance again until it is tipped out at Kandersteg, for the canny Swiss, who have far too much sense to kill the goose that lays the golden eggs, never bother the winter sportsmann with customs and suchlike mediaeval tortures. When I get to Calais I find that these beneficent successors of the immortal Thomas have not only got places for me in the train, but places in a carriage which runs straight through to Kandersteg. Of all things, I hate changing carriages, on a long journey the most, and I notice that when it is necessary on the Continent they generally arrange that you shall do it in the

carriages on a long journey the most, and I notice that when it is necessary on the Continent they generally arrange that you shall do it in the middle of the night. But no such troubles afflict the traveller to Kandersteg. He gets into his compartment at Calais, and, except for a short excursion along the train itself to enjoy an excellent and wonderfully cheap dinner, he need never leave it again until he does so per-manently in Kandersteg itself. You know, that always strikes me as a very astonishing thing. Here is a little village in the Oberland, a mere shrimp of a place in size, and yet all through the winter—and, for ought I know, through the summer as well—you reach it without a change. But that is less than half my reason for go-ing always to Kandersteg. The greater part is that I know it and am known by it, that I can count on a welcome which is something more than conventional and commercial. I know that when I reach the hospitable doors of the Vic-toria Herr Kauf will be there to greet me as he has greeted me for umpteen years, and that

he has greeted me for unpteen years, and that Frau Egger, bless her heart, will be waiting in the hall to explain that she has kept my old rooms for me and that she thinks we all, and Madame in particular, look ever so much younger than when we arrived last year. Then I shall be told all about the pic-nic at

the Oeschinen See which is to take place next day, and of Thursday's tailing party to the Blau See, that wonderful lake which never freezes, a lake whose water is like molten sapphire and whose amazing tint no man of science has ever yet been able to explain.

Ski in London.

From the Sphere (Dec. 4th) :-

From the time he was a lad of eight in Andermatt, where he was born, Mr. Miggi Meyer, the chief instructor to the London Ski Meyer, the chief instructor to the London Ski School, who is giving demonstrations of ski-ing on an artificial snow slope at Harrods', has been recognised as a distinguished practitioner of the art. When the days of his schooling were over in Freiburg he went to Italian Switzerland to learn the language, and returned home to be-come military instructor to the Swiss Ski Alpine Corns. Later on he took a similar position in come military instructor to the Swi's Ski Alpine Corps, Later on he took a similar position in the French Alpine Club in Haute Savoie for two winters. During the war he was attached as ski instructor to the mountain troops on the Gothard and in the Engadine. He is, in ad-dition, an accomplished slalom runner and bob-sleigher as well as a fine Alpine climber. Such is his skill that he has ascended Mont Blanc on skis, a feat of endurance which takes three or four days, according to the weather. As a skifour days, according to the weather. As a ski-runner Mr. Meyer is exceedingly fleet, and on the Gothard and in the Engadine was victor in the Gounard and in the Engadine was victor in the ski-patrol running competitions on four occasions, while in the 60 kilometres ski race, the longest in Switzerland, he came in a close second in 1914.

"L'ESCALADE A LONDRES."

Les Genevois se sont réunis cette année comme coutume, pour célébrer la fête traditionelle de l'Escalade.

Plescalade, Défiant toute superstition, ils se trouvèrent chez Fagani le 13 Décembre au nombre de treize pour leur treizième dîner! Le menu fut de choix, grâce aux bons soins du fameux restaurant tes-sinois, et la belle marmite en nougat fut brisée au dessert par le president, qui prononça la formulle chère aux Genevois "qu'ainsi périssent les ennemis de la Patrie!"

Le pasteur Hoffmann fit le bref récit de l'Escalade, et lut les noms des patriotes morts pour Genève en 1602.

On passa ensuite au second acte et la gaite règra jusqu'au moment de se séparer en écoutant les "bonnes blagues" de chacun à sour de rôle. Si la réunion fut peu nombreuse, le tort en est aux absents qui, de l'avis unanime, manquèrent une excellente soirée. —T.

FINANCIAL AND COMMERCIAL NEWS FROM SWITZERLAND.

The municipal authorities of Belgrade have worked out a very expensive programme of develop-ment for the city and have been in negotiations with a number of foreign financial groups with a view to securing the funds necessary to put their scheme interstitute. The mean interaction is schemes into action. The most important iten will be the construction of a new electric power station and the improvement of the existing station station and the improvement of the existing station so as to allow of an extension of the tramway sys-tem and also a development of the water supply. Expenditure of about 220 million dinars will be necessary. The Swiss engineering firm of Brown, Boveri have submitted tenders and are understood to be competing for the order with the American MacDaniel group. It is thought that the Swiss engineers stand the best chance of obtaining the contract, especially as they are in a better geo-graphical position to understand local conditions and requirements and to act promptly in com-mencing work. Should they be successful it will be a valuable gain to Swiss industry in general. As the Belgian Government have secced from

As the Belgian Government have seceded from As the beiggin Government nave sectored from the Latin Monetary Union by creating the Belga as their unit of currency, the question of preserving the Union has become somewhat pressing. The Swiss Federal Council has instructed the depart-ments concerned to study means of maintaining the Union. The Federal Council has reached the con-clusion that Belgium's withdrawal on January 1st, 1927, would lead to the complete dissolution of the Union, and has communicated its views to the Governments of France, Italy and Greece, which are the other countries interested.

After remaining at a level above the dollar since April last, the Swiss franc has since the last days of October moved slightly lower than the dollar or at its exact parity. It is an interesting fact that the capital demands made on Switzerland of failed and the second work the here and by foreign countries in recent months have not had any appreciable effect on the Swiss exchange. This is a sound testimony to the good financial This is a sound testimony to the good financial position of the Swiss issuing houses, but not less to the steady exchange policy pursued by the National Bask. National Bank. This policy will serve to counter any effects of the export of capital which may be forthcoming in the near future.

The current issue of the Swiss Bank's monthly bulletin, which will, no doubt, already be in the hands of some of the readers of these columns, contains some interesting particulars of the work done by the Preparatory Committee which is work-ing out the agenda for the Economic Conference to be held next year. Since the Bank's Chairman, Mr. Leopold Dubois, was leader of the Financial Committee, the bulletin is of special interest.

QUOTATIONS from the SWISS STOCK EXCHANGES.

BONDS.	Dec. 7		Dec. 14	
Confederation 3% 1903	79.50		79.00	
., 5% 1917, VIII Mob. Ln			100.82	
	82.67		82.12	
" " 1924 IV Elect. Ln.		0.62	100.82	
SHARBS.	Nom	Dec.7	Dec. 14	
	Frs.	Frs.	Frs.	
Swiss Bank Corporation	500	786		
Crédit Suisse	500	812	802	
Union de Banques Suisses	500	672	670	
Société pour l'Industrie Chimique	1000	2547	2555	
Fabrique Chimique ci-dev. Sandoz	1000	3997	3950	
Soc. Ind. pour la Schappe	1000	2725	2742	
S.A. Brown Boveri	350	499	500	
C. F. Bally	1000	1232	1215	
Nestlé & Anglo-Swiss Cond. Mk. Co.	200	549	545	
Entreprises Sulzer S.A.		965		
Comp. de Navig'n sur le Lac Léman	500	550	550	
Linoleum A.G. Giubiasco	100	94	94	
Maschinenfabrik Oerlikon	500	865	867	

MACCHIETTA TICINESE.

Bizzarra figura infagottata ; quando per la prima volta la vidi sgranai tanto d'occhi ché credevo fosse il "mago" del libro "Il castello di Barbanera" uscito da quelle pagine per fare una passeggiatina nel mondo!

Ticinese proprio non era : figlio della terra apparteneva alla terra, senza avere forse una fissa nazionalitá : certo non avera una fissa dimora ; per lui era proprio il caso di dire "tutto il mondc é paese..." Nessuno sapeva da dove veniva e nessuno desiderava indagare la sua origine. Comparve un circore rel monto di ri circore i do si accetto come un desiderava indagare la sua origine. Comparve un giorno nel paese e vi rimase : lo si accettó come un fatto naturale e non ci fu chi osó chiedergli "Da dove vieni e che vuoi?" Non voleva nulla lui ; meglio voleva che lo si lasciase vivere in pace. se un monello Non sopportava ne sin scherito: se un monello osava deriderlo, da mite e sorridente, si faceva cupo e terribile: inveiva allora contro chi lo cupo e terribite i micra a infa contro cui to con cui a taccava i sembrava ura fiera. Eopure il suo core era buono, il suo animo genero o. Il suo vero nome non lo si conosceva, e che importava il suo nome ? Con la sua tipica figura aveva acquistata maggior notorietà che molti uo nini portanti nomi alto suonotorieta che moti i orini portanti nomi allo sub-nanti...Lo si chiamava "al cappellon" e ciò dovera bastare. Era alto e nerboruto. La lunga barba argentea, tenuta con una certa superoia, gli scen-deva giù sino a metà petto; aveva i capelli canuti quando io lo conobbi, lo sguardo severo, pene-traite, sembrava cerca se di volco scoprire an ho i persieri più occulti di chi gli parlava. Parco di parole, di gesto: non lo si vide mai ubbriaco; non si era dedicato al dio Bacco, come molte altre macchiette tipiche della strada. Girava per il Cantone: da Chiasso ad Airolo. Preferiva le valli d'estate, i centri d'inverno. Era amico di tutti. Ricordo d'averlo visto più volte accarezzare un capo biondo di bimbo...e allora il suo volto solcato da profonde rughe, sorrideva tutto...sembrava s'il-luminasse d'una gioia ineffabile...Lo vidi chinarsi, accoccolarsi quasi accanto a un cane e tenergli grandi discorsi misteriosi...che poteva raccontare a quella bestia, fedele compagna dell'uomo? Forse la storia della sui vita randagia a noi sconosciuta. Forse confidava a quel docile animale le sue gioie, i suoi dolori, ben conoscendo che poteva fidarsi, che i suoi segreti non sarebbero stati mai svelati... D'inverno compariva con in testa un enorme cap-pello di panno nero che sembrava uno di quei "sombreros" portati dai messicani: l'ala tesa doveva avere un buon metro e mezzo di circon-ferenza e l'altezza era conforme ! D'estate aveva un simili cammanile in pagia pare e de queeta "sombreros" portati dai messicani: l'ala tesa doveva avere un buon metro e mezzo di circon-ferenza e l'altezza era conforme! D'estate aveva un simili...campanile, in paglia nera e da questa sua speciale...montura era nato il suo nome "al cappellon"...Girava...batteva di porta in porta ven-dendo opuscoli che, secondo lui, narravano le sue gesta giovanili: diceva che aveva fatto il giro del mondo a piedi! Nei paeselli le donnine credule, pronte a prestar fede a tutto ció che il primo capi-tato narra loro, lo credevano un vero oracolo...a lui si rivolgevano per ottenere certe ricette misteriose che avevano il potere straordinario di far guarire i loro malanni...Non era un ciarlatano peró...non aveva, no, questa pretesa! Semplice figlio della natura ne conosceva forse i rimedi semplici e li passava a chi glieli chiedeva. Poi ... scom-parve! Non lo si vide piú. Così come misteriosa mente era venuto, misteriosamente se ne ando. Alla chetichella! E fu un chiedersi a vicenda "Vedesti al cappellon ultimamente ?" —" Al cappellon non lo si trovo piú. E con lui un'altra macchietta caratteristica veniva a mancare al Cantone. Lui che si era reso così popolare con il "cappellon" e il "giro del mondo a piedi" aveva forse intrapreso il "giro del'alto mondo pure a piedi...stanco di girovagare quaggiú fra le mi erie umane...forse é ancato a cercare altrove una fissa dimora...la pace girovagare quaggiú fra le mi-ecie umane...forse é ancato a cercare altrove una fissa dimora...la pace eterna, la pace e la calma che nessuna bufera può turbare ! Elena Lunghi.

SWISS GYMNASTIC SOCIETY.

The above Society gave a display last Sunday afternoon at 1, Gerrard Place which showed that, in spite of the present difficulties in securing new members, the reputation for efficiency in classical gymnastics is being maintained. A new feature is the "Junior Section," which appeared in public for the first time in drill-exercises and Indian club swinging, and which by its performance re-compensed the two instructors for their arduous task of "shaping the youngsters" and making them amenable to gymnastic discipline. A similar dis-play will take place next Sunday evening, the 19th inst., at the "Schweizerbund," 74, Charlotte Street, W.1, when it is hoped that the Swiss in London will, by their attendance, encourage this national sport.

SWISS MERCANTILE SOCIETY. (Communicated.)

The December Monthly Meeting took place on Wednesday, the 8th inst., at 1, Gerrard Place, W.1, Mr. A. C. Stahelin presiding over an atten-dance of more than 50 members. Five admissions and six resignations were duly accepted. At the suggestion of the Committee, Mrs. C. Chapuis, Mrs. Pfaendler, Messrs. Bretscher, De Brunner and Boos were appointed House Committee of the Swiss House. Application having been re-ceived from the Nouvelle Société Helvétique and the Swiss Institute, to put accommodation at their disposal on certain evenings at Swiss House, this matter was discussed, on principle agreed upon, and the Committee authorised to settle the neces-sary details. sary details.

Last Saturday, the 11th December, was a real 'Red Letter Day' for our Society as the long-looked-for event of opening the Swiss House took place. The ceremony was fixed for 3 p.m., and the attendance, consisting of the Society's members and friends not to forget the students of our

the attendance, consisting of the Society's members and friends, not to forget the students of our School, was all that could be desired. After Mr. A. C. Stahelin, the President, had expressed his hearty welcome to everybody, Monsieur C. R. Paravicini, who was accompanied by Madame Paravicini, and who had kindly con-sented to perform the opening, took the chair. The Minister, in his speech, expressed the great inferest with which he had always watched the development of the S.M.S.School and the pieasure its progress had given him, also that he was now especially pleased to realise that, owing to our Society hav-ing taken over the lease, the Swiss House was ing taken over the lease, the Swiss House was enabled to continue its mission, that is, to be of service to the Swiss Colony in London. Monsieur Paravicini then spoke of the good work done by the Committee, and made special mention of Mr. A. C. Stahelin, the President, Mr. B. Bretscher,