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#### LONDON, MARCH 29, 1924.

After a long discussion, the Opium Convention has been ratified by the National Council, with only two dissentients (Basle).

HOME NEWS

The total of the Federal War Tax is returned as 791 million francs, of which 21 million still remain unpaid. About 171 million have been used to lessen the distress caused by unemployment, and 240 million have been allocated to benevolent institutions.

The Swiss Federal Railways, amongst other facilities to encourage visits to this year's Basle Fair, have granted a fifty per cent. reduction on railway tickets—that is to say, single tickets will be available for the return journey.

The accounts for 1923 of the town of Lausanne record a surplus of over 1.3 million francs, a deficit of nearly 500,000 francs having been anticipated.

At an official gathering in Berne, composed of the representatives of cantonal employment offices, Mr. Pfister, the Director of the Federal Labour Office, dwelt upon the necessity of still further curtailing the immigration of foreign labour.

The Grosse Rat of Berne has voted a credit of one million frances to alleviate unemployment; the total amount disbursed by the canton since 1918 in this direction amounts to about  $7\frac{1}{2}$  million frances. The Swiss Aero Club is asking the Federal Coursel for a which each line a 20 000 threads the formation of the second state of the second

Line Swiss Aero Club is asking the Federal Council for a subsidy of Frs. 20,000 towards the purchase of a new balloon, "Genève," which it is intended to enter for competition in the next Gordon-Bennett race.

Nearly 28 million cartridges for non-military rifle practice have been expended during the year 1923. \* \* \*

At the annual conference of the building trade in Zurich it was stated that for the first time since In Zurich it was stated that for the first time since 1914 the building activity during the last year had been normal, but that from a commercial point of view the contract prices were not remunerative on account of the many risks incurred by the buil-ders under present-day conditions.

With reference to the propaganda book circu-lated by the "Giovanni Ticinesi" the Federal Council has ordered an enquiry. It is not thought that the publication will have any disadvantageous influence in the canton Ticino, but it is feared that it will create and encourage an erroneous impression in certain Italian circles about the aspi-rations of this canton. The Munchenstein (Basle) factory of Messrs.

The Munchenstein (Basle) factory of Messrs. Brown, Boveri & Co. has received official authorisa-tion to work a 52-hour week until the end of June; the measure has not been favourably received by the workmen, a large number of them preferring to leave their employment, necessitating a tempo-rary closing of the factory.

Major Anton Bon, who as president of the Swiss Hotel Society has rendered eminent services to this particular industry, has relinquished this office, being now on the London board of the Nestlé & Anglo-Swiss Condensed Milk Co.

Infogen an unexplained accident two boarden lost their lives on the Lake of Geneva. They were taking their meals in a lower cabin of a large barge, the motor of which had broken down, and when the man in charge went downstairs to inform them of the accident, he found his colleagues dead. It is surmised that they were asphyxiated by escaping gases.

#### EXTRACTS FROM SWISS PAPERS.

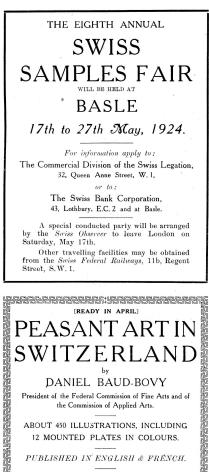
Bern als Fremdenstadt. - Nach dem soeben er-Bern als Fremdenstadt. — Nach dem soeben er-schienenen Jahresbericht des Verkehrsvereins der Stadt Bern sind im letzten Jahr 112,000 Reisende und 256,500 Logiernächte verzeichnet worden. Ge-genüber dem Vorjahre wurde im Reisendenverkehr eine Zunahme von fünf Prozent festgestellt, d. h. ordentlich weniger, als die Frequenzzunahme in den Bergkurorten beträgt. Die Erklärung dafür liegt in dem guten Sommerwetter des Jahres 1923, das die Reisenden möglichst aufenthaltslos in die Berge bedete. lockte.

Die Zahl der Reisenden, nach Nationalitäten ausgeschieden, ergibt folgendes Bild: Schweizer 79,000 (gegen 78,000 im Vorjahr), Deutsche 6,700 (gegen 4,400), Engländer 4,300 (gegen 3,500), Italiener 2,000 (gegen 1,600), Oesterreicher 1,300

(gegen 750), Holländer 2,600 (gegen 2,500), Süd-amerikaner 1,200 (gegen 1,100), dagegen ist die-Zahl der Nordamerikaner von 3,300 im Jahre 1922 gesunken auf 3,000 im Berichtsjahr, diejenige der Franzosen von 4,400 auf 4,100, und die Zahl der Belgier von 1,450 auf knapp 1,400. So wird also die Zunahme der Reisendenzahl aus Deutschland und Oesterreich fast wettgemacht durch die aus Valutagründen abnehmenden Besucher aus Frank-reich und Belgien. Die gleiche Erscheinung macht sichen Riviera bemerkbar. Endgültig zerschlagen haben sich nach dem Be-richt die Verhandlungen um die Schaffung eines Golfpalzes auf dem Gurten. Auch der Plan, in der Nähe von Bümpliz einen grossen Flugplatz zu erstellen, musste aufgegeben werden; indessen prüft der Verkehrsverein die Möglichkeit, in der Nähe der Kaserne ein Grundstück zum Flugplatz umzu-

der Kaserne ein Grundstück zum Flugplatz umzu-gestalten. Die Kosten würden jedoch etwa Fr. 700,000 betragen, sodass eine bestimmte Lösung noch längere Zeit wird auf sich warten lassen. (Arboner Tagblatt.)

**Un don original.** — Un don original a été fait à la commune de la Chaux de Fonds par un parti-culier. Celui-ci a remis au trésorier, M. Vaucher, culier. Celui-ci a remis au trésorier, M. Vaucher, une somme de 1000 fr. qui sera déposée en banque et capitalisée au taux le plus favorable pendant 150 ans. Le capital ainsi placé se doublant tous les quinze ans atteindra donc un million en l'an de grâce 2074. Alors la Commune pourra prélever les neuf dixièmes de cette somme dans un but philan-thropique. Le dixième restant, soit fr. 100,000.—, restera en banque dans les mêmes conditions et tous les 75 ans, on prélèvera les neuf dixièmes de la somme disponible en laissant toujours un dixième pour continuer le fonds. pour continuer le fonds. (Gazette de Lausanne.)



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## NOTES AND GLEANINGS. By "KIBURG."

#### Rhine Navigation.

The Times (19th March):-

Rhine Navigation.
The Times (19th March):—
The Central Rhine Navigation Commission will meet for strabburg in order to revise the Mannheim Convertion of 1868, which still governs conditions of navigation of the Rhine. According the way the prevent pledged itself in advance to accept the decisions of a major.
Germany clearly attaches great importance to the method of the react the valid y and permane of a treaty in international law and will, therefore, do her utmost to prevent the acceptance of a one-sided agreement, such as would harmonise with French repretations of the Peace Treaty. She relies on the support of Holland and Switzerland, who are likely to condition of the Rhine is six times as great for german banks of the Rhine is six times as great way. It further defines the aims of German banks of the Rhine is six times and policy that the German Barks of the Cerman States before the dard Holland two each.
The westion how far the Central Commission should be subject to the approval of the interested y an independent corporation and how far its decisions you hold be subject to the approval of the interested yole. Scluster French rights, such as the appoint of a president of the Commission, the choice of trashide demands, it says, a clear settlement. In any independent corporation and how far its decisions of the States, the should confine itself to questions of the special angular, such as the appoint of a president of the Commission, the choice of trashide demands, it says, a clear settlement. In an

for her too.

#### League's Guarantee Pact rejected by Switzerland. Morning Post (19th March):-

Morning Post (19th March):— The Federal Council has decided not to adhere to the Treaty of Mutual Assistance submitted to the Governments by the fourth Assembly of the League of Nations. The Council takes up the attitude that the obligations under the Treaty would be contrary to Switzerland's policy of neutrality, the Treaty being in effect a new form of military convention. Our country's undorfbred special position as re-gards Neutrality will, of course, be a delicate problem as long as military or rather militarist problems are of such vital importance. I can only hope that the time may come soon when military conventions between different European States will be looked upon with the same spirit as would be a military convention between, say, Appenzell, Thurgau and the Grisons! a military convention Thurgau and the Grisons !

#### School Insurance.

School Insurance. Quite a good notion! The Star (March 19th):— Th' Swiss Canton of Vaud, of which Lausanne is the capital. has just completed an extended experiment of compulsory sickness insurance for children attending the elementary schools. The insurance is carried out through the medium of a Cantonal Children's Sick Fund, which is worked and controlled under the guarantee of the State, and the funds distributed amongst the various municipalities of the canton.

and controlled under the summer of summer of the funds distributed amongst the various municipalities of the canton. The benefits include payment for medical attention and drugs in cases of illness and accident during 360 days out of a period of 540 consecutive days. The extent to which such attendance is necessary amongst school children is indicated by the statistics of the past year, which showed that amongst' 50,000 school children assured, 35,853 cases of illness were notified and treated. **Pubr Coal in Switzerland.** 

#### Ruhr Coal in Switzerland.

notified and treated. Ruhr Coal in Switzerland. The Western Mail (14th March):— His Majesty's Chargé d'Affaires at Berne reports that, according to'the "National Zeitung" of February 19th, the "Ruhr-Kohlenkontor"—which is chiéfly en-gaged in the furtherance of exports of Ruhr coal—has suggested to the Reich's Department of Railways that treight rates for coal should be reduced and exceptional tariffs introduced to enable the Ruhr coal to compete again on the Swiss and Austrian markets. The "Kohlenkontor" draws attention to the fact that, as a result of the war, exporters in the Ruhr had to neglect foreign markets in order to deliver to German districts deprived of their former English sources of supply, thereby almost entirely losing contact with their old customers. This is especially evident in the case of Switzerland, which used to obtain from Germany 90 per cent. of the coal she required before the kurr district. The Saare mines, favoured by United Kingdom in their endeavours to win the Swiss market, German exporters will, therefore, be compelled to make an entirely fresh start to regain even part of their former foothold; in this, respect their only hope of success lies in a large reduction of the special reduced tariff applied formerly to German railway transport rates and in the reintroduction of the special reduced tariff applied formerly to German coal in transit between the harbour of Mannheim and Basle.