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#### NOTES AND GLEANINGS. By "KIBURG."

I hope our Editor will find room for the whole of the following article by H. Wilson Harris, which appeared in the *Daily News* on the 14th inst. and which, I venture to believe, is of very real interest and interesting to me, which interest appeared in the *Daily News* on the 14th inst. and which, I venture to believe, is of very real interest and importance to us Swiss, inasmuch as it shows that, given patience and real goodwill, inter-national problems can be settled by discussion. After all, as I never tire of pointing out, the various different members of one family, and in nicely believed different of difference of conbehaved families disputes and differences of opi-nion, even if they are due to economic causes of nion, even if they are due to economic causes or questions of *amour propre*, are settled amicably and without the different members of that family flying at each other's throats. And as long as families exist which can settle their disputes amic-ably, so long will I believe that Nations can be brought to do the same, provided that feeling of brotherly love is inculcated into the children's mind, as much as is the case now where children for a family are argument. It is all a guestion of one family are concerned. It is all a question of degree and proportion, and those who dis-believe that the human family will finally reach PEACE make me feel tired.

#### The International Mind.

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interested ring of spectators. One or other of them may have friends in the crowd, and often has. But the bulk of the crowd is disinterested, and gives judgment accordingly. We have had not merely a world-conscience, but a world-conscience beginning to be articulate.

world-conscience, but a world-conscience beginning to be articulate. That is some answer to the question we started from. Geneva gives it constantly. The Hague gives it even more constantly. A conference like Lyons (mention ought to be made of the valuable work done there in connection with minorities, disarmament, edu-cation and other matters) gives it in its measure. The thing is there. What it needs now is to gather strength.

And once we have settled our earthly business and once we have settied our earthry bismess to our satisfaction, we may turn to other worlds and let them know how wonderfully well we manage ours, and the following may give us help towards discovering a new sphere of activity. *Daily News* (16th July):—

### Giant Telescopes in Alps.

Giant Telescopes in Alps. In order to enable the general public to witness to the best advantage the planet Mars, which, between now and the middle of August, will be at its closest proximity to the earth—a circumstance which will not recur for over three-quarters of a century—two giant telescopes, intended for the future observatory on the Jungfraujoch, Switzerland, 11,340 ft, above sea-level. will this week be placed in position on that mountain. Astronomical observations are particularly favour-able at this season, and there is a railway station to the observatory—the highest in the world—served from Wengen, in the Oberland. Writing of telescopes in the Alps brings me to think of the brave, but unfortunate effort which was recently made to climb Mount Everest. I now read in the *Evening News* of July 12th:— Provided the necessary financial support is forth-

read in the *Evening News* of July 121n:— Provided the necessary financial support is forth-coming, an attempt to climb Mount Everest (29,002 ft., the highest peak in the world) will probably be made by an expedition composed exclusively of Swiss early next spring. The leading spirit in the project is a well-known Swiss Alpinist with experience of climbing in the Himalayas. Only picked guides under 35 will be taken

taken. Instead of cumbersome oxygen apparatus, the party will be supplied with a quantity of small tubes con-taining compressed oxygen which can be injected into the thigh when respiration becomes difficult. There are, of course, some people who cannot

There are, of course, some people who cannot see the usefulness of such attempts. But looking back on the British attempts of these last few years and especially the one of this year, which, alas! cost two heroic lives, I am sure the sacrifice has not been in vain. Think of all the countless thousands of schoolboys reading about the wonder-ful bravery and the almost superhuman efforts and tenacity of purpose exhibited by those gallant gentlemen, and think what a wholesome character-building effect such reading must inevitably have upon future generations. Can you then still fail to understand why the great sacrifice was not in vain ? vain ?

#### A Fishing Holiday in Switzerland.

Disciples of Izaac Walton will be glad to read the following, especially if they are about to arrange for this summer's holiday. If any of them, thanks to my directing their attention to it, with good luck and does not know what to do with all the trout he is pulling out, the Editor will probably be able to let him have 'Kyburg's' Swiss address, especially in September, and 'Ky-burg' will try to rise to the bait! burg

burg ' will try to rise to the bait! Morning Post (12th July):— Switzerland, like all mountainous regions, is ex-tremely well watered. Consequently good fishing abounds, not only in the lakes, but in the innumerable streams flowing into them. Keen fishermen, therefore, contemplating a holiday in the Alps, should not forget to include a fly rod and a few casts and flies amongst their kit. In addition to the joys of landing an occa-sional good basket, it will give the fisherman the chance, of getting into the heart of the country, and seeing things denied to the average tourist on the stereotyped routes.

chance of getting into the heart of the country, and seeing things denied to the average tourist on the stereotyped routes. When planning a fishing holiday in Switzerland it is important to remember that most of the big rivers, such as the Rhone, Inn, Aar, and the Rhine become almost unfishable once the hot weather brings down the snow-water from the glaciers. Then, again, many mountain streams are too broken or too difficult of access for fishing. In French Switzerland anglers generally concentrate on the Rhone Valley district, which abounds with trout rivers. Prominent amongst these is the Grand Canal, which empties into Lake Geneva between Villeneuve and the mouth of the Rhone. In recent years, land reclamation has robbed the canal of much of its current, but good trout are still plentiful. Farther up the valley is the Stockalper Canal, formerly controlled by an English club, where for a modest fee one can fish over a stretch of eight miles. Headquarters should be made at Montreux, or at Aigle, which latter place also has a good trout river known as the Grande Eau. The Avençon at Bex is another good stream, while the Pissevache at Vernayaz affords excellent fly fishing. The Broye and the Sarine, best fished from Chateau

The Piscevache at Vernayaz affords excellent fly fishing. The Broye and the Sarine, best fished from Chateau d'Oex or Monthoven, are both well stocked, but an additional licence is necessary after the Sarine enters the canton of Fribourg. These restrictions also apply to the Broye, an attractive river which meanders in and out of the cantons of Fribourg and Vaud. The upper reaches can be comfortably fished from Vevey Sierre at the east end of the Rhone Valley was for-merly a very popular district for anglers of the old school, and at least one British disciple of Izaak Walton has settled down there and founded a pisci-culture establishment. The Rhone can be fished her until the snow water comes down, when attention should be diverted to the Bramois between Granges and, St. Léonard, or the other side streams which abound thereabouts. On the other side of Switzerland the Birse between Delemont and Birsfelden, near Basle, provides un-usually good fishing. It is, however, somewhat off the beaten track, and the difficulty is in securing con-venient headquarters. There are innumerable streams,

well stocked, in this region, but unfortunately most

all well stocked, in this region, but unfortunately most of the waters are private. In the upper Engadine fish are plentiful in the lakes and their multitudinous tributaries. Fine speci-mens are frequently caught in the Maloja lake, while the Inn near Samaden, and other nearby streams, offer good sport, although much more difficult to fish on account of the crystal clearness of the waters. The fly can also be used on the St. Moritz lake, but accounts vary as to its success. In recent years Federal and private enterprise has done much towards restocking the Swiss rivers, and with the re-awakening of interest, fishing in the Alps is quickly regaining its pre-war popularity. Alonfahrt and Thalfahrt

Alpfahrt and Thalfahrt

forms the subject of the following article in the Hampstead Advertiser of July 10th:--

forms the subject of the following article in the Hampstead Advertiser of July 10th:— A peep at the pastures of the High Alps during the summer will reveal herds of fine cows, sounding a quaint melody with their bells as they graze in the brilliant sunlight and tended by good-hearted, happy fellows attentive beyond praise to their charges. For-merly in the Unterwalden the cowherds used to invoke a blessing on the pasture at sunset and, with a wooden milk funnel as a speaking trumpet, make an appeal for the protection during the night of the cattle and themselves. Both the going of the cattle to the mountain slopes and their return to enter upon long, dreary, winter cativity are occasions of importance. While at the beginning of the summer the cows are urged to fight among themselves for leadership, at the end the wictor is led through the streets by its proud owner and the herdsmen naturally celebrate their return by a certain amount of jollification. In the Unterwalden this merriment used to take the form of a festival called the Golden Threshold or Cowherds Kilbi, a luxury called Kilbespeise, a dish of butter and whey, being the chief relish at these times. The welcome home, as it really was, began with a church figured the banner of the Alpine cowherds. Conspicuous at the head of the procession marched two of the herdsmen, strange-looking figures disguised as gnomes, carrying fir trees in their hands and playing all sorts of tricks to the fearful delight of the eager, curious children, A merry day was succeded by a sill more merry night, during which singing. dancing, drinking and card-playing were all freely indulged in. If was 'Kyburg's' great good fortune last September to witness the Thalfahrt at Urnasech, and a prettier picture it would be difficult to imagine, and at the same time so "'urchig'' Sviss.

and at the same time so "urchig" Swiss. In his "Lied von der Glocke" Schiller says:

"Das Schönste sucht er auf den Fluren, and the following, which I saw in the Manchester City News of July 18th, will, I hope, give pleasure and evoke half-forgotten pictures also among many my readers:-

#### Swiss and Italian Flowers.

Swiss and Italian Flowers. Although on their recent tour in Switzerland and Italy the Manchester Field Naturalists were chiefly on holiday bent, the wealch of flowers by the wayside could not be resisted. In the parks and gardens round the towns an abundance of floral beauty outshone the rich green foliage from which it sprang, whilst many fine specimens of such well-known trees as horse-chestnut, lime, sycamore, ash, poplar and plane were to be seen. Italy

many fine specimens of such well-known trees as horse-chestinut, lime, sycamore, ash, poplar and plane were to be seen. Up the mountain these trees were left behind, and belts of pine and fir were passed, whilst rare floral treasures were gimpsed at the side of the railway: until reaching the top, the awe and majesty of the scene enthralled the travellers. In the search for Alpine flowers over thirty specimens were obtained and identified with the aid of Hoffman's excellent book, as well as several varieties of gentian and many examples of dainty little primulas, perfect miniatures of our greenhouse varieties. Motoring and walking through meadows high above sea-level, the travellers found not only flowers, but flowering grasses which added to the beauty of the landscape, and the homely forget-me-not shone with so deep a blue that it seemed as though reflecting blue of lake and sky together. On the southern side of the St. Gothard tunnel, grape vines, with their graceful growth, began to clothe the hills and valleys, mulberry trees were being shorn of their leaves to feed the hungry silkworms, and, nearing Lugano, the vegetation became sub-ropical. The flowering trees included white mag-nolias, with their handsome bloom and lovely perfume-pink and white oleanders, sumach, palms, yuecas and tulip-trees in flower. Whole hillsides covered with dark-leaved Spanish chestinut, tasselled with delicate flowers, were broken by the grey of the olive and the dark, siim form of the cypress, and passing through linta on Lake Maggiore, we frowe along an avenue of limes almost weighted down with bloom which exhaled a delicious odour.

a delicious odour. On the same day cherries were seen in abundance, apricots, locusts, mulberries, figs, almonds, filberts, oranges and lemons in fruit, pomegranates with their glorious red flowers, and walnuts everywhere. The writer also noticed fruit forming on a few plantains, ame trees in the distance which looked like

and some trees in the ustance which looked has guaras. The Italian houses seen from the lake were often brilliant splashes of colour with petunias, geraniums, carnations and nasturitums hanging from windows, doors and balconies, the latter, sometimes overhanging the water and wreathed in grape and passion flower vines, making one say feelingly: "No wonder artists come here for subjects."

#### S. M. S. "SOUPER FAMILIER."

There is no doubt that all those (to the number

There is no doubt that all those (to the number of 95) who were present at the "Souper familier", which took place on the 18th July at the Union Helvetia, thoroughly enjoyed themselves. It was very pleasing indeed for the new Com-mittee, only elected a few weeks ago, to witness such a good response to their first appeal to the Society's members and friends. The "Souper familier," as announced, was given in honour of the 36 members forming the party of the "Union Suisse pour l'Enseignement commercial," at present on a tour in the United party of the "Union Suisse pour l'Enseignement commercial," at present on a tour in the United Kingdom, Mr. G. E. DeBrunner, former President of the S.M.S., took the Chair, and proved once