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été dressé, selon le rite anglican, un autel tendu

été dressé, selon le rite anglican, un autel tendu de violet, portant des cierges et le crucifix. Sur les marches, on avait placé une profusion de plantes vertes, au milieu desquelles se détachaient les co-rolles blanches de lys magnifiques. Un public assez nombreux, composé en majeure partie d'Américains villégiaturant en Suisse, rem-plissait l'édifice. Les premiers bancs étaient occu-pés par le corps diplomatique en grand uniforme, les trois conseillers fédéraux présents à Berne, MM. Motta, Haab et Haeberlin, accompagnés des chan-celiers de la Confédération et des principaux fonc-tionnaires de la division des affaires étrangères du département politique. Les huissiers fédéraux, en robe rouge et blanche se tenaient dans les couloirs. Le service divin fut célédré par le Révérend Dr. Smith, de l'Eglise américaine de Genève. Un choer formé *ad hoc* exécuta les psaumes et lés hymnes rituels, dont Mme. E. Hugli-Camp chanta de sa belle voix de soprano les parties en solo. A la fin de la cérémonie, le ministre des Etas-unis et Mme. Grew requent, sous le porche de la cathédrale, les condoléances de l'assistance. Sur la place, une foule considérable assista au départ des nombreuses automobiles emmenant les hôtes officiels. Le Palais fédéral et toutes les légations avaient mis leux drapeaux en berne. Inmédiatement après

Le Palais fédéral et toutes les légations avaient mis leurs drapeaux en berne. Immédiatement après le service divin, le ministre des Etats-Unis et le personnel de la légation rendrent au Conseil fédé-ral la visite qui leur avait été faite le matin. (Gazette de Lausanne.)

**Grasente de Lausanne.) Grisons.** — Le joli village de Sent, dans la Basse-Engadine, détruit en partie il y a deux ans par un incendie, est reconstruit. Les nouvelles maisons ont été bâties dans le style du pays. Il ne reste plus qu'à désirer que les ruines encore existantes disparaissent sans trop tarder et qu'on ne les laisse pas, selon la coutume, rappeler longtemps le sou-venir de la catastrophe. (*Gazette de Lausanne.*)

Un fervent de la pédale. — Le 16 août est arrivé à Lausanne, venant de Genève et se dirigeant sur Berne, point terminus de l'étape, un jeune Bernois de vingt-trois ans, M. Robert Moser, qui vient de parcourir plus de 22,000 km. à bicyclette à travers l'Europe.

l'Europe. M. Moser est parti de Berne, le 15 septembre 1922, avec le projet de faire le tour de l'Europe en bicyclette. Il a parcouru la France, l'Espagne, le Portugal, la Belgique, la Hollande, l'Allemagne et la Pologne. Il visita ensuite la Roumanie, la Bulgarie, la Grèce, longea la Méditerranée, regagna le sud de la France, monta la vallée du Rhône et revint en Suisse par Nantua. (Feuille d'Avis.)

#### (Feuille d'Avis.)

Rückgang der Industrie im Thurgau. – Der Thur-gau hat unter allen Kantonen den stärksten Rück-gang der Industrie, soweit das Verhältnis der Fa-brikarbeiterschaft zur Wohnbevölkerung in Frage kommt, zu verzeichnen. Im Jahre 1911 arbeiteten 13,7 Prozent der thurgauischen Wohnbevölkerung in den Fabriken; 1922 waren es noch 10,2 Prozent, Der Rückgang stellt sich also auf 3,5 Prozent, Gen 0,8 Prozent im Kanton Zürich, 1,1 Prozent im Kanton St. Gallen, 2,1 Prozent im Kanton Neuenburg, und 2,8 Prozent im Kanton Genf. Das schweizerische Mittel beträgt 0,8 Prozent. Das prozentuale Verhältnis der Fabrikarbeiterschaft zur Wohnbevölkerung ist seit 1911 nur in vier Kan-tonen, Baselstadt, Zug, Wallis und Luzern, gestie-gen, während alle andern als Folge der Krise Rückschläge aufweisen; im Kanton Glarus ist das Verhältnis gleich geblieben; es sind heute wie im Jahre 1911 noch 22,2 Prozent der glarnerischen Bevölkerung in der Industrie beschäftigt. Im Thurgau hat neben der Abwanderung zur Landwirt-schaft stattgefunden; es wäre interessant, wenn die Stattsik dafür genaue Zahlen liefern könnte. (Volkswacht am Bodensee.) Rückgang der Industrie im Thurgau. - Der Thur-

Neue Industrie. - Wie man vernimmt, besteht Aus-Neue industrie — Wie man vernimmt, bestent Aus-sicht, dass die alten Mühlsteinbrüche am Kastels bei Mels neuerdings zum Abbau gelangen, indem eine finanzkräftige Gesellschaft mit den jetzigen Steinbruch- und Waldbesitzern am Kastels wegen Kaufs in Unterhandlungen getreten ist. Es ist zu hoffen, dass das Unternehmen Wirklichkeit gewinnt und damit die Gemeinde Verdienst und Arbeits-gelegenheit erhält. (*Neue Bündner Zeitung.*)

Ein neues Kraftwerk. — Im Turtmanntal im Wallis ist unlängst mit den Arbeiten für ein neues Kraft-werk begonnen worden, das Illsee-Turtmannwerk, das wie folgt projektiert ist: Der Illsee, der zwischen Bella Tola, Brunethorn und Illhorn liegt, wird durch eine Staumauer um 15 Meter höher gestaut, so dass er — mit seinem kleinen Bruder-seelein vereinigt — ein Staubecken von 5 Millionen Kubikmeter bilden wird, das bis 30 Meter unter den jetzigen Wasserspiegel abgesenkt werden kann. Durch einen zwei Kilometer langen Tunnel werden dann noch die Wasser der beiden Seelein auf der Meretschialp sommersüber in den Stause gepumpt. Im Winter fliesst dann das aufgespeicherte Wasser durch den gleichen Tunnel zurück nach Meretschi und von da durch einen andern Tunnel ins Wasser-schloss, das unweit vom Gipfel des Emshorns ein-Ein neues Kraftwerk. -- Im Turtmanntal im Wallis schloss, das unweit vom Gipfel des Emskorns ein-gesprengt wird. Mit einem Gefälle von 1000 M. wird es sodann der Zentrale in Oberems zugeführt, die nur im Winter arbeitet und 8000 Pferdekräfte liefern kann. Der zweite Teil des hydraulischen

Werkes sieht eine Fassung des Turtmannbaches auf 1400 Meereshöhe vor, im Hübschweili. Ein drei Kilometer langer Tunnel führt den Bach nach Ober-ems, wo ein Reservoir von 50,000 Kubikmeter Fas-sung ihn und das Unterwasser des ersten Werkes aufnimmt. Eine Druckleitung von 740 Meter Ge-fälle leitet das Wasser zu der zweiten Zentrale in Mühlackern hinunter, die 15,000 Pferdestärken lie-fern kann. Während des Sommers genügt dazu die Kraft des Turtmannbaches. Im Winter aber, wenn der Bach fest versiegt, wird er durch die im Illsee aufgespeicherten Fluten verstärkt. Die elektrische aufgespeicherten Fluten verstärkt. Die elektrische Energie wird zur Hauptsache in die Aluminiumwerke in Chippis geleitet, zum Teil an die Ber-nischen Kraftwerke abgegeben. Die Arbeiten im Gebiet des Illsees werden etwa drei bis vier Jahre dauern, in der Region Turtmann-Oberems-Mühl-ackern etwa zwei bis drei Jahre. Bereits stehen unter der Leitung von Ingenieur Lusser in Susten gegen 300 Arbeiter aus der Umgebung am Werk. (Ostschweiz.)

#### NOTES AND GLEANINGS. By "Kyburg,"

#### A Fool-proof Constitution.

Saturday Review (11th August):--The following article will, I am sure, interest many of my readers:--

The following afficie with, i and sure, interest many of my readers:— The Constitution presupposes for its successful work-ing a House of Commons, recruited, as regards both the Government and the Opposition, mainly from that part of society in which respect for unwritten laws is hereditary, is powerfully stimulated by public school and university education or training in the services or a particular kind of social experience, and can be enforced on the individual by social pressure. It presupposes among those in power and among those of obselience to conventions ranging from those of honour, in the technical sense, to those necessary for "playing the game." But the Constitution will be remporarily worked somewhere within the next ten years by those who, within politics and outside of it, ignorantly despise tradition, and to whom neither here-dity nor education has given the habit of mind neces-sary for the working of a Constitution composed very largely of mere conventions. It is not only Ministerial but Opposition respect for understandings that is the condition of success with such a Constitution as ours Yet, in optimistic blindness, some Conservatives would postpone alteration and strengthening of the Consti-tutional machinery, and behave as if the new shift of workers were likely to be bound by the conventions of the old. Taking the Constitution as it has come down to us.

continuon of success with such a Constitution as ours yet, in optimistic bilindness, some Conservatives would postpone alteration and strengthening of the Consti-tutional machinery, and behave as if the new shift of of the old. Taking the Constitution as it has come down to us framed and developed for the use of men of a 'mentality very different from that of its future operators, there is scarcely any power which cannot be abused or pro-vision that cannot easily be put aside. Writers like bicey have sought to show that many things in it which are purely conventional have a certain legal force, and that definance of usage would at length bring the erring Government into conflict with actual and vague consequences governs daily political action mo more than dread of hell-fire determines daily moral conduct in private life. And, then, there is nothing whatever to check legislation sweeping aside those consequences by for example, the passing of a perma-nent Army Act or by a vote of supplies for a term of yeas. Zarianom has altered the main conventions of the Constitution so liftlet though the generations. The Constitution so liftlet though the generations. Can Conservatives still feel that confidence ? We, at any rate, do not; and we would urge on the Farly the importance of a thorough examination of function of the House of Lords. We have no inter-tion of the House of Lords. We have no inter-tion of the House of Lords. We have no inter-tion of the House of Lords. We have no inter-tion of the House of Lords. We have no inter-tion of the House of Lords. We have no inter-tion of the House of Lords. We have no inter-tion of the House of Lords. We have no inter-tion of the House of Lords. We have no inter-tion of the House of Lords. We have no inter-tion of the House of Lords. We have no inter-tion of the House of Lords. We have no inter-tion of the House of Lords. We have no inter-tion of the House of Lords. We have no inter-tion of the House of Lords. We have no inter-tion of the House of Lords. W

freedom in use of the residue, but the vague subjec-tion of the undiminished whole to Ministerial responsi-bility... The powers thus left to Ministers who cared to employ them are immense. Bagehot somewhere amused himself with a catalogue of the things that Ministers might do, without legal hindrance, in the name of the Grown; they began with the disbanding of the Army and the selling of all warships and ended with the cession of Cornwall to secure a peace and the initiation of a war to conquer Brittany. None of these are matters requiring the consultation of Parlia-ment, and though that list was purposely fantastic. it is certain that, given a Ministry willing to abuse the Royal prerogative, gross perversion is possible. The old informal guarantees against exploitation of every weakness and vagueness in the Constitution are disappearing, and it is the merest common sense to provide legal safeguards while opportunity offers. A New Glacial Period?

### A New Glacial Period?

When I first had my attention drawn to the following, I thought that somebody was trying to "elongate the lower extremities of my body," as "clongate the lower extremities of my body," as the refined saving has it *not*, but on looking closer, I found that some Professor across the Herring Pond is seriously alarmed! Well, if our good old planet is to undergo all the various experiences which are from time to time predicted for it, it will have a real jolly time by and by, and life ought to become extremely exciting and interesting.

ought to become extremely exciting and interesting. There is not the slightest doubt Professor Gregory, of Yale University, is the champion pessimist. Speaking at the science congress at Sydney, he predicted a new ice age, in which all high lands will be glaciated, the North American continent will dis-appear up to the Great Lakes; Scandinavia, Scotland, part of England, and a large part of Asia and Siberia will be wiped out, and Switzerland will be entirely oblicerated. A large slice of South American inducting

obliterated. A large slice of South America, including most of Chile, will be overrun with ice. New Zealand will suffer, but Australia has nothing to fear. He did not say when this was to happen.

Chie, will be overrun with ice. New Zealand will suffer, but Australia has nothing to fear. He did not say when this was to happen. Meanwhile, the human mind marches on from progress to progress, and scientific discoveries chase each other at such a pace that we laymen are most of the time hopelessly bewildered. To what end ? Even in Steam Engineering great progress is still possible, as is shown by the following:— At the Congresses of the Associations of German Electricity Works and Boiler Inspection Societies respec-tively, both of which were recently held at Weimar, some interesting points relating to advances in steam engineering were discussed. Under present econòmic conditions most German electricity works are com-pelled to raise, as far as possible, the output of their stam-generating plant, and to reduce fuel consumption to a mminum. This is done by increasing the inde-vidual capacity of boilers, engines and power-houses, as well as by using low-grade fuel and resorting to highly improved thermic processes. Another method employed with promising results is the use of very high steam pressures. As pointed out by Professor Loschge, of Munich, the capacity of steam boilers can be arased by increasing the grate area and putting it to higher strains. Step grates are best suited for this purpose. The heating surface of such boilers schould, of course, be increased considerably, preferably by using be raised above one another. Successful attempts to raise steam pressures to 60–100 atmos, and thus to improve the thermic efficiency have been made by W. Schmidt, of Cassel, on the one hand, and by the Atmos Company on the other. While thus increasing about 30 per cent, the output of a given power-house, the amount of water held by the boiler is reduced, which is an undoubted drawback, as it diminishes the ability of power plants to deal with abrupt load fluctuations. fluctuations. As pointed out in a paper by Mr. Noack, a well-

(Continued on page 758)

STOCK EXCHAN	GE PF	RICES.	
BONDS.	Aug	. 14 🕐 🖌	Aug. 21
Swiss Confederation 3% 1903			-
Swiss Confed. 9th Mob. Loan 5%			00.62%
Federal Railways A-K 31/2%			78.75%
Canton Basle-Stadt 51% 1921			)2.87%
Canton Fribourg 3% 1892	. 70.0	0%	69.75%
SHARBS.	Nom.		
	Frs.	Frs.	Frs.
Swiss Bank Corporation	500		646
Crédit Suisse		663	668
Union de Banques Suisses	500	540	535
Fabrique Chimique ci-dev. Sandoz	: 1000	3250	3280
Société pour l'Industrie Chimique	1000	2252	2262
C. F. Bally S.A		990	1005
Fabrique de Machines Oerlikon	. 500	680	
Entreprises Sulzer	. 1000	635	645
S.A. Brown Boveri (new)		299	316
Nestlé & Anglo-Swiss Cond. Mk. Co	. 200	169	169
Choc. Suisses Peter-Cailler-Kohle		107	107
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(Continued from page 756)

(Continued from page 758)
known firm of Swiss engineers is installing in a Bel-gian power-house a turbine designed for 50 atmos, and 450 deg. C. superheating, the thermo-dynamical efficiency having been raised to 24 per cent. An intermediary turbine of standard design is arranged in series, with the high-pressure turbine running at very high speed, and the exhaust steam, previous to its entering the standard turbine, undergoes a suitable superheating. Other remarkable turbine installations are the 50,000 kw. units which, according to papers by Th. Reuter and Dr. Th. Meyer have been de-signed by Messrs. A.E.G. for the Goldenberg Elec-tricity Works. A new arrangement has in this case been devised for the steam path, the exhaust steam from the auxiliary turbine fed with live steam being rate to according collecting collegation of the condenser rather than into a low-pressure stage of the main turbine.
Therewise a strange of the condenser rather than into a low-pressure stage of the main turbine.
Therewise a strange of the condenser rather than into a low-pressure to down we heads, which are now being tested at the Stuttgart Engineering College, were made known by Dr. von Bach. Elliptical boiler heads were found to admit of much higher liquid pressure than the strongly curved heads so far used. Tests of the Wadurf boiler were discussed by Dr. Zwiauer, of Stuttgart. The coal in this type of boiler is burnt on the grate from the top downwards, so that the gases of incomplete combustion, being carried to the hottest layer, are burnt without any separation of soot. The grate com-prises water-cooled tubes, the heated water serving teransmit the heat of the fuel to the water to be evaporated.
The cycle thus performed is similar to that obtaining fin a hot-water or low-pressure steam boiler, the boiler proper being left out of contact with the fire gases. In the tests referred to, as much as 128 kgs. of steam prised.
Revised of Basle's Industres.
The Times (11th August):--<

#### Revival of Basle's Industries

Instein in the relative in marking the relation of the second structure in the second structure is the second structure in the second structure is the second structure is second structure in the second structure is second structure in the second structure in the second structure is set as the second structure is se

Elms, in the Canton of Glaris, has been discovered at last by some English trippers, who report in the British Weekly (Aug. 9th) that, as the Ostend Express passes Ziegelbrück, only two hours' rail journey distant from Elms, the London Times can be got at Elms at 1 p.m. on the day following publication here. Some attraction, to be sure ! I wonder whether the Rothermere Press have read this, and if so, what are they going to do about it e

it? Well, although most of my compatriots in London are coming back from their holidays and turn their mind, molens volens, to work again, and although they state with some satisfaction that the real summer weather seems at last to have broken for good, "Kyburg" is thinking of going to have a good look at the old homeland, and my readers will be spared my vapourings for some weeks to come, unless I find something really worth writing about from the other side, in which case the Editor will perhaps give me leave to have my words set to print. You, dear reader, must surely have noticed lately that writing this column was beginning to be real work. How could it be otherwise, with all one's friends on holiday, with picture post-cards streaming in from all sorts of wonderful spots somewhere some hundreds of miles away from Town? Just try it yourself once to sit down and write something interesting, when you feel as if you would be much better off somewhere else! Therefore, I, too, am off! Off for the mountains, the lakes, the valleys and hills of our beloved country, and, in a few weeks' time, I know from experience, I shall have no rest until I am back in dear old London Town ! Well, although most of my compatriots in Lon-

WATCHES were placed top at the last official British Observatory watch tests, being awarded 96.8 points —only 'one-tenth of one point below the world's record. The series prize for the six best Deck and Pocket Chronometers at the last official test at Neuchatel was also awarded to Zenith watches. Sold by leading Jewellers everywhere.

## THE HOMELAND RE-VISITED.

"Wenn ich Königsglanz mit deinen Bergen mass, Wie war da der Bettler stolz auf dich.

"The Swis Observer" of July 21st mentioned my holiday in Swiszerland, and my desire has been ful-filled by a glorious Swiss tour. From Basle to Winterthur I chose the very charm-ing and interesting Rhine route, which was new to me passing the Waterworks of Rheinfelden and Lau-century.

holiday in Switzerland, and my desire has been fulfiled by a glorious Swiss tour.
From Basle to Winterthur I chose the very charming and interesting Rhine route, which was new to me, passing the Waterworks of Rheinfelden and Laufenburg.
Winterthur is now greatly enlarged by Toess.
Wülfingen, Veltheim, Oberwinterthur. Seen, Wiesendagen and the surrounding charming villas; the old town remains much the same. The Town Hall, in best classic style, the new Art and Science Museum, the Girls School on Heiligberg, the Post Office and Railway Station are outstanding buildings.
Then comes the very picturesque old town of Stein a.Rh. The Rathaus and some other buildings are decorated with pictures and legends of their history (1300–1600 A.D.).
I visited Professor Ferdinand Vetter (Berne) in his retreat Klosters St. Georgen, and was conducted through 20 rooms, filled with art collections from monastic times, and his large library. I had a charming reception and two hours' conversation with him. After this to Castle Hohenklingen and the Rhine Falls, now in massive flow.
In Zürich my friend, A. Huber, president C.S.C. 1875 and hon, member, was my guide. The Landesmuseum, the Art Museum, Polytechnic, University. Gutfried Keller's birthplace, his favourite Oepfelkammer, Zürichhorn Park, with monument to the writer and composer of "Tritts im Morgenrot daher," a round on the beautiful 'lake will be abiding recollections. Lucerne, Pension Hermitage, opposite the Flatus came next. I had a glorious view of the lake and valley behind from the top of the Birgenstock. Then, à tour Lucerne, Altorf, passing Brunnen, Treib. Scelisberg, Ruiti, Schillerstein, Tell's Chapel all gloriously historic. The Mayor of Altorf conducted me through the Courts of Justice and the Chamber of Deputies, containing the old banners of Sempach, Morgarten, Marignano and various trophies. I greatly cherish that day.
In Lucerne itself the Lion Monument, the Glacier Garden Alpina, Bourbaki P

There is a scene of Nicolas von der Flüh "Stans peace parley. My last Swiss town was Basle. I visited the History and Art Museums, collections of Holbein. Boecklin, Stückelberg, the Zoological Garden in a beautiful park, the only one in Switzerland; also the Rathhaus, with best old-style council rooms, finely carved ceilings and celebrated pictures, which no visitor should omit. I also visited an old friend, Adolf Linder (82), who was one of the 14 new members in 1866 to rejuvenate the dead and alive club of 1856. A former member here. Mr. Ernst Walter, is now active in the "Volksrecht," Zürich. Briefly put, the great educational institutions, the care for old and young, the evident general order and comfort, the cleanliness, the up-to-date traffic and home arrangements, combined with the forests, lakes, rivers, pure air, plentiful trees and flowers, white houses and villas, make Switzerland, even apart from the ever-glorious mountains, an earthly Paradise, and one can only repeat with Gottfried Keller: "O mein Heimat-land !"

only repeat with Gottfried Kener: O infinite Archival land !" My tour is the event of my life. The small collec-tion of the history, plans and views of the places visited will be a constant reminder of the same. Relations and friends outbid each other to treat me better than the Prince of Wales could have been. Aber "Die schönen Tage von Aranjuez sind nun vor-über." Now to work, rejuvenated! I. GEILINGER.

J. GEILINGER



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