Zeitschrift: Helvetia: magazine of the Swiss Society of New Zealand

Herausgeber: Swiss Society of New Zealand

Band: 51 (1985)

Heft: [1]

Artikel: NASA relies on Swiss time!

Autor: [s.n.]

DOI: https://doi.org/10.5169/seals-942027

Nutzungsbedingungen

Die ETH-Bibliothek ist die Anbieterin der digitalisierten Zeitschriften auf E-Periodica. Sie besitzt keine Urheberrechte an den Zeitschriften und ist nicht verantwortlich für deren Inhalte. Die Rechte liegen in der Regel bei den Herausgebern beziehungsweise den externen Rechteinhabern. Das Veröffentlichen von Bildern in Print- und Online-Publikationen sowie auf Social Media-Kanälen oder Webseiten ist nur mit vorheriger Genehmigung der Rechteinhaber erlaubt. Mehr erfahren

Conditions d'utilisation

L'ETH Library est le fournisseur des revues numérisées. Elle ne détient aucun droit d'auteur sur les revues et n'est pas responsable de leur contenu. En règle générale, les droits sont détenus par les éditeurs ou les détenteurs de droits externes. La reproduction d'images dans des publications imprimées ou en ligne ainsi que sur des canaux de médias sociaux ou des sites web n'est autorisée qu'avec l'accord préalable des détenteurs des droits. En savoir plus

Terms of use

The ETH Library is the provider of the digitised journals. It does not own any copyrights to the journals and is not responsible for their content. The rights usually lie with the publishers or the external rights holders. Publishing images in print and online publications, as well as on social media channels or websites, is only permitted with the prior consent of the rights holders. Find out more

Download PDF: 19.08.2025

ETH-Bibliothek Zürich, E-Periodica, https://www.e-periodica.ch

Cheese rennet was used to curdle the milk. Earlier on this was done by hanging into the milk as a rennet bag a Chitzimagen, a bundle made of the dried stomach of a young goat. When the milk had curdled, the cheese mass was agitated with Schuefe (wooden ladles) and Ruerer (a stirring utensil made of fir stem that had the stumps of its broken-off branch-work making a whorl), and the curd was thus reduced to the desired size.

Sometimes cheese-cloth was used, but more frequently the cheese mass was picked up by hand from the cheese-kettle, pressed together and put into

the Chaswerb (a cheese-cask, also called Jarb).

The Chasholzli (a wooden spigot) plugged in front of the cheese cask provided a draining channel for the whey, and fed this over a groove in the Till (a base-board under the cask) into a small draining pail. The whey in the cheese-kettle continued to be heated, and with the addition of the Suur (sour rennet-whey) from the Surfassli (rennet-jug), it was made to curdle once again. This procedure is called Vorbruch. The Zieger cheese particles rising to the surface were drawn off and one part was put into the whey bucket, which was then kept warm under the bed covers for a later meal.

MARITIME TRANSPORT

Switzerland's Ocean-going Fleet

In 1984, as a result of the general economic recovery, Swiss maritime transport showed a slight improvement. In spite of the smallness of its fleet, Switzerland is also concerned by the evolution of the general situation.

At the end of last year, Switzerland's ocean-going fleet numbered some 32 vessels with a total capacity of 486,610 tons. It consisted of 14 freighters, 8 ships equipped for bulk transport, 5 wine-tankers, 4 refrigerator ships and a 'roll-on roll-off'. On this last-named vessel loaded trucks drive directly on and off, hence its name.

Switzerland's merchant fleet has a total crew of nearly 700, 40 per cent of whom are Swiss nationals. This branch contribues not only to Switzerland's supplies but also to its foreign relations.

NASA RELIES ON SWISS TIME!

Thanks to its high precision, its great reliability, its excellent legibility and the simplicity of its use, an everyday consumer product can today celebrate 20 years of good and loyal service to NASA.

The hand-wound Omega Speedmaster chronograph was selected on March 23, 1965 to accompany the American crew of the first manned space

flight in the Gemini programme.

On March 23 1985, the crew of the space shuttle was preparing for the next Discovery flight. The one and only item of their equipment not to have been altered by an iota in 20 years: their wrist chronographs. They were exactly the same as those worn for the earlier mission, the choice having been brilliantly confirmed moreover in November 1978, after a new in-flight test carried out for the Shuttle programme on the models of some thirty manufacturers from all over the world.