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Voices of appreciation from different world capitals.

BERLIN

"Eine nationale Schau von internationaler Bedeutung."

AMSTERDAM

"Zwitsers verstaan de kunst van tentonstellen."

PARIS

"En ces temps déconcertants, l'Exposition de Zurich est un véritable bain d'énergie."

LONDON

"It is the brainiest piece of organisation, the most original display of ideas I have ever seen or read about. There has been nothing like it in years."

NEW YORK

"The Exposition is more than an industrial fair. It is intended to express the spirit of a democracy which has existed for 650 years."

ROMA

"Nell'esposizione si rivelano il costruttivo entusiasmo, la fervida fede e il forte spirito nazionale svizzero."

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Switzerland's Trade with the British Empire.

Great Britain is Switzerland's second-best customer. In 1938 her purchases attained 148,1 million francs, representing 11,2% of Switzerland's total exports. Of that total 94,3% consisted of manufactured goods, including chiefly: watches (30,9 million francs), machines (16,9), pure aluminium (16,6), instruments and apparatus (8,0), silk fabrics (7,1), cotton embroidery (3,5), silk ribbons (3,1), pharmaceutical products (3,0).

Switzerland's imports from Great Britain during the same year amounted to 95 million francs. Great Britain ranks fifth among the countries from which Switzerland draws her supplies; of the goods delivered, 33,9% consisted of raw materials and 56,7% of manufactured articles, the chief items being: coal (8,7 million francs), sugar (7,4), machines (7,2), woolen fabrics (6,4), cotton fabrics (4,5), leather (3,7).

The trade balance between Switzerland and Canada is in favour of the latter country. While Switzerland's purchases from Canada amounted, in 1938, to 24,1 million francs, her exports to Canada only attained 14,7 million. The goods supplied by Switzerland comprise: watches (5,5 million francs), machines (2,1), (of which electric dynamos represent half), and aniline dyes. Switzerland, in turn, placed a large wheat order with Canada which constituted 80% of her purchases from that country; smaller items included rye, oats, barley, copper and copper wires.

Switzerland's exports to Australia attained 17,3 million francs in 1938, her imports of Australian goods amounting to 9,8 million francs. Australia provides a market for Swiss watches (7,0 million francs), machines (2,2), silk fabrics (1,4), instruments and apparatus (1,3), cotton embroidery (1,2), and finds, in return, in Switzerland an outlet for her raw wool (8,8 million francs).

Switzerland's relations with New Zealand are less important. Her exports attained 3,4 million francs against imports amounting to 1,3 million francs, the former consisting mainly of watches and the latter of fresh fruit and wool.

Exports from Switzerland to the Union of South Africa reached a total of 14,4 million francs in 1938, against imported South African goods amounting to 2,4 million francs. The Swiss products supplied to the Union include: watches and clocks (5,1 million francs), machines (4,1), textiles mainly of embroidery,