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Autor:	Leuzinger, Enrico
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1. THE FORMULA OF ALLENDÖFER AND WEIL

A C^∞ (resp. C^ω) manifold with corners is a topological Hausdorff space locally modeled upon a product of lines and half-lines and such that coordinate changes are of class C^∞ (resp. C^ω). For precise definitions and basic information about this concept we refer to [DH]. A *Riemannian polyhedron* is a compact manifold with corners equipped with a Riemannian metric.

Let \mathcal{P}^n be an n -dimensional Riemannian polyhedron with boundary consisting of a finite family of lower dimensional subpolyhedra

$$\mathcal{P}_E^{n-k} \quad (0 \leq k \leq n-1)$$

and with Riemannian metric induced from \mathcal{P}^n . The *outer angle* $O(p)$ at a point p of \mathcal{P}_E^{n-k} is defined as the set of all unit tangent vectors $v \in T_p \mathcal{P}^n$ such that $\langle v, w \rangle_p \leq 0$ for all w in the tangent cone of \mathcal{P}^n at p . Note that $O(p)$ is a spherical cell bounded by “great spheres” in the $(k-1)$ -dimensional unit sphere of the normal space of $\mathcal{P}_E^{n-k} \subset \mathcal{P}^n$ at p . In [AW] Allendoerfer and Weil define a certain real valued function $\Psi_{E,k}$ on the outer angles of \mathcal{P}_E^{n-k} . The explicit form of this function will not be needed in this paper. We shall only use the fact that $\Psi_{E,k}$ is locally computable from the components of the metric and the curvature tensor of \mathcal{P}^n and from the components of the second fundamental forms $\Pi_Z(p), Z \in O(p)$, of \mathcal{P}_E^{n-k} in \mathcal{P}^n . Let Ψdv denote the Gauss-Bonnet-Chern form on \mathcal{P}^n and dv_E (resp. $d\omega_{k-1}$) the volume element of \mathcal{P}_E^k (resp. of the standard unit sphere S^{k-1}). The *inner Euler characteristic* χ' of \mathcal{P}^n is by definition the Euler characteristic of the open complex consisting of all inner cells in an arbitrary simplicial subdivision of \mathcal{P}^n .

We can now state the generalized Gauss-Bonnet formula of Allendoerfer-Weil for Riemannian polyhedra (see [AW]).

PROPOSITION 1.1. *Let \mathcal{P}^n be a Riemannian polyhedron with boundary consisting of a finite family of subpolyhedra \mathcal{P}_E^{n-k} . Then the inner Euler characteristic of \mathcal{P}^n is given by*

$$(-1)^n \chi'(\mathcal{P}^n) = \int_{\mathcal{P}^n} \Psi dv + \sum_{k=1}^n \sum_E \int_{\mathcal{P}_E^{n-k}} \left(\int_{O(p)} \Psi_{E,k} d\omega_{k-1} \right) dv_E(p).$$