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Spider coenoses in strict forest reserves in Hesse (Germany)

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Abstract

The spider fauna of four strict forest reserves in Hesse (Germany) is analysed with respect to characterizations of the recorded species: frequency in Germany, total distribution range, summarised types of habitats. The data are compared with seven (mostly unpublished) projects in SE- and NE-Germany with a comparable species number. The number of species per project ranges from 159 to 205. In the four Strict Forest Reserves in Hesse a total of 278 has been recorded. Higher numbers of species occur on the trunk than on the ground. Rare spiders are more frequent in forests than in open land. Spider species with the most restricted distributions are best represented in forests of low mountain ranges in Hesse and Bavaria. Even a rough classification of preferred habitats yields valuable information. The biodiversity of spiders in commonly occurring types of forests is much higher than expected.

Key words: Araneae, beech, classification, distribution, electors, frequency, habitat, rare species, trunk

INTRODUCTION

Strict forest reserves (in Hesse) are forest areas where all forestry operations have ceased. Research into these “primeval forests of tomorrow” is an important basis for nature-orientated forestry and nature conservation (Dorow et al. 2007, 2010, Meyer & Schmidt 2008). In Hesse, strict forest reserves were established from 1988 on. At present there are 31 such reserves in Hesse, which cover a total area of about 1200 ha (average size 40 ha). The common beech (*Fagus sylvatica*) dominates most of them. 22 reserves have a reference area (average size 35 ha), where forestry is continued. This allows direct examination of the influence of forestry on the fauna.

METHODS

Spiders (and six other standard groups: Lumbricidae, Heteroptera, Coleoptera, Hymenoptera: Aculeata, Macrolepidoptera, and Aves) are analysed completely to species level. A broad set of sampling methods is used in each of the four reserve (including their reference areas) over two entire years (including winter). Most important methods for the spiders are: pitfall traps (12–15 sites with 3 traps, about 10 sites with single traps) and different types of electors (Figs 1–2): 8 trunk electors on standing beech trees (4 alive, 4 dead), 2–4 electors on lying dead beeches.



Fig. 1. Trunk elector on a dead beech tree (photo: W. Dorow).

SITES

The spiders of four reserves (marked with the numbers 2, 3, 6, 8 in Fig. 3; all at 300 to 690 m a.s.l.) have so far been identified. Age of the beech trees: 80–200 years; mean temperature 6.7°–8.0°C; mean precipitation per year 748–776 mm (one exception, reserve no. 6: 1,175 mm) (see <http://naturwaelder.de>).

Reserve 2: Goldbachs- und Ziebachsrück, sub-montane beech forest (Luzulo-Fagetum) with sessile oak (*Quercus petraea*), Middle Red Sandstone, 300–365 m a.s.l., N 50.93°, E 9.88° (Blick 2009, Dorow et al. 2009). 166 species, 18,000 adults, 31,300 juv.

Reserve 3: Schönbusche/Neuhof, sub-montane beech forest (Luzulo-Fagetum) with sessile oak (*Quercus petraea*), Middle Red Sandstone, 370–455 m a.s.l., N 50.48°, E 9.54° (Malten 2001, Dorow et al. 2001). 202 species, 12,650 adults, 17,300 juv.

Reserve 6: Niddahänge/Schotten, montane beech forest (Hordelymo-Fagetum, Asperulo-Fagetum), basalt, 530–690 m a.s.l., N 50.53°, E 9.21° (Malten 1999, Flechtner et al. 1999). 182 species, 17,700 adults, 11,900 juv.

Reserve 8: Hohestein, sub-montane beech forest (Hordelymo-Fagetum), limestone, 455–565 m a.s.l., N 51.25°, E 10.05° (Malten & Blick 2007, Flechtner et al. 2006). 162 species, 17,000 adults, 15,900 juv.

Data from the strict forest reserves in Hesse are compared with those of selected, predominantly unpublished, projects in Germany with comparable species numbers (i.e. 156–205 species, 3,250–23,000 adult spiders):

FBav: two forests in S. Bavaria, pine, partly with beech or mixed forest, 490–550 m a.s.l., N 48.4°–48.9°, E 10.8°–11.1°, pitfall traps, trunk electors, 1995–1996 Mar.–Nov., data publ. by Engel (1999, 2001), det.



Fig. 2. Trunk elector on lying dead beech (photo: W. Dorow).

for TU Freising-Weihenstephan. 175 species, 19,600 adults, 8,800 juv.

FBrb: three forests in Brandenburg, pine, partly with beech and oak, 70–140 m a.s.l., N 52.3°–52.9°, E 13.9°–14.0°, pitfall traps, trunk electors, and various other trap types, 2000–2002, unpubl. data, det. for FH Eberswalde. 194 species, 23,000 adults, 13,900 juv.

FDry: dry forest (mainly) in N. Bavaria with adjacent open land incl. rocks, 400–520 m a.s.l., N 49.7°, E 11.2°, pitfall traps and hand collecting, 2000 May–Oct., unpubl. data, det. for Naturschutzbehörde Regierung von Oberfranken, Bayreuth. 159 species, 3,250 adults, 1,500 juv.

FArt: artificial forest (poplar) and adjacent forest and arable land in N. Bavaria, 415–430 m a.s.l., N 49.8°, E 12.2°, pitfall traps, ground electors, extensive hand collecting on bark, April/May–Oct. 1995 & 2000

(Blick & Burger 2002), unpubl. data 2006–2007 (incl. winter), det. for LWF (Bayerische Landesanstalt für Wald und Forstwirtschaft) Freising. 177 species, 8,400 adults, 3,300 juv.

Border: former border between E. and W. Germany, mostly open land, 445–460 m a.s.l., N 50.3°–50.4°, E 12.0°, pitfall traps and hand collecting, 1994 April–Sept., unpubl. data, det. for the former Staatliches Umweltfachamt Plauen. 156 species, 3,500 adults, 980 juv.

Bogs: four bogs, incl. forest habitats, in N.E. Bavaria, 570–970 m a.s.l., N 50.0°–50.2°, E 11.8°–12.2°, pitfall traps, 2000 May–Oct., unpubl. data, det. for Naturschutzbehörde der Regierung von Oberfranken, Bayreuth. 173 species, 12,450 adults, 5,350 juv.

Castle: walls of four castles in N.Bavaria, partly with adjacent forests, 380–520 m a.s.l., N 49.8°–50.2°, E 11.0°–11.4°, wall

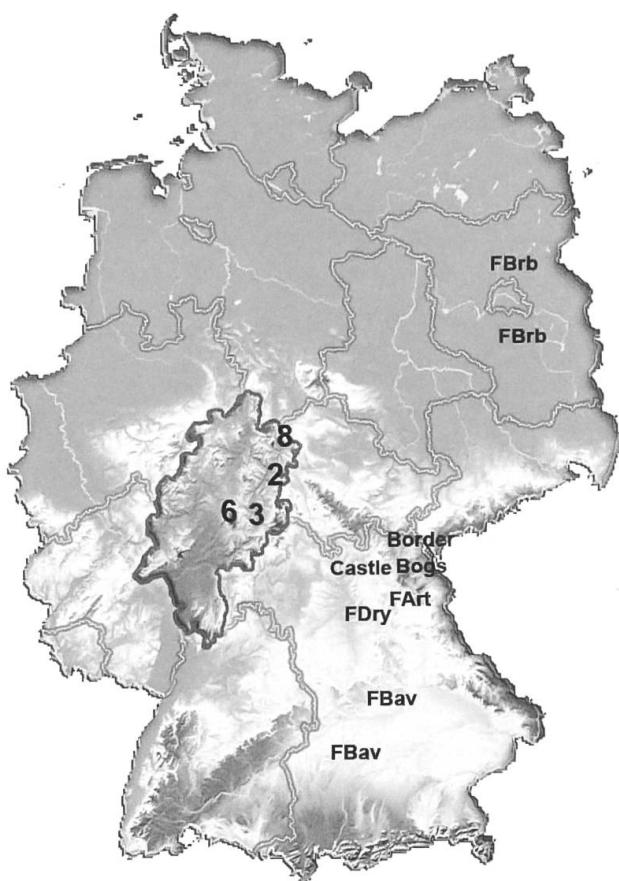


Fig. 3. Strict forest reserves in Hesse, first recording completed (2, 3, 6, 8), sites of compared data (FBav/forests in S. Bavaria, FBrb/forests in Brandenburg, FDry/dry forest in N. Bavaria with adjacent open land, FArt/artificial forest (poplar) and adjacent forest and arable land in N. Bavaria, Border/former border between Eastern and Western Germany, now border between Saxony and Bavaria, mostly open land, Bogs/Bogs in N.E. Bavaria, Castle/walls of castles in N. Bavaria).

traps, pitfall traps, hand collecting, 2006–2007 (incl. winter), unpubl. data, det. for Ökologische Bildungsstätte Oberfranken, Mitwitz. 205 species, 5,300 adults, 2,850 juv.

NUMERICAL RESULTS

A total of 278 spider species has been found in the four strict forest reserves, i.e. 40% of the ca. 700 spider species known from Hesse (Malten 1999, 2001, Malten & Blick 2007, Blick 2008; see Appendix). 162 to 202 spider species were recorded in each reserve (see above

and Appendix). 19 species were new records for Hesse (see Appendix). There is as yet no significant difference between the unmanaged and managed patches of forest – due to the short time since forestry ceased.

Key results in sampling the spider diversity were [number of species (no. of the reserve)]:

- eight trunk electors on standing trees: 151 (3), 144 (6), 117 (8), 105 (2).
 - pitfall traps: 126 (3), 119 (6), 107 (8), 100 (2).
- Diversity on the trunk is higher than on the ground.

ANALYSIS

The spider fauna has been analysed according to different aspects: **frequency** of occurrence in Germany, **distribution** types, **habitat** types and other criteria such as preference for strata, altitudinal distribution, phenology, body size classes and degree of endangerment in Germany.

Frequency throughout Germany is divided into six groups (according to the frequency of records at <http://spiderling.de/arages>, Staudt 2008a): **very common**, **common**, **moderately common**, **rare**, **very rare**, **extremely rare** (here not relevant).

Distribution types (compilation based on Mikhailov 1997, Helsdingen 2007, Platnick 2008, Staudt 2008b): **E--/Europe** in part, explicitly less than half of the area of Europe, **E-/Europe** in part, without some western, northern, southern or eastern parts, **E/Europe**, whole of Europe or large parts of it, **E+/Europe** and adjacent parts (e.g. N. Africa, Caucasus, W. Siberia), **P/Palaearctic**, **H/Holarctic** (incl. Cosmopolitan).

Comment: Classical biogeographical classes are not used here, as these are too numerous and an overview and comparison of the sites would be too confusing. In considering the responsibility for conservation of each species, the total distribution area is more important than the biogeographical details of its range (see Gruttke 2004).

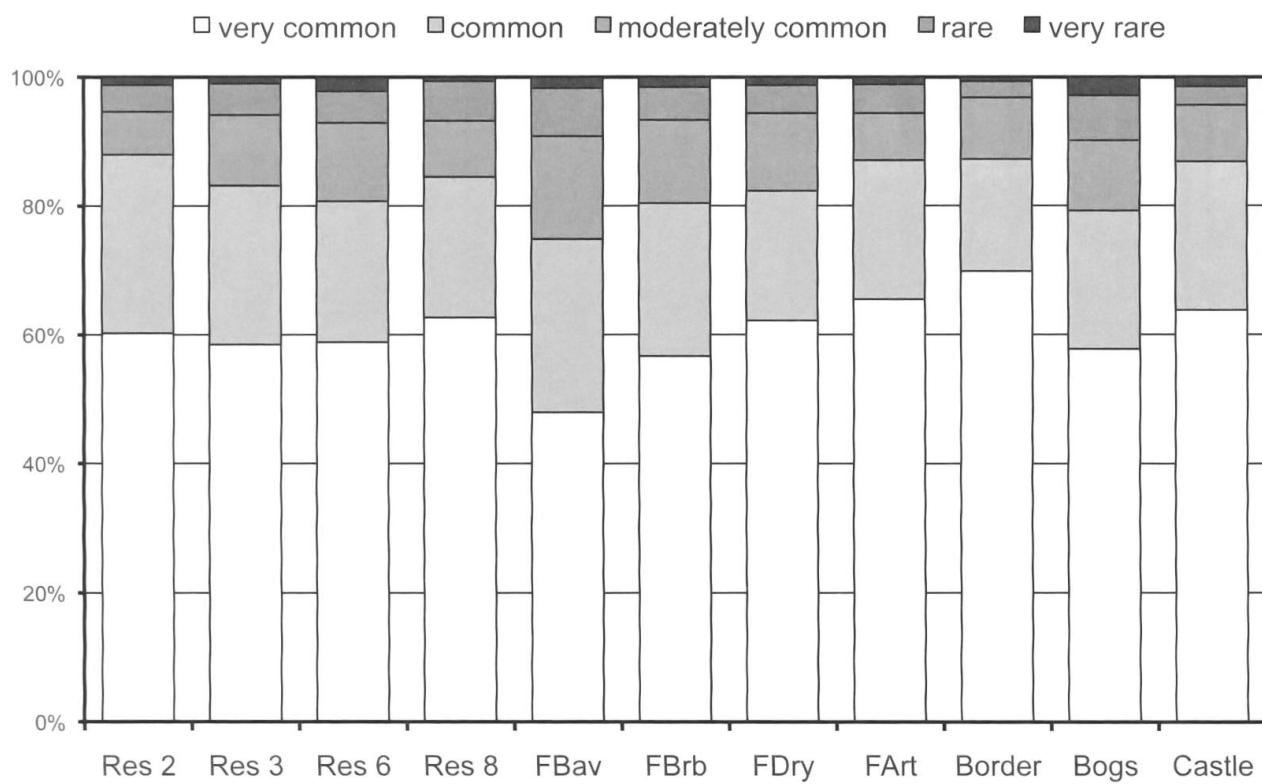
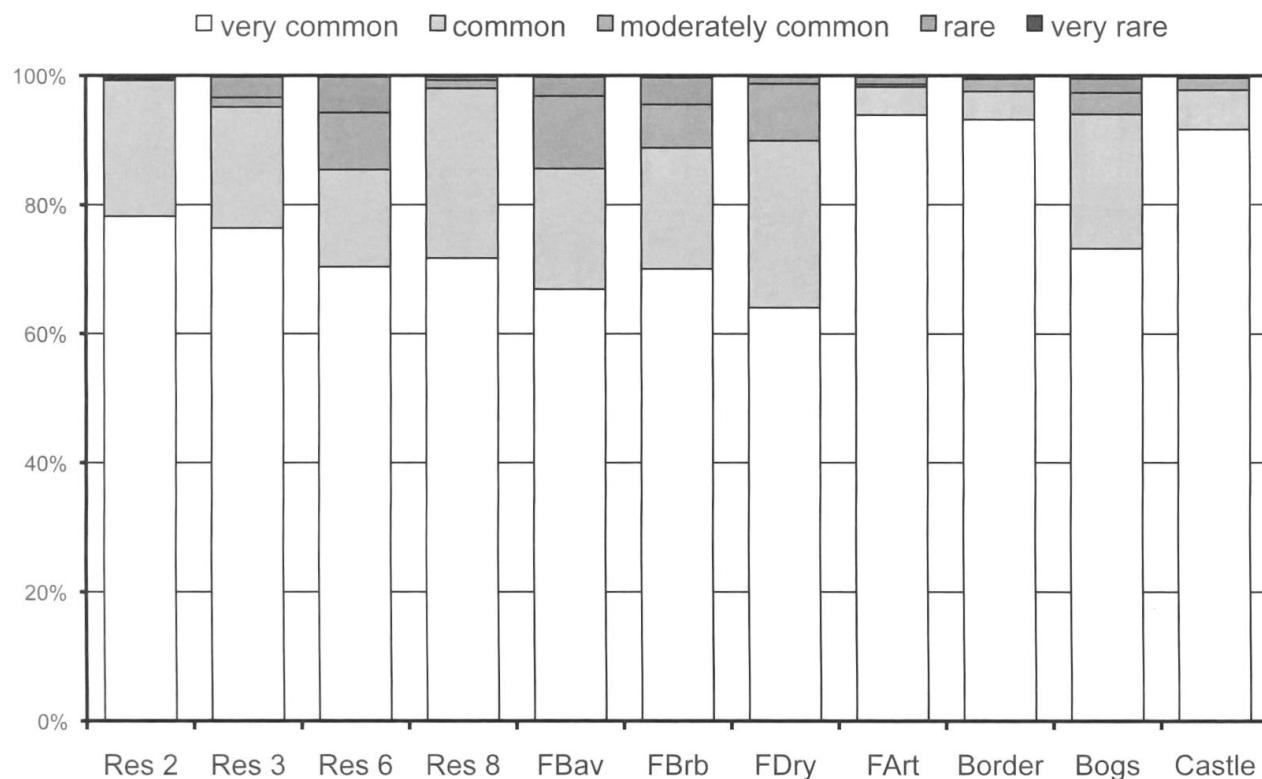
**a****b**

Fig. 4. Percentages of frequency (very common, common, moderately common, rare, very rare – see text) of spiders in 4 strict forest reserves in Hesse and 7 sites for comparison.
a – species numbers. b – adult specimens.

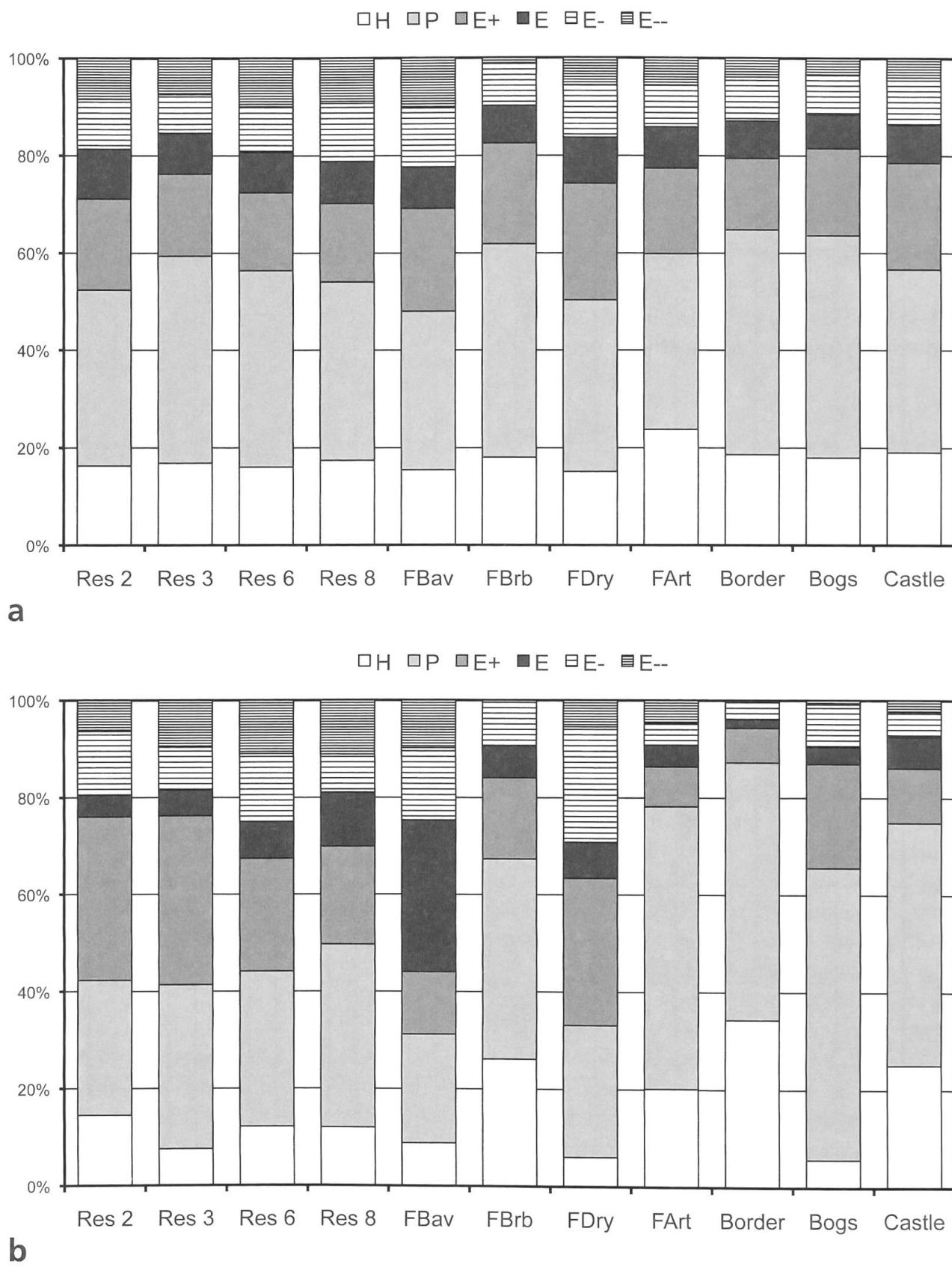


Fig. 5. Percentages of distribution types (H, P, E+, E, E-, E--) of spiders in 4 strict forest reserves in Hesse and 7 sites for comparison.
a – species numbers. b – adult specimens.

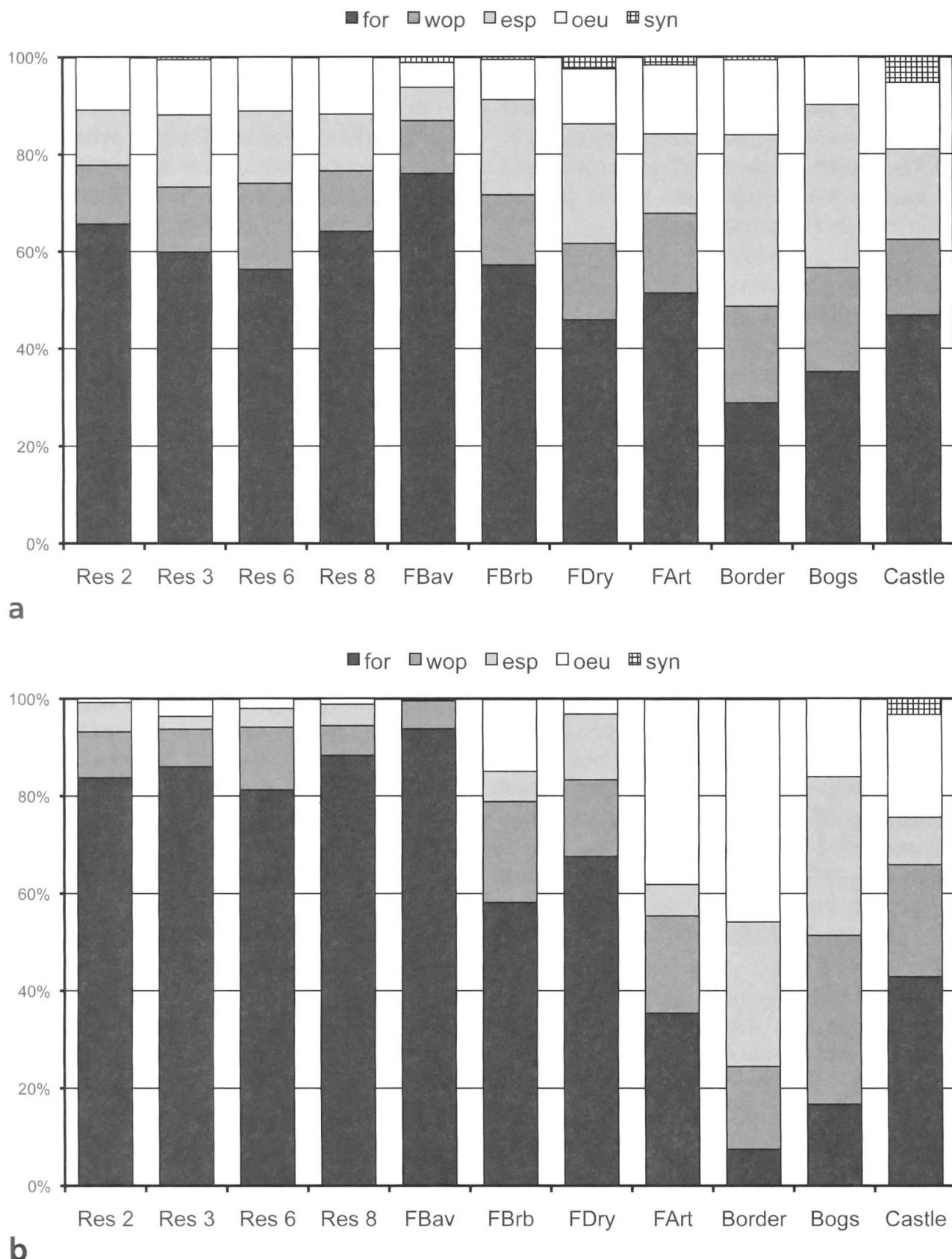


Fig. 6. Percentages of habitat types (for, wop, esp, oeu, syn) of spiders in 4 strict forest reserves in Hesse and 7 sites for comparison.
 a – species numbers. b – adult specimens.

Habitat types are summarised as: **for-**ests, **wop**/wooded and open habitats, **esp**/open habitats (specialised), **oeu**/open habitats (eurytopic), **synanthropous** (s.lat., incl. cellars, caves, walls). After Hänggi et al. (1995), Platen et al. (1999) and own data. More detailed habitat types would be possible for other approaches.

RESULTS

Frequency (Fig. 4)

Very common spiders have the highest proportion in open habitats (Castle, Border, even in FArt), i.e. species >64%, specimens >92%.

Rare and very rare spiders have the highest percentage in some forests (Res 3–8, FBav, FBrb) and in the bogs (species 7%–10%, specimens 3%–6%).

Distribution (Fig. 5)

The highest proportion (66%–87%) of specimens with Holarctic and Palaearctic distribution is in the open habitats (see frequency), in the bogs and in FBrb (forests at the lowest altitudes).

The forests in Hesse (Res 2–8) and in Bavaria (FBav, FDry, FArt) have the highest proportion of spiders with a restricted distribution (E-, E--) (species 15%–22%, specimens 19%–29%). The same can be stated for those with the most restricted distributions (E--) (species 6%–10%, specimens 5%–12%).

Habitat (Fig. 6)

Forest spiders (for, wop) have the highest quotients in forest habitats in Hesse (Res 2–8) and S. Bavaria (FBav) (species >73%, specimens >93%).

Compared with the normally treated S. Bavarian forests (species 7%, specimens 0%), the four strict forest reserves in Hesse have a remarkable complement of specialised open land spiders (species 11%–15%, specimens 3%–6%).

Remarkable is also the high proportion of forest spiders near and on the walls (species 63%, specimens 66%).

DISCUSSION AND CONCLUSION

It is probable that the higher proportion of 'common' spiders (i.e. specimens, see Fig. 4b) in the forests compared with open land habitats (FArt, Border, Castle), where the 'very common' ones have higher proportions, simply reflects the lesser availability of data for common forest types in Germany compared with many types of open habitats.

Many spiders in the forests of low mountain ranges (in central and southern Germany) have a more restricted distribution than those of lowland forests and open habitats. Examples are: *Cinetata gradata*, *Formiphantes lephthyphantiformis*, *Gongylidiellum edentatum*, *Lepthyphantes nodifer*, *Oreonetides quadridentatus*, *Pseudocarorita thaleri* (compare Malten 1999, 2001, Malten & Blick 2007, Blick 2008).

Even a rough classification of preferred habitats of the species delivers interesting results for forests as well as for other types of habitats.

Specimen numbers show greater contrasts between data sets than species numbers.

This method of analysis has to be tested with more sets of data, but it seems to produce valuable results.

Finally: The biodiversity of the spider fauna even in (formerly) normally treated forests is unexpectedly high and it contains more rare and specialised spiders and those with restricted distributions than expected.

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APPENDIX

Spider species recorded in four Strict Forest Reserves in Hesse (see text), nomenclature and families follow Platnick (2008), J = only recorded as juvenile/s, species names in **bold** mark first records for Hesse.

Tenuiphantes mengei/aff. *mengei*: two different 'forms' of *T. mengei* were recorded. 'True' *mengei* sensu Roberts (1987) and Bosmans (1991), 'aff. *mengei*' sensu Wiehle (1956) and Helsdingen et al. (1977).

species	author	frequency	distrib	habitat	Res 2	Res 3	Res 6	Res 8
Segestriidae								
<i>Segestria senoculata</i>	(Linnaeus, 1758)	very common	P	for	20	23		27
Dysderidae								
<i>Harpactea hombergi</i>	(Scopoli, 1763)	very common	E-	for				3
<i>Harpactea lepida</i>	(C.L. Koch, 1838)	common	E--	for	239	25		205
Mimetidae								
<i>Ero furcata</i>	(Villers, 1789)	very common	P	for	2	7	3	1
Theridiidae								
<i>Achaearanea lunata</i>	(Clerck, 1757)	common	P	for	4	6		6
<i>Achaearanea simulans</i>	(Thorell, 1875)	moderately common	P	for		7	1	2
<i>Crustulina guttata</i>	(Wider, 1834)	common	P	esp		5		
<i>Dipoena melanogaster</i>	(C.L. Koch, 1837)	common	E+	for				1
<i>Enoplognatha ovata</i>	(Clerck, 1757)	very common	H	for		14	338	8
<i>Enoplognatha thoracica</i>	(Hahn, 1833)	very common	H	wop	1	2		
<i>Euryopis flavomaculata</i>	(C.L. Koch, 1836)	very common	P	wop		50	1	
<i>Keijia tincta</i>	(Walckenaer, 1802)	very common	H	for	5	11	2	3
<i>Neottiura bimaculata</i>	(Linnaeus, 1767)	very common	H	wop		1	1	
<i>Paidiscura pallens</i>	(Blackwall, 1834)	very common	E+	for	12	163	54	28
<i>Pholcomma gibbum</i>	(Westring, 1851)	common	E+	for	5	1		
<i>Phycosoma inornatum</i>	(O. P.-Cambridge, 1861)	very rare	E-	for		1		
<i>Robertus lividus</i>	(Blackwall, 1836)	very common	H	for	107	31	80	54
<i>Robertus neglectus</i>	(O. P.-Cambridge, 1871)	common	P	wop			8	14
<i>Robertus scoticus</i>	Jackson, 1914	moderately common	P	for		10	551	
<i>Theridion mystaceum</i>	L. Koch, 1870	common	E	for	6	15	4	
<i>Theridion pinastri</i>	L. Koch, 1872	common	P	for			14	
<i>Theridion sisypium</i>	(Clerck, 1757)	common	P	esp		1		
<i>Theridion varians</i>	Hahn, 1833	very common	H	for	1	9	13	15
Linyphiidae								
<i>Agyneta cauta</i>	(O. P.-Cambridge, 1902)	moderately common	P	wop			1	

species	author	frequency	distrib	habitat	Res 2	Res 3	Res 6	Res 8
<i>Agyneta conigera</i>	(O. P.-Cambridge, 1863)	common	P	for	2	37	202	2
<i>Allomengea vidua</i>	(L. Koch, 1879)	common	H	esp			8	
<i>Araeoncus humilis</i>	(Blackwall, 1841)	very common	E+	esp	22	17	10	32
<i>Asthenargus paganus</i>	(Simon, 1884)	common	E+	for	49	164	165	27
<i>Bathyphantes approximatus</i>	(O. P.-Cambridge, 1871)	very common	E+	wop			1	
<i>Bathyphantes gracilis</i>	(Blackwall, 1841)	very common	H	oeu	12	5	16	15
<i>Bathyphantes nigrinus</i>	(Westring, 1851)	very common	P	for	3		44	4
<i>Bathyphantes parvulus</i>	(Westring, 1851)	very common	E-	oeu	2	6	43	1
<i>Bathyphantes similis</i>	Kulczynski, 1894	rare	E--	wop			1	
<i>Bolyphantes alticeps</i>	(Sundevall, 1833)	moderately common	P	esp		1	40	36
<i>Centromerita bicolor</i>	(Blackwall, 1833)	very common	E	oeu	2	3	18	2
<i>Centromerita concinna</i>	(Thorell, 1875)	common	E	wop	53	7		
<i>Centromerus cavernarum</i>	(L. Koch, 1872)	moderately common	E--	for	3	6	1	17
<i>Centromerus dilutus</i>	(O. P.-Cambridge, 1875)	common	E-	for	528	2		5
<i>Centromerus incilium</i>	(L. Koch, 1881)	common	E	for				1
<i>Centromerus leruthi</i>	Fage, 1933	moderately common	E--	for			10	
<i>Centromerus pabulator</i>	(O. P.-Cambridge, 1875)	very common	E-	for	2	42		5
<i>Centromerus subcaecus</i>	Kulczynski, 1914	very rare	E--	for			9	4
<i>Centromerus sylvaticus</i>	(Blackwall, 1841)	very common	H	wop	715	235	477	358
<i>Ceratinella brevis</i>	(Wider, 1834)	very common	P	for	79	83	4	7
<i>Cinetata gradata</i>	(Simon, 1881)	rare	E--	for	2	12	19	2
<i>Cnephalocotes obscurus</i>	(Blackwall, 1834)	very common	P	oeu	6	22	16	10
<i>Dicylbium nigrum brevisetosum</i>	Locket, 1962	very common	E--	oeu	3	3	8	7
<i>Dicylbium tibiale</i>	(Blackwall, 1836)	common	E-	for	19		52	165
<i>Diplocephalus cristatus</i>	(Blackwall, 1833)	very common	H	esp	1011		1	585
<i>Diplocephalus latifrons</i>	(O. P.-Cambridge, 1863)	very common	E+	for	24	45	1201	10
<i>Diplocephalus permixtus</i>	(O. P.-Cambridge, 1871)	common	E-	wop		7	20	
<i>Diplocephalus picinus</i>	(Blackwall, 1841)	very common	E+	for	92	52	735	90
<i>Diplostyla concolor</i>	(Wider, 1834)	very common	H	wop	208	62	196	169
<i>Dismodicus bifrons</i>	(Blackwall, 1841)	very common	P	wop			2	1
<i>Dismodicus elevatus</i>	(C.L. Koch, 1838)	moderately common	E-	for				1
<i>Drapetisca socialis</i>	(Sundevall, 1833)	very common	P	for	102	1110	1374	725
<i>Entelecara congenera</i>	(O. P.-Cambridge, 1879)	common	E-	for		28	4	1
<i>Entelecara erythropus</i>	(Westring, 1851)	common	P	for	469	129	249	855
<i>Erigone atra</i>	Blackwall, 1833	very common	H	oeu	15	47	85	77

species	author	frequency	distrib	habitat	Res 2	Res 3	Res 6	Res 8
<i>Erigone dentipalpis</i>	(Wider, 1834)	very common	H	oeu	3	15	13	10
<i>Erigonella hiemalis</i>	(Blackwall, 1841)	very common	E-	wop	7	1	9	8
<i>Formiphantes lephthyphantiformis</i>	(Strand, 1907)	rare	E--	for			45	
<i>Gonatium hilare</i>	(Thorell, 1875)	rare	E-	for	1	7		9
<i>Gonatium paradoxum</i>	(L. Koch, 1869)	moderately common	E	wop				1
<i>Gonatium rubellum</i>	(Blackwall, 1841)	common	P	for	1		5	878
<i>Gonatium rubens</i>	(Blackwall, 1833)	very common	P	for	4			164
<i>Gongylidiellum edentatum</i>	Miller, 1951	very rare	E--	for	47		3	
<i>Gongylidiellum latebricola</i>	(O. P.-Cambridge, 1871)	very common	E	for	5	27		
<i>Gongylidiellum vivum</i>	(O. P.-Cambridge, 1875)	common	E	wop	4	11	11	
<i>Helophora insignis</i>	(Blackwall, 1841)	moderately common	H	wop			488	129
<i>Hilaira excisa</i>	(O. P.-Cambridge, 1871)	moderately common	E	esp	5		286	
<i>Hypomma cornutum</i>	(Blackwall, 1833)	common	E+	for			1	
<i>Impropantes nitidus</i>	(Thorell, 1875)	rare	E--	for	1			
<i>Jacksonella falconeri</i>	(Jackson, 1908)	moderately common	E--	for	3			
<i>Labulla thoracica</i>	(Wider, 1834)	common	E	for	64	98	89	263
<i>Lepthyphantes minutus</i>	(Blackwall, 1833)	common	H	for	11	17	32	8
<i>Lepthyphantes nodifer</i>	Simon, 1884	rare	E--	for			2	2
<i>Linyphia hortensis</i>	Sundevall, 1830	very common	P	for	6	5	1	5
<i>Linyphia triangularis</i>	(Clerck, 1757)	very common	P	for	12	13	111	186
<i>Lophomma punctatum</i>	(Blackwall, 1841)	common	P	wop	1		34	
<i>Macrargus rufus</i>	(Wider, 1834)	very common	E	for	100	171	110	150
<i>Mansuphantes mansuetus</i>	(Thorell, 1875)	common	E-	for	7	72	1	
<i>Maso sundevalli</i>	(Westring, 1851)	very common	H	for	6	5	1	
<i>Meioneta affinis</i>	(Kulczynski, 1898)	very common	E+	esp				1
<i>Meioneta innotabilis</i>	(O. P.-Cambridge, 1863)	moderately common	E+	for	1	9	2	
<i>Meioneta rurestris</i>	(C.L. Koch, 1836)	very common	P	esp	5	44	106	19
<i>Meioneta saxatilis</i>	(Blackwall, 1844)	very common	E+	wop	2	2	13	
<i>Micrargus herbigradus</i>	(Blackwall, 1854)	very common	P	for	639	390	691	874
<i>Microneta viaria</i>	(Blackwall, 1841)	very common	H	for	117	43	130	164
<i>Mioxena blanda</i>	(Simon, 1884)	common	E-	esp	1			
<i>Moebelia penicillata</i>	(Westring, 1851)	common	E+	for	19	65	12	5
<i>Monocephalus castaneipes</i>	(Simon, 1884)	rare	E--	for		249	862	
<i>Neriene clathrata</i>	(Sundevall, 1830)	very common	H	for	4	8	1	
<i>Neriene emphana</i>	(Walckenaer, 1842)	common	P	for	2	40	118	26
<i>Neriene peltata</i>	(Wider, 1834)	very common	E+	for	4	24	3	
<i>Obscuriphantes obscurus</i>	(Blackwall, 1841)	common	P	for		2	26	
<i>Oedothorax agrestis</i>	(Blackwall, 1853)	common	P	esp	1	1		

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<i>Oedothorax apicatus</i>	(Blackwall, 1850)	very common	P	oeu	3	11	11	
<i>Oedothorax fuscus</i>	(Blackwall, 1834)	very common	E+	oeu	1	5	12	
<i>Oedothorax gibbosus</i>	(Blackwall, 1841)	very common	P	esp		2	9	
<i>Oedothorax retusus</i>	(Westring, 1851)	very common	P	esp			2	1
<i>Oreonetides quadridentatus</i>	(Wunderlich, 1972)	very rare	E--	for		3	13	
<i>Oryphantes angulatus</i>	(O. P.-Cambridge, 1881)	rare	E+	esp			13	
<i>Ostearius melanopygius</i>	(O. P.-Cambridge, 1879)	common	K	esp	2		5	
<i>Palliduphantes ericaeus</i>	(Blackwall, 1853)	common	E-	oeu	4	15	28	
<i>Palliduphantes pallidus</i>	(O. P.-Cambridge, 1871)	very common	E	wop	24	9	20	66
<i>Panamomops affinis</i>	Miller & Kratochvíl, 1939	rare	E--	for		139		
<i>Panamomops mengei</i>	Simon, 1926	moderately common	E+	for				1
<i>Pelecopsis parallela</i>	(Wider, 1834)	very common	P	esp		1	11	
<i>Pelecopsis radicicola</i>	(L. Koch, 1872)	common	E-	wop	1			11
<i>Pityohyphantes phrygianus</i>	(C.L. Koch, 1836)	moderately common	P	for	J	2	4	
<i>Pocadicnemis pumila</i>	(Blackwall, 1841)	very common	H	esp	8	91	3	2
<i>Poeciloneta variegata</i>	(Blackwall, 1841)	moderately common	P	for		15	7	3
<i>Porrhomma campbelli</i>	F.O. P.-Cambridge, 1894	moderately common	E-	for	17	8	24	
<i>Porrhomma convexum</i>	(Westring, 1851)	moderately common	E+	for			3	
<i>Porrhomma egeria</i>	Simon, 1884	moderately common	E-	for			3	
<i>Porrhomma lativelum</i>	Tretzel, 1956	moderately common	E--	wop			1	2
<i>Porrhomma microphthalmum</i>	(O. P.-Cambridge, 1871)	very common	E	esp	5	24	15	21
<i>Porrhomma montanum</i>	Jackson, 1913	rare	P	for				2
<i>Porrhomma oblitum</i>	(O. P.-Cambridge, 1871)	moderately common	E--	wop		2	2	1
<i>Porrhomma pallidum</i>	Jackson, 1913	common	P	for	15	24	46	11
<i>Porrhomma pygmaeum</i>	(Blackwall, 1834)	very common	P	wop				1
<i>Pseudocarorita thaleri</i>	(Saaristo, 1971)	rare	E--	for	10	1	24	47
<i>Pseudomaro aenigmaticus</i>	Denis, 1966	very rare	E--	esp	1			
<i>Saaristoa abnormis</i>	(Blackwall, 1841)	very common	E-	for			10	
<i>Saaristoa firma</i>	(O. P.-Cambridge, 1905)	rare	E--	for	2	4	8	1
<i>Saloca diceros</i>	(O. P.-Cambridge, 1871)	common	E--	for	3	102	824	462
<i>Semljicola faustus</i>	(O. P.-Cambridge, 1900)	very rare	E-	wop			4	

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<i>Silometopus elegans</i>	(O. P.-Cambridge, 1872)	moderately common	P	esp			1	
<i>Silometopus reussi</i>	(Thorell, 1871)	common	P	esp			1	
<i>Stemonyphantes lineatus</i>	(Linnaeus, 1758)	very common	P	esp		1		1
<i>Tallusia experta</i>	(O. P.-Cambridge, 1871)	very common	P	esp	1	1	3	
<i>Tapinocyba affinis</i>	Lessert, 1907	rare	E-	for				1
<i>Tapinocyba insecta</i>	(L. Koch, 1869)	very common	E-	for	338	266	276	6
<i>Tapinocyba pallens</i>	(O. P.-Cambridge, 1872)	common	E+	for	1151			177
<i>Tapinocyba praecox</i>	(O. P.-Cambridge, 1873)	common	E--	wop		1	1	
<i>Tapinopa longidens</i>	(Wider, 1834)	common	E+	for	1	1		
<i>Tenuiphantes alacris</i>	(Blackwall, 1853)	common	P	for	46	85	149	9
<i>Tenuiphantes cristatus</i>	(Menge, 1866)	very common	E+	for	37	82	37	12
<i>Tenuiphantes flavipes</i>	(Blackwall, 1854)	very common	E+	for	10	39	26	7
<i>Tenuiphantes mengei</i>	(Kulczynski, 1887)	very common	P	wop	10	70	253	
<i>Tenuiphantes aff. mengei</i>				for				585
<i>Tenuiphantes tenebricola</i>	(Wider, 1834)	very common	E	for	280	184	348	172
<i>Tenuiphantes tenuis</i>	(Blackwall, 1852)	very common	E+	esp		22	65	50
<i>Tenuiphantes zimmermanni</i>	(Berkau, 1890)	very common	E	for	243	34	352	1111
<i>Thyreosthenius parasiticus</i>	(Westring, 1851)	common	H	for	67		23	241
<i>Tiso vagans</i>	(Blackwall, 1834)	very common	E	esp	14	2	4	
<i>Troxochrus nasutus</i>	Schenkel, 1925	moderately common	E--	for	11	24	26	1
<i>Walckenaeria acuminata</i>	Blackwall, 1833	very common	E+	for	6	7	12	19
<i>Walckenaeria alticeps</i>	(Denis, 1952)	common	E-	wop			1	
<i>Walckenaeria antica</i>	(Wider, 1834)	very common	P	wop		4		
<i>Walckenaeria atrotibialis</i>	(O. P.-Cambridge, 1878)	very common	H	for	27	51	33	2
<i>Walckenaeria corniculans</i>	(O. P.-Cambridge, 1875)	very common	E+	for	48	23	454	217
<i>Walckenaeria cucullata</i>	(C.L. Koch, 1836)	very common	P	for	345	79	105	191
<i>Walckenaeria cuspidata</i>	Blackwall, 1833	very common	P	for	2323		93	1793
<i>Walckenaeria dysderoides</i>	(Wider, 1834)	very common	P	for	3	11	8	53
<i>Walckenaeria furcillata</i>	(Menge, 1869)	very common	E+	wop	1	11		
<i>Walckenaeria nudipalpis</i>	(Westring, 1851)	very common	P	wop		4	20	3
<i>Walckenaeria obtusa</i>	Blackwall, 1836	very common	E-	for	59	22	74	29
<i>Walckenaeria unicornis</i>	O. P.-Cambridge, 1861	very common	E+	esp		1		
<i>Walckenaeria vigilax</i>	(Blackwall, 1853)	very common	H	esp	3	1	4	1
Tetragnathidae								
<i>Metellina mengei</i>	(Blackwall, 1870)	very common	E	for	3	1	5	5
<i>Metellina merianae</i>	(Scopoli, 1763)	very common	E+	for			4	
<i>Metellina segmentata</i>	(Clerck, 1757)	very common	P	wop	22	6	255	8
<i>Pachygnatha clercki</i>	Sundevall, 1823	very common	H	esp		3	1	

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<i>Pachygnatha degeeri</i>	Sundevall, 1830	very common	P	oeu	24	26	22	24
<i>Pachygnatha listeri</i>	Sundevall, 1830	very common	P	for	1	18	20	2
<i>Tetragnatha obtusa</i>	C.L. Koch, 1837	common	P	for	11	49		
Araneidae								
<i>Aculepeira ceropagia</i>	(Walckenaer, 1802)	very common	P	oeu		J	J	J
<i>Araneus diadematus</i>	Clerck, 1757	very common	H	for	25	68	38	27
<i>Araneus quadratus</i>	Clerck, 1757	very common	P	oeu			J	
<i>Araneus sturmi</i>	(Hahn, 1831)	common	P	for	5	2	1	4
<i>Araniella alpica</i>	(L. Koch, 1869)	rare	E+	for	3	3	5	6
<i>Araniella cucurbitina</i>	(Clerck, 1757)	very common	P	for	5	8	5	11
<i>Araniella displicata</i>	(Hentz, 1847)	rare	H	for		1		
<i>Araniella opistographa</i>	(Kulczynski, 1905)	common	P	for		5	2	2
<i>Cercidia prominens</i>	(Westring, 1851)	common	H	wop		1		
<i>Cyclosa conica</i>	(Pallas, 1772)	very common	H	for	1	1		
<i>Gibbaranea omoeda</i>	(Thorell, 1870)	rare	P	for		4		3
<i>Hypsosinga sanguinea</i>	(C.L. Koch, 1844)	common	P	esp		1		
<i>Nuctenea umbratica</i>	(Clerck, 1757)	very common	P	for		J		
<i>Zygiella atrica</i>	(C.L. Koch, 1845)	rare	E+	for				1
Lycosidae								
<i>Alopecosa cuneata</i>	(Clerck, 1757)	very common	P	esp			1	
<i>Alopecosa inquilina</i>	(Clerck, 1757)	moderately common	P	for		7		
<i>Alopecosa pulverulenta</i>	(Clerck, 1757)	very common	P	oeu	2	7	21	3
<i>Alopecosa taeniata</i>	(C.L. Koch, 1835)	moderately common	P	for		11		
<i>Aulonia albimana</i>	(Walckenaer, 1805)	very common	E+	esp		J	J	J
<i>Pardosa amentata</i>	(Clerck, 1757)	very common	P	wop			144	
<i>Pardosa lugubris</i>	(Walckenaer, 1802)	very common	P	for	21	300	123	36
<i>Pardosa palustris</i>	(Linnaeus, 1758)	very common	H	oeu	1	J	6	J
<i>Pardosa pullata</i>	(Clerck, 1757)	very common	P	oeu	23	168	12	2
<i>Pardosa saltans</i>	Töpfer-Hofmann, 2000	common	E--	for	349	613		101
<i>Pirata hygrophilus</i>	Thorell, 1872	very common	P	wop	25	2	112	
<i>Pirata uliginosus</i>	(Thorell, 1856)	common	E+	esp			2	
<i>Trochosa ruricola</i>	(De Geer, 1778)	very common	H	oeu		2		4
<i>Trochosa spinipalpis</i>	(F.O. P.-Cambridge, 1895)	very common	P	esp			59	
<i>Trochosa terricola</i>	Thorell, 1856	very common	H	wop	27	185	22	110
<i>Xerolycosa nemoralis</i>	(Westring, 1861)	very common	P	wop		121		
Pisauridae								
<i>Pisaura mirabilis</i>	(Clerck, 1757)	very common	P	oeu	4	5	J	
Zoridae								
<i>Zora nemoralis</i>	(Blackwall, 1861)	common	P	for		1		3
<i>Zora spinimana</i>	(Sundevall, 1833)	very common	P	oeu	33	91	4	15

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Agelenidae								
<i>Agelena labyrinthica</i>	(Clerck, 1757)	very common	P	oeu		17		
<i>Histopona torpida</i>	(C.L. Koch, 1837)	very common	E+	for	358	194	110	208
<i>Malthonica ferruginea</i>	(Panzer, 1804)	common	E+	for	1		2	1
<i>Malthonica silvestris</i>	(L. Koch, 1872)	very common	E	for			2	28
<i>Textrix denticulata</i>	(Olivier, 1789)	moderately common	E-	esp				2
Cybaeidae								
<i>Cybaeus angustiarum</i>	L. Koch, 1868	moderately common	E-	wop			21	4
Hahniidae								
<i>Antistea elegans</i>	(Blackwall, 1841)	very common	P	wop	16		4	
<i>Cryphoeca silvicola</i>	(C.L. Koch, 1834)	common	P	for	15	29	127	40
<i>Hahnia helveola</i>	Simon, 1875	common	E-	for	67	11		5
<i>Hahnia pusilla</i>	C.L. Koch, 1841	very common	E	for		46	1	55
Dictynidae								
<i>Cicurina cicur</i>	(Fabricius, 1793)	very common	E+	wop	566	104	19	116
<i>Lathys humilis</i>	(Blackwall, 1855)	common	P	for	34	5	1	
<i>Nigma flavescens</i>	(Walckenaer, 1830)	common	E+	for	1			
Amaurobiidae								
<i>Amaurobius fenestralis</i>	(Ström, 1768)	very common	E+	for	3097	2598	665	1887
<i>Callobius claustrarius</i>	(Hahn, 1833)	common	E+	for		217	216	517
<i>Coelotes terrestris</i>	(Wider, 1834)	very common	E-	for	1257	588	1765	821
<i>Eurocoelotes inermis</i>	(L. Koch, 1855)	very common	E--	for	487	35	31	496
Anyphaenidae								
<i>Anyphaena accentuata</i>	(Walckenaer, 1802)	very common	E+	for	384	19		3
Liocranidae								
<i>Agroeca brunnea</i>	(Blackwall, 1833)	very common	P	for	26	22		24
<i>Agroeca proxima</i>	(O. P.-Cambridge, 1871)	very common	E	esp				1
<i>Apostenus fuscus</i>	Westring, 1851	common	E-	for				77
Clubionidae								
<i>Clubiona brevipes</i>	Blackwall, 1841	common	E+	for	25	8		
<i>Clubiona caerulescens</i>	L. Koch, 1867	moderately common	P	for		3	1	
<i>Clubiona comta</i>	C.L. Koch, 1839	very common	E+	for	32	10	7	7
<i>Clubiona diversa</i>	O. P.-Cambridge, 1862	common	P	wop	9	6	1	3
<i>Clubiona neglecta</i>	O. P.-Cambridge, 1862	very common	P	esp	1			
<i>Clubiona pallidula</i>	(Clerck, 1757)	very common	H	for	85	8	15	5
<i>Clubiona reclusa</i>	O. P.-Cambridge, 1863	very common	P	oeu	1	1	15	1

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<i>Clubiona subsultans</i>	Thorell, 1875	moderately common	P	for	10	14		
<i>Clubiona terrestris</i>	Westring, 1851	very common	E-	for	39	26	10	84
<i>Clubiona trivialis</i>	C.L. Koch, 1843	moderately common	H	for		2		
Corinnidae								
<i>Phrurolithus festivus</i>	(C.L. Koch, 1835)	very common	P	oeu		5		7
Gnaphosidae								
<i>Drassodes lapidiosus</i>	(Walckenaer, 1802)	very common	P	esp		1		
<i>Drassyllus pusillus</i>	(C.L. Koch, 1833)	very common	P	esp	1			
<i>Haplodrassus signifer</i>	(C.L. Koch, 1839)	very common	H	esp	3	11		1
<i>Haplodrassus silvestris</i>	(Blackwall, 1833)	very common	E	for	11	29		13
<i>Haplodrassus umbratilis</i>	(L. Koch, 1866)	very common	P	wop	1			
<i>Micaria pulicaria</i>	(Sundevall, 1831)	very common	H	oeu		5		1
<i>Zelotes clivicola</i>	(L. Koch, 1870)	common	E	for	10	8		
<i>Zelotes erebeus</i>	(Thorell, 1871)	moderately common	E+	esp		54		
<i>Zelotes latreillei</i>	(Simon, 1878)	very common	P	esp		1		1
<i>Zelotes petrensis</i>	(C.L. Koch, 1839)	very common	P	esp		12		
<i>Zelotes subterraneus</i>	(C.L. Koch, 1833)	very common	P	for	32	166	2	8
Sparassidae								
<i>Micrommata virescens</i>	(Clerck, 1757)	common	P	esp	4	29	J	J
Philodromidae								
<i>Philodromus albidus</i>	Kulczynski, 1911	common	E-	for	2			
<i>Philodromus aureolus</i>	(Clerck, 1757)	very common	P	for	52	196	19	54
<i>Philodromus cespitum</i>	(Walckenaer, 1802)	very common	H	for		2		
<i>Philodromus collinus</i>	C.L. Koch, 1835	very common	E+	for	87	412	53	5
<i>Philodromus fuscomarginatus</i>	(De Geer, 1778)	rare	P	for		2		
<i>Philodromus margaritatus</i>	(Clerck, 1757)	moderately common	P	for	J	1		
<i>Philodromus praedatus</i>	O. P.-Cambridge, 1871	moderately common	P	for		3	3	
<i>Tibellus oblongus</i>	(Walckenaer, 1802)	very common	H	esp	4	J		1
Thomisidae								
<i>Coriarachne depressa</i>	(C.L. Koch, 1837)	moderately common	P	for	1			
<i>Diae dorsata</i>	(Fabricius, 1777)	very common	P	for	75	150	35	19
<i>Misumena vatia</i>	(Clerck, 1757)	very common	H	oeu		2	1	1
<i>Ozyptila praticola</i>	(C.L. Koch, 1837)	very common	H	for		1		
<i>Ozyptila trux</i>	(Blackwall, 1846)	very common	P	wop		6	17	
<i>Xysticus audax</i>	(Schrank, 1803)	common	P	for	44	115	4	3
<i>Xysticus cristatus</i>	(Clerck, 1757)	very common	P	esp		1		
<i>Xysticus lanio</i>	C.L. Koch, 1835	common	P	for	409	264	45	187
<i>Xysticus ulmi</i>	(Hahn, 1831)	very common	P	esp		2		

species	author	frequency	distrib	habitat	Res 2	Res 3	Res 6	Res 8
Salticidae								
<i>Aelurillus v-insignitus</i>	(Clerck, 1757)	very common	P	esp		4		
<i>Ballus chalybeius</i>	(Walckenaer, 1802)	common	E+	for	43	19		
<i>Euophrys frontalis</i>	(Walckenaer, 1802)	very common	P	wop	1	6		6
<i>Evarcha arcuata</i>	(Clerck, 1757)	very common	P	oeu			1	
<i>Evarcha falcata</i>	(Clerck, 1757)	very common	P	wop	4	60		
<i>Heliophanus cupreus</i>	(Walckenaer, 1802)	very common	E+	oeu		6		
<i>Heliophanus dubius</i>	C.L. Koch, 1835	moderately common	P	esp		1		
<i>Neon reticulatus</i>	(Blackwall, 1853)	very common	H	for	154	13	5	48
<i>Pellenes tripunctatus</i>	(Walckenaer, 1802)	common	P	esp		1		
<i>Pseudeuophrys erratica</i>	(Walckenaer, 1826)	moderately common	P	for	12	1		3
<i>Salticus cingulatus</i>	(Panzer, 1797)	moderately common	P	for		4	3	
<i>Salticus zebraneus</i>	(C.L. Koch, 1837)	common	E	for	2	1	1	
<i>Sibianor aurocinctus</i>	(Ohlert, 1865)	common	P	esp		3		
<i>Sitticus pubescens</i>	(Fabricius, 1775)	moderately common	E+	syn		2		
<i>Synageles venator</i>	(Lucas, 1836)	common	P	oeu	1			
<i>Talavera aperta</i>	(Miller, 1971)	rare	E+	esp	6			
adults					18081	12576	16762	16977
species					278	278	278	278

