Zeitschrift: Swiss review: the magazine for the Swiss abroad

Herausgeber: Organisation of the Swiss Abroad

Band: 24 (1997)

Heft: 2

Artikel: Federal referendums of June 8, 1997: Europe, arms exports and

gunpowder

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DOI: https://doi.org/10.5169/seals-906475

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Europe, arms exports and gunpowder

In the federal referendums of June 8 the Swiss people and cantons will be asked to state their opinion on two popular initiatives and an amendment to the constitution.

test of the government's European policy. One of them - a popular initiative emanating from the nationalist right-wing - seeks to hold up the official

Pierre-André Tschanz

"Let the people decide!"

The initiative was launched by the Swiss Democrats and the Ticino League, groups which are fiercely hostile to any form of participation by Switzerland in either the European Economic Area or the European Union. power is distributed by the constitution Signed by just over 101,000 voters, it seeks to force the Federal Council to propriate. The authors of the initiative, and financing operations associated consult the people before starting any negotiations with Brussels on possible our country is such as to exclude even membership of the European Union, attempting to join the European Union. also ban the export and transit of goods should this in fact be proposed.

tries, foreign policy-including decisions jective of its European policy. It lodged termediary and financing operations

European integration: two other initiatives

Two more initiatives concerning European policy are at present pending. Both are in favour of Switzerland's efforts at European integration. The first, launched the day after the NO to the European Economic Area, would require another referendum on EEA membership; and the second is aimed at promoting the opening of negotiations for European Union membership. These too will eventually be put to voters.

about opening negotiations on international treaties-is the responsibility of the government alone. However, the Swiss democratic process requires subsequent approval of treaties by parliament - and of the people and the cantons in the case of a treaty such as one to join the European Union - but only at the end of the negohe referendums include yet another tiations when the content and scope is

If a majority of the people and the cantons approve the popular initiative of the Swiss Democrats and the Ticino League, the Federal Council will be obliged to obtain the permission of voters before starting negotiations on possible policy of supporting European integra- membership. There would then of course have to be another vote once the negotiations were over and the content and scope known, as the present constitutional provisions require.

Parliament, the government and most other parties are against this initiative, which is entitled "Negotiations on join- armaments and banning arms exports. It ing the EU: let the people decide!" They are of the opinion that to change the way in foreign affairs matters would be inap- as well as to prevent all intermediary however, think that the raison d'être of with them. In contrast, the Federal Council has and services which could be used for In Switzerland as in most other counmade membership into the strategic obelither military or civilian ends and inan application for membership with Brussels in May 1992, which was them intend to use them for warlike before the negative vote on the Euro- purposes. It would also forbid action pean Economic Area. It is the existence aimed at evading these prohibitions, of this application which pushed the such as establishment abroad, co-Swiss Democrats and the Ticino League operation with foreign firms or deinto launching the popular initiative livering and transferring production which we are asked to vote upon on installations, licences, information June 8.

Arms exports

The popular initiative "For a prohibition on exporting war materials" was lodged with the federal chancellery in autumn 1992, having gathered 109,000 signatures. It was launched by the Social Democratic Party and a "Work Community" in favour of controlling



aims to prohibit both the export and transit of goods and services which could be used for warlike purposes,

The initiative goes further. It would associated with them, if those acquiring technologies, etc. It would also require measures to promote international efforts aimed at restricting trade in war materials and reducing spending on armaments to the advantage of social development.

The majority in parliament and the government are recommending that voters reject this popular initiative. In particular, they are of the opinion "that the defence capability of a small state The training aircraft of the Pilatus factory in Stans - a PC-9 is in the picture - were at the centre of the parliamentary debates on the War Materials Law. (Photo: Keystone)

such as Switzerland depends in a decisive way on, amongst other factors, its capacity to maintain domestic armaments production and to exchange armaments with foreign manufacturers", as stated in the Federal Council's Message to parliament of February 15, 1995. And they also point to the fact that Switzerland has for the last quarter of a century possessed legislation restricting arms exports, which was itself passed in response to an earlier popular initiative demanding a complete ban on Swiss Radio International is making

1970s both in technology and in the Berne 15, you will receive a cassette community. The scope of the new law shortly before each referendum.

on war materials has been broadened to make the granting of a license to export arms an action having political implications. In addition, the new law has been supplemented by another on the control of goods. This covers international trade in "dual use" goods which can have both civilian and military purposes.

At a time of economic stagnation and recession, with a record unemployment rate, centre-right opponents of it popular initiative have not been slow to point out the disastrous effect that this itself today. would in their opinion have on jobs. Those in favour of the initiative point to the negative consequences for Switzerwhich parliament finally refused to sub-

counter-project to the initiative. The war materials.

Federal referendums

June 8, 1997

- Popular initiative "Negotiations on joining the EU: let the people de-
- Popular initiative "For a prohibition exporting war materials"
- Federal decree on the abolition of the gunpowder prerogative

September 28, 1997 Subjects not yet decided

November 23, 1997 Subjects not vet decided

same scenario seems to be repeating

The gunpowder monopoly

land when arms manufactured here are The third subject to be put to voters on used in the world's hot spots. They refer June 8 is unlikely to rouse controversy. in particular to the PC-7 and PC-9 It aims to abolish the gunpowder conaircraft, which were at the centre of the trol system, known as the gunpowder debates on the law on war materials and prerogative. This was set up in 1848 with the aim of ensuring the availability ject to it. Instead they come under the of sufficient gunpowder of homomore flexible law on the control of geneous quality for the needs of the Swiss army. This has now lost most of The use of Swiss arms in the Biafra its purpose for the federal government, war at the end of the 1960s and exports and in any case its existence contradicts by the firm, Bührle, were at the origin of policies aimed at dismantling trade the first initiative aimed at prohibiting barriers. The law on explosives has arms exports, which was very narrowly been adapted in consequence. It mainrejected in 1972. It was this which tains the system for authorising prompted the government and par- fireworks and establishes a legal basis liament to elaborate the original law on regulating trade in gunpowder which is arms exports in the form of an indirect compatible with the new legislation on

Information on cassettes

available free of charge to Swiss Abroad This legislation has recently been audio cassettes describing referendum revised by parliament with the aim of subjects and explaining what is at ironing out problems which have arisen, stake. If you fill in the order form filling gaps and taking account of deve- and send it to Swiss Radio Internalopments which have occurred since the tional, Referendum Cassettes, CH-3000 rules of conduct of the international containing information on voting issues

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