

Zeitschrift: Swiss review : the magazine for the Swiss abroad
Herausgeber: Organisation of the Swiss Abroad
Band: 20 (1993)
Heft: 3

Inhaltsverzeichnis

Nutzungsbedingungen

Die ETH-Bibliothek ist die Anbieterin der digitalisierten Zeitschriften auf E-Periodica. Sie besitzt keine Urheberrechte an den Zeitschriften und ist nicht verantwortlich für deren Inhalte. Die Rechte liegen in der Regel bei den Herausgebern beziehungsweise den externen Rechteinhabern. Das Veröffentlichen von Bildern in Print- und Online-Publikationen sowie auf Social Media-Kanälen oder Webseiten ist nur mit vorheriger Genehmigung der Rechteinhaber erlaubt. [Mehr erfahren](#)

Conditions d'utilisation

L'ETH Library est le fournisseur des revues numérisées. Elle ne détient aucun droit d'auteur sur les revues et n'est pas responsable de leur contenu. En règle générale, les droits sont détenus par les éditeurs ou les détenteurs de droits externes. La reproduction d'images dans des publications imprimées ou en ligne ainsi que sur des canaux de médias sociaux ou des sites web n'est autorisée qu'avec l'accord préalable des détenteurs des droits. [En savoir plus](#)

Terms of use

The ETH Library is the provider of the digitised journals. It does not own any copyrights to the journals and is not responsible for their content. The rights usually lie with the publishers or the external rights holders. Publishing images in print and online publications, as well as on social media channels or websites, is only permitted with the prior consent of the rights holders. [Find out more](#)

Download PDF: 01.02.2026

ETH-Bibliothek Zürich, E-Periodica, <https://www.e-periodica.ch>

CONTENTS

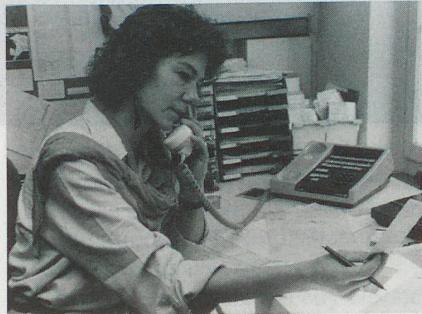
Forum

Women's march to political power

4

Women's professional life

6



Dossier

Swiss Policy on Europe

14

Ping Pong

Study in Switzerland

18

Cover:

Peaceful demonstration in Federal Square: on March 10 about 10 000 men and women demanded the election of a woman to the Federal Council. (Photo: RDZ)

IMPRESSUM

Swiss Review, the magazine for the Swiss Abroad, is in its 20th year of issue and is published in German, French, Italian, English and Spanish in more than 20 regional editions. It has a total circulation of over 298,000. Regional news appear four times a year.

Editors: René Lenzin (RL), Secretariat for the Swiss Abroad, Berne (chairman); Heidi Willumat (WIL), Service for the Swiss Abroad, Federal Department of Foreign Affairs, Berne; Pierre-André Tschanz (PAT), Swiss Radio International, Berne; Giuseppe Rusconi (RUS), parliamentary correspondent; Jacques Matthey-Doret (JMD), Radio-Télévision Suisse Romande. Editor of Official News: Paul Andermatt (ANP), Service for the Swiss Abroad, Federal Department of Foreign Affairs, CH-3003 Berne. Translator: Ian Tickle.

Publisher, Editorial Office, Advertising: Secretariat for the Swiss Abroad, Alpenstrasse 26, CH-3000 Berne 16; Tel: 41 31 44 66 25 (from September 25th: 41 31 351 61 10), Fax: 41 31 44 21 58 (from September 25th: 41 31 351 61 50), Postal Cheque Account (Swiss National Giro): 30-6768-9. Printed by: Buri Druck AG, CH-3001 Berne.

« In the last several decades many countries – all of which were patriarchal societies – have brought women into their governments. It started in Germany in 1961, then came Indira Gandhi in 1966, Golda Meir in 1969 and Margaret Thatcher ten years later. After that Iceland and Norway in 1980 and 1981, Germany again in 1985, Corazon Aquino in the Philippines in 1986, Mary Robinson in Ireland in 1990 and then Violeta Chamorro in Nicaragua. And now we can add Poland, Liechtenstein and finally Switzerland. »

In international terms it was relatively late – 1983 – when the first woman tried unsuccessfully to get into the Swiss government. And after the election of Elizabeth Kopp as the first woman federal councillor in 1984 ten years were to go by before a second woman, Ruth Dreifuss, was elected on March 10, 1993. This happened after the original Socialists' choice, Christiane Brunner, virtually the political twin of Mrs. Dreifuss, had been forced to bow out. In spite of her undisputed qualities, Mrs. Brunner did not appeal to the mainly male parliament, nor indeed to quite a few lady members, because of her unconventional and sometimes abrasive manner. Another problem was seen in a curriculum vitae which was a little off-centre, although not untypical for a modern woman; and then there was the obligatory mud-slinging, from which of course men also suffer. But has anyone heard it said that a man failed to get a place in the government because of his CV or his manner?

The electors had not reckoned with the solidarity "from the

streets" which was mobilised during the week following Mrs. Brunner's rejection. They were forced to present a second woman candidate, to whom the duly elected Francis Matthey finally had to give way – in spite of his undisputed qualities.

This was how the defeat of one woman was turned overnight into the victory of another. And woman power was not confined to the federal level. In many cantons and municipalities women profited from the «Brunner effect» – which is the main subject of this Swiss Review – in both legislative and executive bodies. We shall have to wait and see whether this women's spring will carry on to become a fruitful summer.

Our society seems almost incapable of meeting such a challenge at a time of meteoric progress in all walks of life, sometimes leading to loss of direction. But this does not mean that women will again wait for years on the margins of professional and political life. Equality between the sexes does not mean that men and women will become the same; that would serve no one's purpose. What is needed is the integration of feminine qualities, thought processes and feelings into the world of men – and vice versa. Only in this way can the dangerous dichotomy of the male and female worlds be overcome and the enormous problems involved totally resolved by a gigantic joint effort.



H. Willumat

Heidi Willumat