

On structural behaviour of hybrid I-beams

Autor(en): **Cywiski, Zbigniew**

Objekttyp: **Article**

Zeitschrift: **IABSE congress report = Rapport du congrès AIPC = IVBH
Kongressbericht**

Band (Jahr): **10 (1976)**

PDF erstellt am: **09.05.2024**

Persistenter Link: <https://doi.org/10.5169/seals-10551>

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On Structural Behaviour of Hybrid I-Beams

Sur le comportement à la ruine des poutres en I hybrides

Zum Tragverhalten hybrider I-Balken

ZBIGNIEW CYWIŃSKI

Assistant Professor

Technical University of Gdańsk

Gdańsk, Poland

This contribution refers to Theme Va of the Introductory and Preliminary Reports. It represents certain proposal for the plastic analysis of hybrid I-beams assuming combined action of bending and shear.

Author's treatment of mentioned problem bases upon that suggested by Strel'bitskaya for homogeneous beams /1/. Simultaneously Schilling's optimum design criteria are taken into account /2/. Collapse loads determined are compared with those resulting from the ASCE-AASHO regulations /3/.

Plastic bending-shear interaction analysis of homogeneous I-beams bases generally on the yield condition

$$\sigma^2 + 3\tau^2 = \sigma_0^2, \quad (1)$$

where σ , τ are the elastic bending and shear stresses, respectively, and σ_0 is the yield stress. According to /1/ the elastic stress patterns are as shown in Fig. 1; both of them are more (σ) or less (τ) inaccurate but fulfil the yield condition (1) at each point of the I-section and develop sufficiently exact (conservative) collapse load values. Similar analysis of hybrid I-beams can be based on stress patterns as given in Fig. 2.

With the specifications of Fig. 2 the fully plastic moment and shear, M_0 and Q_0 respectively, can be expressed as follows:

$$M_0 = \sigma_0 \frac{A_f h}{2} + \alpha \sigma_0 \frac{th^2}{4} = \sigma_0 \frac{th^2}{4} (1+\alpha), \quad (2)$$

$$Q_0 = \alpha \tilde{\sigma}_0 th = \sigma_0 \frac{th}{\sqrt{3}} \alpha, \quad (3)$$

whereby the following numerical values of α and σ_0 are being considered:

- $\alpha = 1.00$, for $\sigma_0 = 36,000$ psi (homogeneous beam),
- $\alpha = 0.72$, for $\sigma_0 = 50,000$ psi (hybrid beams).
- $\alpha = 0.36$, for $\sigma_0 = 100,000$ psi

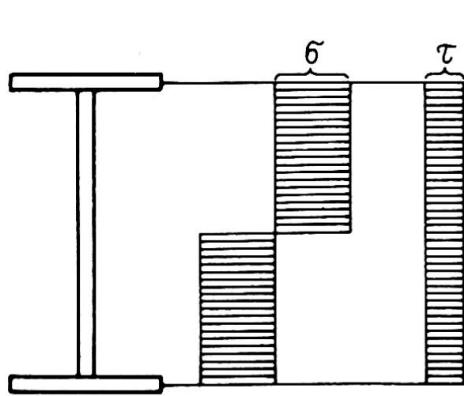


Fig. 1. Elastic stress patterns for homogeneous I-beam; assumed in [1]

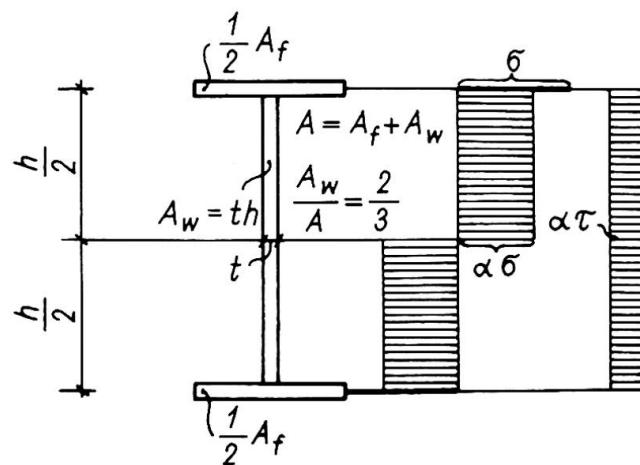


Fig. 2. Elastic stress patterns for hybrid I-beam; Author's assumption

Investigations performed concern in particular the beam fixed at both ends carrying single load P at span-mid or uniform load q all over the span (Fig. 3).

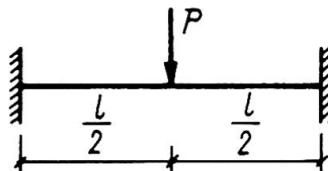
According to Author

$$P = \frac{8 \frac{M_0}{l}}{\sqrt{\frac{16 M_0^2}{l^2 Q_0^2} + 1}} =$$

$$= \frac{8 \frac{M_{ou}}{l}}{\sqrt{12 \left(\frac{h}{l}\right)^2 + \left(\frac{2\alpha}{1+\alpha}\right)^2}}$$

$$q = \frac{16 \frac{M_0}{l^2}}{\frac{16 M_0^2}{l^2 Q_0^2} + 1} =$$

$$= \frac{16 \frac{M_{ou}}{l^2}}{6 \left(\frac{h}{l}\right)^2 \frac{1+\alpha}{\alpha} + \frac{2\alpha}{1+\alpha}}$$



According to ASCE-AASHO

$$P = \frac{16 \frac{M_0}{l}}{\sqrt{\frac{64 M_0^2}{l^2 Q_0^2} \frac{\alpha}{1+\alpha} + 1} + 1} =$$

$$= \frac{8 \frac{1+\alpha}{\alpha} \frac{M_{ou}}{l}}{\sqrt{12 \left(\frac{h}{l}\right)^2 \frac{1+\alpha}{\alpha} + 1} + 1}$$

$$q = \frac{32 \frac{M_0}{l^2}}{\sqrt{\frac{128 M_0^2}{l^2 Q_0^2} \frac{\alpha}{1+\alpha} + 1} + 1} =$$

$$= \frac{16 \frac{1+\alpha}{\alpha} \frac{M_{ou}}{l^2}}{\sqrt{24 \left(\frac{h}{l}\right)^2 \frac{1+\alpha}{\alpha} + 1} + 1}$$

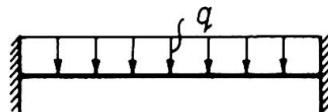


Fig. 3. General expressions of collapse loads

Extending the interaction formula of /1/

$$\frac{M^2}{M_0^2} + \frac{Q^2}{Q_0^2} = 1 \quad (4)$$

over to hybrid I-beams and taking into account the corresponding equation

$$\frac{M}{M_0} + \frac{Q^2}{Q_0^2} \frac{\alpha}{1+\alpha} = 1$$

resulting from ASCE-AASHO regulations /3/ a set of general collapse load expressions can be obtained which is given in Fig. 3; therein

$$M_0 = \frac{1+\alpha}{2\alpha} M_{ou} \quad (5)$$

where $M_{ou} = M_0 (\alpha=1)$ holds for homogeneous (uniform) beam.

On the basis of the expressions derived the corresponding interaction curves, in terms of P_l/M_{ou} and q_l^2/M_{ou} respectively, as functions of the span-depth ratio l/h can be found; this is illustrated in Fig. 4 and Fig. 5.

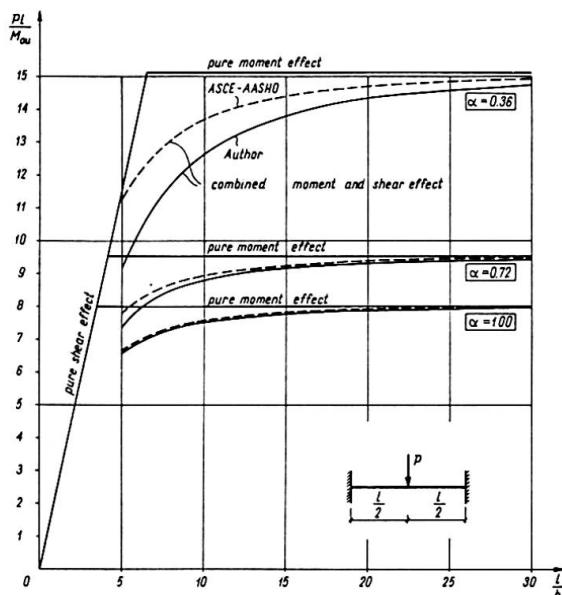


Fig. 4 Collapse loads - concentrated

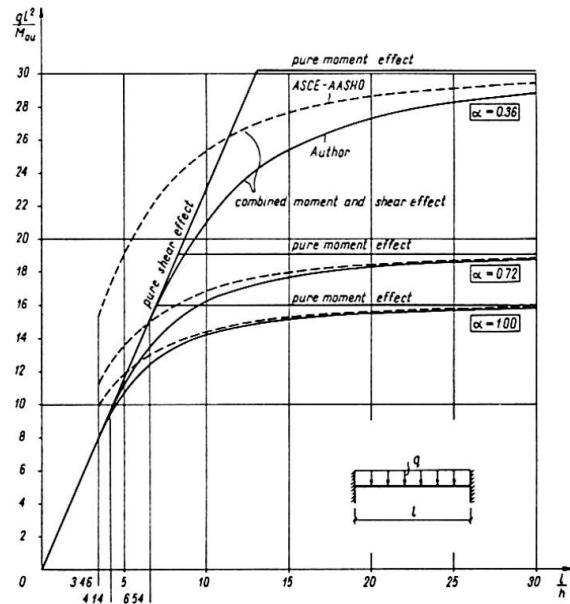


Fig. 5 Collapse loads - uniform

In conclusion Author's proposal can be characterized as follows:

1. It yields collapse loads close (conservative) to those of the ASCE-AASHO regulations whereby the relative difference increases with a decrease of the l/h-ratio and the α -value.
2. It visualizes clearly the dominating effect of pure shear for small l/h-ratios.
3. It can be found handy analysing non-uniform plastic torsion problems (bimoment - flexural-torsional moment interaction, St.-Venant torsional moment effect) of hybrid sections, as shown for the homogeneous ones in /1/ and /4/.

References

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- /4/ Strel'bitskaya, A.I.: Limit state of frames out of thin-walled members in bending with torsion (in Russian). Izdatel'stvo AN USSR, Kiev 1964.

SUMMARY

Simplified procedure is used to determine the ultimate load of hybrid I-beams in combined bending with shear. It has been found sufficiently exact and is recommended for analysis of similar problems within the theory of non-uniform torsion.

RESUME

Pour la détermination de la charge ultime de poutres hybrides en I soumises à la flexion et au cisaillement, on applique une méthode simplifiée. Celle-ci a donné des résultats suffisamment précis et est recommandée pour la résolution des problèmes similaires dans la théorie de torsion non uniforme.

ZUSAMMENFASSUNG

Ein vereinfachtes Verfahren wurde benutzt, um die Traglast hybrider I-Balken bei zusammengesetzter Biegung mit Schub zu bestimmen. Dieses wurde ausreichend genau gefunden und wird zur Behandlung benachbarter Probleme innerhalb der Theorie der Wölbkrafttorsion empfohlen.