

Zeitschrift: IABSE congress report = Rapport du congrès AIPC = IVBH
Kongressbericht

Band: 12 (1984)

Artikel: Wind structure interaction on 235 m tall RCC TV Tower in Delhi

Autor: Viswanath, H.R. / Nirmala, B.R. / Prakash, H.R. Surya

DOI: <https://doi.org/10.5169/seals-12282>

Nutzungsbedingungen

Die ETH-Bibliothek ist die Anbieterin der digitalisierten Zeitschriften auf E-Periodica. Sie besitzt keine Urheberrechte an den Zeitschriften und ist nicht verantwortlich für deren Inhalte. Die Rechte liegen in der Regel bei den Herausgebern beziehungsweise den externen Rechteinhabern. Das Veröffentlichen von Bildern in Print- und Online-Publikationen sowie auf Social Media-Kanälen oder Webseiten ist nur mit vorheriger Genehmigung der Rechteinhaber erlaubt. [Mehr erfahren](#)

Conditions d'utilisation

L'ETH Library est le fournisseur des revues numérisées. Elle ne détient aucun droit d'auteur sur les revues et n'est pas responsable de leur contenu. En règle générale, les droits sont détenus par les éditeurs ou les détenteurs de droits externes. La reproduction d'images dans des publications imprimées ou en ligne ainsi que sur des canaux de médias sociaux ou des sites web n'est autorisée qu'avec l'accord préalable des détenteurs des droits. [En savoir plus](#)

Terms of use

The ETH Library is the provider of the digitised journals. It does not own any copyrights to the journals and is not responsible for their content. The rights usually lie with the publishers or the external rights holders. Publishing images in print and online publications, as well as on social media channels or websites, is only permitted with the prior consent of the rights holders. [Find out more](#)

Download PDF: 10.08.2025

ETH-Bibliothek Zürich, E-Periodica, <https://www.e-periodica.ch>



Wind Structure Interaction on 235 m Tall RCC TV Tower in Delhi

H.R. VISWANATH, B.R. NIRMALA, H.R. Surya PRAKASH

Bangalore University
Bangalore, India

All India Radio has started the construction of an RCC TV tower, the first of its kind in India, 235 M height with revolving restaurant and viewing gallery at top, in the North - West suburban parts of Delhi, surrounded by industrial and residential area.

In connection with the above design Indian Meteorological Department (IMD) was requested to undertake analysis of surface and pilot balloon winds at Delhi air-port, to obtain wind escalation law. Utilising available surface upper wind and temperature data spread over long periods, IMD obtained the extreme values of wind and return period with different confidence limits. IMD further corroborated the IS code wind figures with the extreme values obtained by their study, indicating the probabilities of occurrence of tornado and storms with return period, by determining maximum wind causing collapse of the structure.

The highest wind value recorded was 159 km/h in 1960. Wind speed for return period 100 years was determined at 175 km/h. For this, with confidence level (95%) and correction (31) wind speed was obtained as 206 km/h for the design. Since Delhi was affected by severe tornado in 1978 with damaging wind speed of 250 km/h, the value of the power law co-efficient was worked out to be 1/9 under unstable and neutral conditions and 1/3 for stable conditions.

The power-law co-efficient 1/7 suitable for the change of gust speed with height was used for deriving wind profile.

Wind profile and a few structural details of pile cap, shaft and mast of this unique tower are shown in the photograph.

WIND STRUCTURE INTERACTION ON 235 M TALL RCC TV TOWER

