

Birthdays and anniversaries

Objektyp: **Group**

Zeitschrift: **The Swiss observer : the journal of the Federation of Swiss Societies in the UK**

Band (Jahr): - **(1976)**

Heft 1714

PDF erstellt am: **29.04.2024**

Nutzungsbedingungen

Die ETH-Bibliothek ist Anbieterin der digitalisierten Zeitschriften. Sie besitzt keine Urheberrechte an den Inhalten der Zeitschriften. Die Rechte liegen in der Regel bei den Herausgebern.

Die auf der Plattform e-periodica veröffentlichten Dokumente stehen für nicht-kommerzielle Zwecke in Lehre und Forschung sowie für die private Nutzung frei zur Verfügung. Einzelne Dateien oder Ausdrucke aus diesem Angebot können zusammen mit diesen Nutzungsbedingungen und den korrekten Herkunftsbezeichnungen weitergegeben werden.

Das Veröffentlichen von Bildern in Print- und Online-Publikationen ist nur mit vorheriger Genehmigung der Rechteinhaber erlaubt. Die systematische Speicherung von Teilen des elektronischen Angebots auf anderen Servern bedarf ebenfalls des schriftlichen Einverständnisses der Rechteinhaber.

Haftungsausschluss

Alle Angaben erfolgen ohne Gewähr für Vollständigkeit oder Richtigkeit. Es wird keine Haftung übernommen für Schäden durch die Verwendung von Informationen aus diesem Online-Angebot oder durch das Fehlen von Informationen. Dies gilt auch für Inhalte Dritter, die über dieses Angebot zugänglich sind.

Ein Dienst der *ETH-Bibliothek*
ETH Zürich, Rämistrasse 101, 8092 Zürich, Schweiz, www.library.ethz.ch

<http://www.e-periodica.ch>

for the pursuit of a credible neutral policy.

- The more difficult military situation of smaller states in general as well as the total nature of war.
- The high vulnerability of the country.
- The discrediting of neutrality through neutralism.

"On the positive side:

- Deterrence at the strategic level has made a nuclear war less likely, making conventional weapons still relevant. As a result of this development, Switzerland's defence preparations should be sufficient to prevent a political and military vacuum in central Europe.
- Switzerland would probably not become the lone victim of aggression by a great power but would more likely be involved in a general conflict only. It is also conceivable that it may again avoid involvement in a future conflict.
- Even if a small state like Switzerland cannot really influence the international political constellation, it can set against it the continuity of its own foreign policy and through that create at least one factor of stability and security.
- Swiss neutrality has been and still is of advantage to other states."

Many apologies!

OBITUARIES

ALBERT HENRI LOUIS CUANY

Albert Henri Louis Cuany died on 12th December, 1975. He was born in Neuchâtel on 29th June, 1891, the son of Louis Daniel Cuany and Emma, née Benninger. He was a member of the hotel and catering profession having been an apprentice cook in Geneva, served in the P & O Steamship Line as chef – including service in 1914-16, and in 1917 joined the Caledonian Railway Hotels as Assistant-Superintendent at the Central Hotel, Glasgow. He served with distinction for 44 years in the group of hotels which later became part of the British Railways Hotels Executive and was Manager of the Central Hotel, Glasgow, the Midland Hotel, Manchester, and Euston Hotel, London. From 1957-61 as Assistant for Special Duties he organised an Hotel School for the Executive at New Lodge, Windsor. His retirement years were spent at Seer Green, Beaconsfield, Bucks. A much-loved resident of the United Kingdom for most of his life, he is survived by his wife, Lilian Florence Cuany, and one daughter Jennifer May (Mrs. Michael Shapiro) both now of Sparkill, New York; by one son, Robin Louis Cuany, Ph.D., of Fort Collins,

Colorado; and by his only sister, Hélène Emma Cuany, of St. Léger, Ct. Vaud.

HELENA JENNE

It is with deep regret that we announce the death of Mrs. Helena Jenne who died at an old people's home in Chur a few weeks ago. She was a member of the Simmen Family well known in the Grisons. She had no easy childhood as her mother died very young, and the children were brought up by an uncle. After spending some time in America, she settled in England. At one stage, she was Matron at the Swiss Home for Old People at 31 Conway Street, the present address of the Swiss Benevolent Society and the Swiss Welfare Office for Young People. Social work has always interested her.

Then she married a banker, Mr. Gustave Jenne, a well-known member in the Swiss community in London, in the Swiss Mercantile Society where Mrs. Jenne, too, played a prominent part, the Swiss Church and the City Swiss Club. After his death, she retired to her native Grisons and spent a number of years at Andeer where, once again, she was very active. A couple of years ago, she gave up her home and moved to Chur.

We, her friends, shall remember her with affection, as we do her late husband.

MM

Birthdays and Anniversaries

The following readers will be celebrating their birthdays in February: Mrs. N. Burri on 6th, Mr. Ralph Maag on 17th and Mrs. E. Jamieson on the 20th of the month (1900). Mr. J. W. Bonjour will be 77 on 23rd and the former Swiss Ambassador Dr. Armin Daeniker (Berne) 78 on 24th February.

For a change, Mr. F. Gerber will be able to celebrate his birthday on the proper day – 29th February, when he will be 84.

Mr. and Mrs. O. F. Boehringer will have their 30th wedding anniversary on 2nd February.

To all these readers and others who will be celebrating birthdays and anniversaries in the coming month, we send congratulations and best wishes.

Sylvia Y. Streit, Secretary of the First of August Committee, and elder daughter of the late Alice and Fred Streit, would like her many friends in the Swiss colony to learn the happy news of her marriage to Michael H. W. Jones, on Saturday, 24th January, at Sheen Register Office. We add our best wishes.

NEWS FROM THE COLONY

ADOLPHE SCHMID IS 90!

On 1st February, Mr. Adolphe Schmid of the Norfolk Court Hotel, 20 Norfolk Square, Hyde Park, London W2, will be celebrating his 90th birthday.

Son of a hotel keeper, he was born at Eiken, Fricktal, Canton Aargau and

later attended the *Bezirksschule* Frick. He worked as *chef garde manger* at the Hôtel Beau Rivage at Ouchy, after having had a cook's apprenticeship – for which one paid in those days – at the Hôtel de France in Lausanne. He cooked for 200 people daily, amongst them the Grand Duke of Baden.

Adolphe Schmid came to London in 1907 after having done his military service in the *Rekrutenschule*. His first job was as chef at Felixstowe where he earned the princely wage of 25/- a week. It was hard to find work in London, but he found a job at the Lancaster Gate Hotel and later at Queen's near Crystal Palace. In his spare time, he sparred with the International Canadian Wrestling Team.

In 1910, he went to Ireland and worked at the Imperial in Cork, and later at the famous Shelbourne Hotel in Dublin. Whilst in Cork, he became well acquainted with Lord Kitchener.

He returned to London in 1912 and held the position as head chef at the Carlton, with 40 chefs under him. When working at the Bucklands Hotel, he served Lord Roberts of Boer War fame.

When war broke out, Adolphe Schmid was amongst the 1,050 Swiss who went back to Switzerland where he joined the infantry battalion 58 as a fusilier. At the frontier where he served, he was the only one to have a camera, and so he had